BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

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CERVERA'S FLEET SHOT TO PIECES.

SAMPSON WINS GLORIOUS VICTORY.

SANTIAGO MUST SURRENDER.

Washington, July 3. The following statement was tonight given out at the White House:

Gen. Shafter telegraphs: Playa del Este, July 3. "Early this morning I sent a demand for the immediate surrender of Santiago, threatening to bombard the city. I believe the place will be surrendered."

This contradicts the report that Gen. Shafter has fallen back.

The following despatch was received at the war department:

Playa del Este, July 3. The Siboney office confirms the statement that all the Spanish fleet except one warship is destroyed and burning on the beach. It was witnessed by Captain Smith, who told the operator. No doubt of its correctness.

Signed, Allen, Signal Officer.

Washington, July 3. The following cable despatch was given out at the White House:

Playa del Este, July 3. The destruction of Cervera's fleet is confirmed.

Signed, Allen, Lieut. Colonel.

Santiago Now Well Invested--City Cannot be Taken Without Heavy Reinforcements--American Losses About One Thousand--Spanish Casualties Will Reach Twice Our Own.

Washington, July 3. The following despatch from Gen. Shafter was received at the war department tonight:

Playa del Este, July 3, 1898.—Adj. Gen. U. S. A., Washington.

Camp near Santiago, July 3—The following is a partial list of officers killed:

Col. Chas. A. Wikoff, twenty second infantry.

Lieut. Col. John M. Hamilton, ninth cavalry.

Lieut. V. H. Smith, tenth cavalry.

Major Worse, first cavalry.

Captain O'Neill, first volunteer cavalry.

Lieut. Nichle, son of Prof. Nichle.

Lieut. Julio G. Ord, sixth infantry.

Lieut. Wm. E. Sipp, tenth cavalry.

Following is a partial list of officers wounded:

Lieut. Col. John H. Patterson, 22nd infantry.

Lieut. Col. Henry Carroll, commanding first brigade cavalry division.

Major Henry W. Wessells, third cavalry.

Captain Augustus P. Blocksom, sixth cavalry.

Captain John B. Kerr, sixth cavalry.

Captain George K. Hunter, third cavalry.

Captain George A. Dodd, third cavalry.

Captain Charles W. Taylor, ninth cavalry.

Lieut. Frank R. McCoy, tenth cavalry.

Lieut. Winthrop S. Wood, adjutant, ninth cavalry.

Lieut. Haskell, first volunteer cavalry.

Lieut. A. L. Mills, first cavalry.

Lieut. Owen J. Meyer, third cavalry.

Lieut. Arthur Thayer, third cavalry.

Lieut. Wytter C. Short, sixth cavalry.

Captain John R. Hollman, 20th infantry.

(Signed) Shafter, Major General.

POWERS COME TO UNDERSTANDING.

Berlin, July 3. The Wolf News Bureau has issued an official denial of the statement that Germany, France and Russia have reached an understanding relative to the Philippine islands and that international Congress will be held when the Spanish-American war is over, similar to the Berlin congress of 1878, so far as Germany is concerned. The statement that this decree was published in the Frankfurter Zeitung.

THE WEATHER.

SHOWERS AND THUNDER STORMS.

Washington, July 3. Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Showers and thunder storms, cooler, westerly winds.

LOCAL FORECAST.

Boston, July 3. Fair, except probably local showers in the afternoon or evening; warmer in the interior; fresh southwesterly winds.

Washington, June 3. From the heat and carnage of the battlefield of Santiago where for the last three days the American forces have pressed forward against an entrenched enemy, Gen. Shafter today sent the following despatches, summarizing the situation:

Playa del Este, July 3—To Secretary of War, Washington.

Camp near Santiago, July 3. We have the town well invested on the north and east but with a very thin line. Upon approaching it we find it of such character and the defences so strong, it will be impossible to carry it by storm with my present force. Our loss up to date will aggregate a thousand, but list has not yet made out. Little sickness outside of exhaustion from intense heat and exertion of the battle of the day before yesterday and the almost constant fire which is kept up in the trenches. Wagon road to the rear is kept up with some difficulty on account of the rains, but I will be able to see to the present. Gen. Wheeler is seriously ill and will probably have to go to the rear today. Gen. Young also very ill, confined to his bed. Gen. Hawkins slightly wounded in foot during battle with the enemy, made last fight which was handsomely repulsed. The behavior of the troops was magnificent. Gen. Garcia reported he holds the railroad from Santiago to San Luis and had burned a bridge and removed some rails also. Lieut. Gen. Pando has arrived at Palma and that the French consul with about 600 French citizens came into his lines yesterday from Santiago. I have directed him to treat them with every courtesy possible.

Shafter, Major General.

Sec. Alger sent the following reply to Gen. Shafter.

To Gen. Shafter—The President directs me to say to you that you have the gratitude and thanks of the nation for the brilliant and effective work of your noble army on Friday, July 1. The steady valor and heroism of officers and men thrill the American people with pride. The country mourns the brave men who fell in battle. They have added new names to our roll of heroes.

R. A. Alger, Secretary of War.

WHAT COURSE TO PURSUE.

Secretary Alger was asked what course was to be pursued in view of Gen. Shafter's report of the condition of Santiago and that the government did not intend to make any of its plans public and give the enemy an opportunity of knowing what was intended. It is understood that Gen. Shafter will at once receive instructions. The war department officials have been in conference at the White House and war department.

All of Gen. Shafter's despatches were not made public for reasons of expediency. It is understood he will withdraw his lines near the sea and await reinforcements which will be sent as soon as possible. Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn is now busy arranging for transports.

Gen. Miles says the result at Santiago appears to be a draw, but a Hessian said that the withdrawal of Gen. Shafter to the highlands of Siboney near the sea would be temporary, enabling the troops to rest and prepare for future work.

Gen. Shafter would probably give up El Caney and the Plain not far from Santiago.

The despatch speaks for itself and as Adjutant General Corbin said, "tells about a desperate fight our gallant troops have been in." It was received at noon today, after a lull of thirty-six hours in the official information at the disposal of the first order it became known that the American commander had reported the defences to be so strong it would be impossible to carry them by storm with his present forces, there was momentarily the fear of deep apprehension. But this was not shared by the military authorities here. A short energetic call for attention was turned upon the situation as presented by Gen. Shafter.

INCH BY INCH THE WAY WAS FORCED.

There was neither time nor disposition to take account of what had gone before. When the fact was plain that the American army had fought its way inch by inch under a blazing sun, through a dense tropical vegetation, steadily advancing and beating back the foe, taking position after position until, as Gen. Shafter reported, the town was well invested on the north and east by the long drawn out line of the American troops. That was a sufficient tribute to the valor of our brave men and it silenced all cavil over the conditions now presented by Gen. Shafter.

It was a time for action, not for reinforcements and toward the great end of the end, every effort of the administration will be at once turned. But there was other information of different tenor coming about the same time. The American army was not alone feeling the effect of the three days' shock of arms. Definite, positive information was at hand that Santiago had been literally torn to pieces and that in the wreck and ruin of demolished buildings the Spanish casualties were fully one thousand. This was a fitting effect to any quake raised by the reports from the American lines. This information came from one of the foreign consuls stationed at Santiago, who reported to the representative of his country at Washington that he had advised with the civil officers of the Spanish government and the American army and the result of the battle was clearly shown by the action of the consul in serving out rations of provisions daily to a fellow countryman in a few hundred in number, for the last month. Evidently there was no food to buy, the Spanish military forces had taken every available pound, only by this official distribution of rations to the foreign colony could they be kept from starvation.

Their were the brief but graphic recital of the terrible effect of the American attack from land and sea. The bursting shells from our fleet had done the

(Continued on Second Page.)

Wonderful Marksmanship of the American Gunners--Spanish Flag Shot Down.

(Copyright 1898 by Associated Press.)

Off Santiago de Cuba, July 2, via Port Antonio, Ja., and Kingston, Ja., Sunday July 3. The men on the flagship New York were a pretty tired lot after nine hours fighting yesterday, when they turned out at 4 o'clock this morning. At 5 o'clock the fleet went to general quarters, the knowledge that Morro castle was not spared created much interest and the greatest satisfaction among the gunners. Rear Admiral Sampson said to the correspondent of The Associated Press shortly before the firing commenced.

"Gen. Shafter sent me word last night that the batteries at the mouth of the harbor had fired on his troops. I am almost certain that Gen. Shafter is mistaken, as all our information shows that no guns bear shoreward. However, I thought it best to bombard again today. It will be useful and may have a moral effect that will assist the army."

With the flagship New York the eastern end of the crescent ships, the fleet stormed in shore 2000 yards from Morro until it was in a position to enfilade both the eastern batteries. At 5.40 the firing commenced. The sea was smooth and a light breeze was blowing. For the first few minutes the marksmanship of the American gunners was splendid, one of the eastern batteries being soundly punished. It not a shot was fired from it during the engagement.

A small shell from the western battery dropped around the ships but did nothing. The entire fusillade from all the battleships of the United States navy silenced the fire from the shore batteries in short order. One particular good shot from the flagship New York sent a gun out of the eastern batteries flying.

(Continued on Second Page.)

Best of All

This Grand Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla Is Permanent—Dreadful Suffering Completely Relieved.

"I was suffering with my stomach, and prescriptions did not do me any good. No one could tell what ailed me. I had a dreadful feeling in my stomach and a constant pain under my shoulder blades. Many times I was compelled to lie down flat on my back to press my shoulders against something for relief. After doctoring for months and feeling no better I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, it having been taken by some of my acquaintances with benefit. Before I had finished the first bottle I began to improve, and it was wonderful to see what a change there was in my feelings. When I had taken six bottles I was cured, and, best of all, I have never had any return of those sufferings." MRS. E. E. PHILBROOK, Frankfort, Maine. Remember

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact, the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25c.

Dinner Party Today?

If you find that you are short of anything for serving food or drink you can get it here this morning.

We open till noon, and make prompt deliveries all the forenoon.

P. H. VOSE & CO.,
50 Main Street.
"Walk in and look around."

SPECTACLES

We have a Complete Line.
Eyes Carefully Tested,
Oculists' Prescriptions
Filled.

We also repair Spectacles, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

[illegible]'S,
Bangor, Maine.

[illegible]

Come year after year, and bring all their friends, to our store to buy millinery?

Because they know that we give almost exclusive attention to this branch of business.

Prices always uniformly low. Styles strictly correct and up-to-date. That we always have many choice items found in no other store.

That we aim to give all perfect satisfaction—we are very successful. We can please you at

J. W. [illegible]
45 Main Street, Bangor.
Butterick Pattern Agency.
Send for Catalogue.

When You Get Sick and Tired of Using Poor Coffee
Call and Buy Some Good Coffee of us. You will be pleased.
TEA WHITE.

J. W. E. MURDOCK,
PIANO TUNER FROM BOSTON,
Is by Bangor on his regular semi-annual trip. Orders for first class piano tuning or repairing left at Geo. S. Ilsby's music store will receive careful attention.

Harlow's Sportsman's Comfort.
A sure protection against Mosquitoes, Black Flies and other biting insects. You can fish or hunt in comfort if you use it.
Harlow's Drug Store,
27 Hammond Street.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

4th of July

Buy Your Assortment of FIREWORKS at home. We have a complete line of all kinds. Prices low.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

G. G. ESTABROOKS' SONS.

Cheese.

All lovers of old cheese will be glad to know that we have it in stock both plain and sage.

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LEADING GROCERS OF EASTERN MAINE.

TELEPHONE 6-2[illegible]

FOR SALE

2 Houses on Essex street
2 Houses on Elm street
2 Houses on Highland Avenue
1 House on Grove street
1 House on Date street
1 House on Pine street
1 House on Larkin street
1 House on West Broadway
1 House on Forest Avenue
1 House on Third Street
Several Farms both large and small
Some good House lots
A few good Rents

AYER & CO., REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND AUCTIONEERS.

LAWRENCE, NEWHALL & CO.,

DEALERS IN PINE AND SPRUCE LUMBER, CLAPBOARDS, SHINGLES, ETC., HARDWOOD FLOORS AND SHEATHING.

Stetson, Me., June 18, 1898.

Vacuum Oil Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—Your favor 15th received; we find this morning on our desk a very handsome advertisement from your firm which is as good as anything in the advertising line that we have ever seen. We consider this unique in its line and while we consider advertising a science in itself we think you have reached the best manner of keeping in touch with your customers. We may add that most advertisements find their way to our waste-paper basket, and we can give you no better compliment than to say that your little pamphlet will remain on our desk to be a constant reminder of the high quality of your oils.

We will further add that we have used your oils around our mills with but few exceptions, for the past ten years and we consider them the cheapest we can buy and shall continue to give you our trade.

Yours truly,

LAWRENCE, NEWHALL & CO.

Per W. G. King.

(Copy)

Three Centuries Behind Americans.

Several papers dealing with the Pennsylvania coal regions appear in The Century. Henry Edward Rood, writing of "A Polyglot Community," says:

"More than one-half the total number of immigrants into the United States now coming from Austria-Hungary, Italy, Poland and Russia. While official statistics are not available, yet careful investigation leads to the belief that perhaps 50 or 60 per cent of arrivals from the countries mentioned have had no regular occupation, while possibly 30 per cent may have been servants or laborers. Five years ago the Rev. Mr. Manferdo, himself an Italian, in company with the writer made a tour of observation through the Lehigh region of Pennsylvania, and stated that in his opinion the Italians working there were about three centuries behind Americans in their standards of living—that is, in their ideas as to food, clothing, shelter, wages, work and general intelligence. Since that time there has been no improvement in the class of immigrants arriving at our ports."

Strained the Vat.

A little old woman with a sharp nose and sharper tongue was in the country grocery store buying supplies. Among other things she brought in from her cart was a basin scarred jug, which she ordered to be filled with treacle.

At last, when her purchases were completed, she began looking over the account, item by item, before paying.

"What's this?" she exclaimed. "You have charged me for two gallons and a half of treacle."

"Yes, ma'am."

"But that jug holds only two gallons."

"You must be mistaken. I measured the treacle carefully, and it took two gallons and a half to fill it."

"Well," said the old woman with a sigh, "I don't see much using having to pay for the treacle, but I do object to having the oil jug strained by your putting in half a gallon more than it will hold."—Strand Magazine.

A Bad Bargain.

The unprofitableness of some of the rush and worry of business life is neatly suggested in the following dialogue, found in one of the papers:

"Where is Jones?"

"Gone to California."

"What for?"

"To regain his health."

"How did he lose his health?"

"Earning the money to go to California."—Youth's Companion.

DESPERATE FIGHT.

(Continued from First Page.)

greatest damage inside the city. Buildings were riddled with rifle shots and mown down with the huge shells and solid projectiles from the ships. Most sections of all, the Spanish commander, Gen. Linares, occupying a place similar to that of Gen. Shafter in the American army was seriously wounded.

SPANISH LOSSES LARGE.

This last fact had been grudgingly admitted from Madrid, but the report reaching here left no room for doubt as to the seriousness of this feature. With it was the further fact that the Spanish casualties, even behind intrenchments, run up to a thousand and was equal to that of the men who fought in the open.

With all the light furnished on the situation, official and unofficial, direct and indirect, it was apparent that each side had suffered terribly, with now a period of lull for those in responsibility to measure their conditions, bury their dead, care for their wounded and prepare for the grave conflict yet to come.

The President and his war advisers continued calm throughout the trying experiences of the day. All their attention was directed to the work of preparation. The future movements of Gen. Shafter are well established. They had been made known in his despatch, but it was deemed advisable not to make this portion public, as it would serve to advise the enemy of the American plans.

It can only be said that Gen. Shafter's forces will be strongly and favorably located by the guns of the American warships serving as an additional protection to their front.

Reinforcements will be hurried to them, which will be ample for any emergency, whether it be storm or siege. With Santiago partially wrecked and filled with a thousand dead and wounded the condition there is desperate, even critical.

There is little likelihood of any Spanish sortie in force under such circumstances but the possibility still opens that the Spanish garrison may seek relief by evacuating the city and retiring to the mountain paths to the north. But the American plan is for offensive, vigorous action, and the full resources of men and arms at the command of the country. As Gen. Miles said, 50,000 if need be will move on Santiago; if more are needed, then it will be 75,000.

The lesson of Santiago has served only to kindle a greater earnestness throughout every avenue of official life at the national capital, and there is a determination to meet heroic conditions with heroic treatment.

WAR CONFERENCE AT WHITE HOUSE.

Following the receipt of Gen. Shafter's telegram there was a hurried war conference at the White House. Secretary Alger, accompanied by Gen. Corbin, reached there a few minutes before one o'clock and were immediately closeted with the President. Secretary Alger brought the Shafter despatch with him and also a map and other data necessary for the important meeting about to take place. Gen. Corbin was with the President and the secretary for a few minutes and then hurried back to the war department, where he made public such portion of Gen. Shafter's despatch as was compatable with the public interest.

The combined American and Cuban forces now under the command of Gen. Shafter, amounted approximately, Gen. Miles said today, to 23,000 while those available for the Spaniards was probably 12,000 soldiers. These included, however, the men at Holguin, presumably about 10,000, and the force under Pinpther Spanish general amounting to about 8000 men. Gen. Miles did not say whether these two bodies of men last referred to had actually joined Gen. Linares, but the understanding is here that they have done so.

Col. Humphreys is in charge of the transport service with Shafter's army and he will send back to Tampa the vessels that can be spared, as rapidly as possible. In fact word has been received that the transports had started for the United States this morning. If possible the war department will send 15,000 men from Tampa on these transports. Six vessels have recently loaded with men, ammunition, arms, supplies, etc., and are now at Key West or on their way to reinforce Shafter's army. Included in the expedition are some batteries of artillery. In all these forces constitute about 2500 or 3000 men.

SHAFTER MAY WITHDRAW.

Gen. Miles in the course of a brief talk said today that Gen. Shafter might contemplate the withdrawal of his forces to the high lands in the direction of Siboney, where they would be near the sea. It is, however, would be a temporary expedient, enabling the officers to rest and prepare for the work ahead.

The chief hope to reach the reinforcements to Gen. Shafter so that there will be from 12,000 to 15,000 when under his command within the next ten days, or sooner, if this can be arranged. This is exclusive of the insurgents, of whom Gen. Garcia has been able to bring to Shafter's command approximately 4000 men. There are about 15,000 men and officers in the expedition that set out from Tampa less than a month ago. These have been reinforced by Gen. Duffield's command, amounting to 3000 men, and consisting of the 33d and 34th Michigan and the 9th Massachusetts regiments. The first 1300 of Gen. Duffield's brigade have been with Shafter for a week, while the remainder have just embarked.

During the last week a second expedition of large proportions was scheduled to give Garcia, carrying a good portion of Gen. Snyder's division of the Fourth corps as reinforcements for Gen. Shafter. Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn said today that seven transports were available to carry Snyder's troops and while will not say any official information on the subject, he assumed that probably 5000 of them were now on their way to join those in Santiago province. The other troops to be sent to the aid of Gen. Shafter will, according to the understanding here, be the remaining portion of Gen. Snyder's division and such other regiments now at Tampa best equipped and ready for active work. Gen. Brooke, commanding at Chickamauga, has already received instructions to have fifteen regiments prepared for immediate movement. Gen. Snyder's division, which was under orders for Santiago, included the following regiments: 11th and 19th infantry of the regular army, the 1st District of Columbia, the 2d New York and 5th Maryland, the 6th Pennsylvania, the 157th Indiana and the 1st Ohio.

Gen. Garretson's brigade now at Camp Alger, Va., is under orders also for Santiago. Garretson's brigade is composed of the sixth Illinois, 6th Massachusetts and the 8th Ohio volunteer regiments.

The army officials feel that they have profited by the experience in preparing the first expedition, and say better time will be made with those to follow.

The Mohawk and the Mississippi, two vessels of the American transport line, just acquired by the government, have facilities for about 1500 men and animals and probably will be used in sending aid to Shafter.

They are now at New York under orders for Tampa.

CONFIRMATION

Madrid, July 3.—4 P. M. Private despatches from Santiago gives the following details:

Gen. Shafter's army, composed of 17,000 infantry and 82 siege guns, of various calibre, attacked the Spanish positions before Santiago, 6000 rebels under Garcia assisting them. The Spaniards had only 2500 men, partly volunteers.

"Our troops fought with heroic courage. The battle lasted three hours, and the Spanish were then compelled to abandon the trenches and to fall back on Santiago. The retreat was conducted in perfect order.

"Our losses were heavy and the enemy's were enormous. The list of our wounded includes Gen. Linares, Col. Ordonez, and Commanders Amadod and Arrais, the latter being Gen. Linares' aide-de-camp.

"The American attack upon El Caney was very severe. The position was defended by Gen. Vara de Rey with 500 men. The enemy was at first repulsed but ultimately renewed the attack, the result being unknown."

A later despatch says: "The Americans fought eight against one. The Spaniards defended themselves heroically. Our wounded are numerous, including Commanders Vara de Rey and Dottinguez. The struggle is becoming difficult, 2000 Spaniards having to meet 25,000 of the enemy.

10 P. M. A despatch to El Imparcial from Havana says that Major Dominguez was killed in the fighting at El Caney.

NO DEFINITE ACTION YET THIS WEEK.

Washington, July 3. The Senate will be in session on the Fourth of July, an unusual sitting, but deemed necessary by the friends of the Hawaiian resolutions. It is probable that the week will be consumed in a discussion of the resolutions unless advance is reached near the middle of the week, which some of the senators hope. No other business will be considered that tends to any extended debate until there is a vote on the Hawaiian resolutions. Of course any war legislation which might be necessary would be considered, but there is no expectation of any emergency demands.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, July 3. The House will not be in session tomorrow, adjournment having been taken until Tuesday. There is no definite program determined for the week. The conference report upon the deficiency bill will be considered Tuesday, and it may provoke considerable debate. The naval affairs committee has a number of bills which it desires to bring up, and a day may be given to it. The naval personnel measure is the most important. If it can be reached under a gill of committees an effort will be made to take up the anti-scalping bill. The bill to incorporate the International American Bank will follow the deficiency bill conference report and continue before the House until disposed of.

THE ROYAL SCOTS ARRIVE.

Portland, Me., July 3. The Royal Scots of Montreal arrived in this city this morning and will take part in the Dual Celebration tomorrow, America's national holiday and the fiftieth anniversary of the building of the Grand Trunk railway. The Scots are guests of the city and elaborate plans for their entertainment have been made. They attended church in a body this morning, went on a sail down the bay this afternoon and this evening were taken to Riverton on the electric. There will be the feature of the grand parade tomorrow and are assured of an ovation all along the route.

WELL KNOWN JEWELLER DEAD.

Portland, Me., July 3. Abiel Carter, a well known jeweller, passed away tonight. Mr Carter was born in New Hampshire in 1827 and removed to Portland in 1864. Mr. Carter was a man generally loved and respected.

He leaves a widow and four children, Mrs. Chas. A. L. Brown, of Boston, Mrs. Geo. L. Patterson of New York, Mr. Edward Carter and Mr. Willis E. Carter, of this city.

AUSTRIAN CRUISER COMING TO CUBA.

Trieste, July 3. The Austrian cruiser Maria Theresa sailed for Santiago de Cuba today.

MOFFETT'S LITTLE SUGAR PILLS

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Dizziness from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Pat and the Bottle.

"Pat, where did you get the whiskey?" asked one section hand of another.

"Whisky," said Pat. "Oi swipped it from the private car dat was here."

"Pat, the brass collars are going to miss it by and by. You better hide it," said the first speaker.

"Let's take this hand car and run down the track a ways and bury it," said Pat.

The two got a hand car and told the foreman they were going down the track to get some potatoes for dinner. Away they were down the track about a mile.

"This is a good place," said Pat. The two got off the car and buried the bottle near the track.

"How will we know where we buried it?" said Pat.

"Cut a notch in the side of the car," said his companion. So a notch was cut in the side of the car above where the bottle was buried and the two tarriers returned to their work. That evening they decided to go and dig up the bottle. Away they went.

"Where is the place?" asked Pat.

"I cut a notch in the car to show," said the other.

"And be yours I forgot all about it and moved the car," said Pat.—Topeka State Journal.

One of Miller's Anecdotes.

Froude and Kingsley were special favorites of Professor Max Muller, according to his recently published memoirs. Kingsley's refusal to pray for rain—or, as his friend expressed it, to consult his sacred office to that of a rainmaker or a medicine man—reminds the professor of a story told to Kingsley by an American:

"In America we manage these things better. A clergyman in a village on the frontier between two of our states prayed for rain. The rain came and flooded the ground to an extent that the young lambs in the neighboring state caught cold and died. An action was brought against the clergyman for the mischief he had done, and he and his parishioners were condemned to pay damages to the sheep farmers. They never prayed for rain after that."—London News.

Not Used to Fragile Pieces.

Mrs. Hpenpecke—Bridget, that is the seventh piece of china you have broken within the last two days.

Bridget—Sure, mum! As sure as I live where I worked the folks never set off of anything but good sound ware.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

McKINLEY'S [illegible]

Uncle Sam's Paymaster Comes Around and Goddens Their Hearts With His Money.

Subscription Money Doing Good.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Camp Geo. H. Thomas, June 28, 1898.

The hearts of the Maine boys will soon be gladdened by two months' gold cash. Uncle Sam's bounty for serving in the army. The paymaster's staff has already arrived and are busily engaged in preparations to deal the long green out over the camp. A conservative estimate gives $2,200,000 which will be distributed among the soldiers.

Wolf eyed sharpers and greedy tradesmen are waiting in eager impatience for this harvest but they must wait outside the limits of the posts, for no such people are allowed to pass the cordon of guards.

The far famed midway can be only reached now days by means of a pass and a typical western boom town is looking very much busted at present.

Your Uncle Sam is very careful what his soldiers buy and as a result the health regard has bedfered fifty per cent.

Only milk is allowed to be peddled in the park in the beverage line with such eatables as sandwiches and cakes. Well, sarpent lemonade is tabooed because it would hurt the canteen monopoly.

The glorious Fourth of July is not to be like any plain old day here for in spite of a brilliant celebration to take place in Chattanooga only four passes will be issued to each company in the First Maine and it will seem a good deal like some ordinary unfuzzled week day. Drill may be suspended and a kind of field day held in athletic contests just to keep up the spirits of the plucky old boys in each company who will stay at home.

This camp is getting to be a great deal like home in many ways to judge from the little additional comforts the men are contriving. Officers are putting in floors in their tents, plain Tommy Atkins is building a bed or a favorite seat. Papa Murch has a canvas home for his grub supplies and everyone is settling down for a long stay here.

But to relate Maine has not been included in the 27 regiments which will leave in a short time for the front, probably to make up the Porto Rican expedition, and now the consensus of opinion is that it will be months before another expedition will leave Camp Thomas.

Report tonight, however, are that the order for immediate departure has been cancelled to await adequate transportation from the coast, and that Gen. Brooks will go in command of the corps.

The hospital of the First Maine has received generous contributions from time to time from home people, and in no other way could more benefit be derived. Let the good work go on, there is plenty of chance to hit the mark, when hits will count. In some regiments, noticeably from Iowa, the cities and towns have raised large sums of money for the benefit of the companies from their place. Seventy companies in the 52nd Iowa have $200 each given by sympathetic home stayers for the comfort of the soldier boys sweltering in the heat of Georgia.

Here is a little incident which shows what Maine's officers and men are made of. Company G's street is forlorn and deserted for Capt. Gowen's men have gone on outpost duty for a week. As they marched to their posts, had then went to work policing quarters, and putting things slick and spanky. Indiana captain who has just been returned, sauntered up to the Maine captain and inquired:

"What are you doing captain, policing the place? Why no other troops have done so before."

"Never mind if they haven't," responded Capt. Gowen, "we don't do things this way in the Maine regiment. Our men are used to cheap quarters, and are old not decked behind Lookout Mountain the offending sticks and rubbish had been removed.

Visitors are surprised at the order and system in the camp proper, and good Maine has been mistaken for regulars; but we will be left just the same, regulars or no regulars, and that makes the boys sore. Inferior effective regiments will soon be at the front.

There are no kicks now days about the rations and grub, for Lieut. Allen and Papa Murch have things running some, food and another company cooks who is satisfactory. Fresh beef is served five times a week, and salt beef or "sow belly" as it is appropriately dubbed here, the remainder. A ration in man's allowance for an entire day, and stands. Of course there is enough the company quartermasters draw for the whole mess, where as in active service each man would look after his own grub.

Hunted of the hurrying pots and rough eteries of old days, each company mess now has what is styled a Buzzacott oven. A combination boiler, baker, cooker and steamer—a perfect sense box, which by the way than has used to bake gigantic roasts of bake, mutton, corn or beans. The fire is under an iron cylinder resembling a stove, and there are boilers and pots, all fitting inside one another, so can be given the greatest economy of space when packed for transportation, the whole measuring 30 inches four feet long by three and with a foot of depth.

Captain O'Neal, acting surgeon of the regiment, wishes the people to contribution called to the good that the clothing and goods already received here for the hospital is doing. The reason of these increased facilities for men have been sent to Denslow Hospital for a days, and the sick kindly there will be brought back and cared for in the regiment. Medical supplies were received from a soldier boy to the cared for among his friends. A large quantity of food and medical supplies were received from Portland yesterday. Report that city has done practically everything in supplying the hospital, only one other city being represented, is the good work and

FISHING AMONG HEELS.

The Badly Embarrassed Youth Caught Scientifically at Each Dive.

A modest Cleveland youth, an Adelbert undergraduate, boarded a car the side car a few evenings ago, and when he seated himself carelessly dropped his small gripsack on the floor behind his feet. Presently the car began to fill up. Most of the new passengers were girls, and as they came in one by one the Adelbert man crowded along a little and to get away from his gripsack. There were at least half a dozen girls at his left, and it was in that direction that his grip was located.

Pretty soon the car neared his stopping place, and the Adelbert man bethought himself of his baggage. He put his hand to the floor—it wasn't there—that is, the grip wasn't there. He felt a little way to the left; he couldn't reach it.

Then he straightened up.

"Pardon me," he said, with a somewhat inflamed countenance, "but I have a grip somewhere under here." And he dove down again.

All he could feel was dainty boot heels, two of them badly run down. He reached a little farther. Another boot heel. The girls began to wriggle uneasily.

Up came the young man again.

His countenance was still more inflamed. This time he arose to his feet.

"It's here somewhere," he murmured. "If you don't object, I'll try again." Down he went and clawed along still farther to the left.

"I've got it," he muttered.

He pulled, but it didn't come.

"One moment," he said, "here it is."

"No, it isn't," piped a shrill soprano.

There was a brief struggle, and then the bashful youth realized that he had hold of the young woman's foot.

He stood up at this with a despairing glare.

Perhaps the girls were moved to pity by his hopeless look; perhaps they didn't like the way the other passengers were giggling. Anyway they shuffled around and soon produced the missing bag. And the youth with the scarlet face scooted from the car.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

HOW THEY WOULD SPEND $.

Novel Experiment as to What Boys and Girls Would Do With $5.

A very interesting experiment with school children was recently made in Springfield, Mass., by Dr George E. Dawten. He presented 1,307 of them, nearly equally divided as to sex, to write an answer to the query, "If you had $5, all your own, what would you do with it?" Nearly one-half of them (44 per cent) answered that they would deposit the money in a bank, 13.8 per cent would buy clothing, 2.2 per cent would buy something to eat, 15.3 per cent would buy toys and other means of amusement, 2.1 per cent would buy jewelry and finery, nine-tenths of 1 per cent would buy firearms, 1.7 per cent would spend it for travel, 14 per cent would spend it for others and 6 per cent would buy books, etc.

The disposition to save shown by so many of the children is attributed by Dr. Dawten largely to their susceptibility to suggestion. While the children do not realize the full significance of saving, the idea has been engrafted upon their minds and is bound to have its influence. In noting the percentage of those who would buy clothing it should be remembered, he says, that many of the children were in urgent need of something better to wear. Those who voted for something to eat were mostly under 7 years of age. In regard to travel, the figures show that as children grow older the desire to go out into the world increases rapidly, reaching its height at about the beginning of adolescence.

The desire shown by the boys for firearms is an expression of the hunting instinct that awakens when they are 10 or 11 years of age. At that age boys like to get hold of books of hunting and adventure. The tendency to buy books increases steadily as the children grow older. This class numbers about twice as many girls as boys. The class which manifests a feeling of altruism also numbers more girls than boys, showing that the greater generosity of women is strikingly manifest even at an early age.—New York Post.

Log, No., U. S. A.

On looking at a late map of Missouri one will find the name "Log" as a postoffice at the extreme western end of Newton county and about eight miles west of Grand Falls. A few days ago Deputy United States Marshal Short had occasion to serve papers from the Oklahoma federal court on several people residing in that direction, and he was given their postoffice address as Log. As it was not a familiar name in this vicinity he wondered about the bills until he came to the end of a log house extending from the brush and concluded that it was the place he was searching for. He asked for the postmaster, and a woman replied that she was the official, and upon inquiry as to her name the officer also learned that the woman of the premises to be subpoenaed. She was also asked why her office was called Log, and she stated that she didn't know exactly, but that when the office was first established it was called "Log house," which the postoffice department considered too lengthy, so it dropped the "house."—Kansas City Journal.

The Target Too Small.

Mrs. Jogge—If I got as intoxicated as you do, I'd go off somewhere and shoot myself.

Jogge—Now you (hic) wouldn't, m' dear. If you wash (hic) hafsh as 'tick as I can you couldn't (hic) hit sh-side of barn.—Chicago News.

A Real Heavyweight.

"How sick Aunt Josephine got!"

"Yes. She tells me she can't even skip in reading a dull novel."—Chicago Record.

An English Hotel.

Lewis in a well known lumpshop with a friend the other day. He was scoring some of those stubby candles of immense diameter which are used as night lights in alehouses. The price was 10 cents a box. "A dozen in a box," he asked. "Lit why don't you make the box big enough," said the shopkeeper. "But why don't you make the box big enough," said Lewis. "Because they're Eagles, sir!" was all.—Time and the Hour.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—NEW HOUSE [illegible] street, Bangor. Enquire of [illegible] Kelliher, 33 Holyoke street, [illegible] Me.

MANURE FOR SALE AT Grand Central Stables. [illegible]

TENEMENT FOR RENT [illegible] street, seven rooms, [illegible] pantry. July 1st. Enquire [illegible] Gorham, 63 State street, [illegible] street.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN [illegible] house, large lot. House [illegible] Pine street. 4 Smith Street, [illegible] Hollow.

FOR RENT—The fine large [illegible] ern house, with large new [illegible] South Park street. All [illegible] latest modern conveniences [illegible] tful rooms, all on first floor. Possession given June 1st. [illegible]

FOR SALE—One undivided [illegible] 3, R. 5, N. B. R. P. Smith. [illegible] Apply to CHAS. HAMLIN.

Wanted. Lost, Found, To Let, [illegible]

Advertisements under this head, of [illegible] found, to let, etc., not exceeding four [illegible] cents each insertion when prepaid; [illegible] prepaid regular advertising rates will [illegible]

WANTED A YOUNG GIRL [illegible] cup washing about housework, at home nights. Inf 31 Dale [illegible]

BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

The unlucky Spaniard seems to be between two very hot fires, he is whether he goes to Cuba or Porto Rico. No doubt you often feel as if you are between two very hot fires [illegible] good article you are charged an extra price; if you pay a small price for a good article.

Herein is a place where those conditions prevail. We give the very best satisfactory well-paying trade that any buy, and our prices are extremely [illegible]

W. H. GORHAM,

Successor to Marston & Gorham, [illegible]

48 State Street.

Mail orders promptly attended [illegible]

MORRO BATTERED DOWN

(Continued from First Page.)

high into the air and [illegible] clouds of debris and [illegible] Morro. The smoke from the fire from east to west, covered the firing line in one more dense volume. The Oregon and Massachusetts called to go right in front of the battleship Texas. Gradually on the eastern side, within a thousand yards. The Oregon took a shot at [illegible] and down came the [illegible] sight of the splendid gunship the cheers of the cheered enthusiastically [illegible]

The three battleships the heaviest fire on the Punta [illegible] twice, firing [illegible] cannon and the works in transition. Apparently [illegible] enemy.

The other ships center by taking a national salute castle. Its ancient [illegible] knocked to pieces and grey up in the ruins.

At 7:22 Admiral Sampson signal "cease firing." The [illegible] hour later before the firing the last shot.

The battleships returned [illegible] stations two miles [illegible] at them from [illegible] on one of the western [illegible]

FORTIFYING ALGIERS.

Gibraltar, July 3. Ten thousand troops and 300 civilians [illegible] on the defences at Algiers [illegible] west side of the bay. It is reported that the Spanish [illegible] district will be raised to [illegible]

WEATHER TOO HEAVY.

Port Said, July 3. Admiral [illegible] fleet is outside the harbor yesterday and today has [illegible] for the Spanish vessels [illegible]

REINFORCEMENTS [illegible] ARRIVED.

Hong Kong, July 3. The [illegible] steamer Encarnadine, which [illegible] June 30, has arrived here. It [illegible] that the American reinforcements [illegible] not arrived at the time [illegible] The situation there [illegible] the Encarnadine's report was [illegible]

MORE SPANIARDS ARRIVE.

Cadiz, July 3. It is reported [illegible] Spanish ships are arriving at [illegible]

Gen. George E. Bryant who [illegible] Dewey's commander [illegible] Mr. Miller Academy, says [illegible] belonged to a student society [illegible] themselves "the Unlucky Boys" and was the leader in all their [illegible]

John R. Marshall, who with [illegible] distinction of being the first [illegible] wear a colonel's uniform in the [illegible] States Army as the commander [illegible] Eighth Illinois Volunteers. He is now mustering has been employed [illegible] years as clerk in the tax [illegible] department of the county [illegible] of Cook county. He was born [illegible] at Alexandria, Va., in 1839.

MUNYON'S

I will guarantee that my Rheumatism Cure will relieve in one hour, relieve and [illegible] rheumatic pains in [illegible] or three hours and cure in a few days.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS, 25c. a vial, or Cure Health and medical advice free, 1605 Arch st., Phila.

DIED.

In Bangor, Mrs. Margaret Sullivan, wife of Patrick Sullivan, aged 60 years, 10 months, 10 days.

Funeral to be announced later.

In Lynn, Mass., June 30, 1898, died suddenly, George A. Fuller, of Lynn, aged 52 years.

Maine and New Hampshire papers please copy.

DR. T. HORACE WOODMAN'S PUMPKIN SQUAW PEAK GROVE, Hampden is in condition for picnicking. There will be a [illegible] or conducted who will keep things in order and an admission fee of five cents will be charged. Entrance by Capt. Atwood's dwelling. Special rates will be made for parties. Enquire at the grounds for special rates.

Free Fourth of July [illegible] plies for Your Child [illegible]

Flowers! Flowers [illegible]

9c per bunch.

7c each.

Greatest Sale of Trimmed Hats.

Untrimmed Hats.

Kid Gloves.

Valenciennes Laces.

Black Silk Mitts.

Great Drives in Fans.

FREESE'S, 76 and 80 MAIN STREET.

FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Collections taken in the Churches on Sunday of Comforts and Delicacies.

THE TEMPERATURE

The following table gives the weather conditions as shown by the thermometer and barometer at Moore's pharmacy:

[illegible]

The monument to the memory of those who died in the service of the United States in the war with Spain, erected in front of the [illegible] has been completed. In its design and workmanship it is one of the finest monuments of its kind in the state. It is simply a granite block, surmounted by a figure of a soldier, with his rifle at the right shoulder, bayonet fixed and fag on. Flags are shown crowding him with [illegible]

HERE THEY ARE. READ EVERY ITEM.

A flying trip to New York and Boston puts on our counters bargains that you cannot help buying. OUR GREATEST SALE---SOME LOTS AT ONE-THIRD USUAL PRICES.

NOTICE.

We keep open Fourth of July until 6 P M to accommodate our many out of town customers who wish to attend the celebration when they come to Bangor for half fare and who also desire to attend this great sale.

Free Fourth of July Supplies for Your Children.

Every dollar you spend here until the Fourth entitles you to Ten Cents in goods from our Fourth of July Window. Torpedoes Fire Crackers Toy Horses Pistols Caps, etc as long as we have any

Flowers! Flowers!

200 New Bunches Flowers worth 50 and 75c and 500 bunches fuchsias every flower in our store which has been selling this week at 50c all in one big lot at

19c per bunch.

100 Wreaths for Children's Hats

7c each.

Greatest Sale of Trimmed Hats.

200 to choose from Prices $1 98 $2 98 $3 98 etc. Elegant Pattern Hats, ½ price.

Untrimmed Hats.

19c 25c 39c 50c and 75c.

Kid Gloves.

Super $1 $1 Glove at 75c
Best $1 Warranted Glove in Bangor
Best $1 75 Warranted Glove only $1 00

Valenciennes Laces.

12 yd piece Val Lace for 25c
12 yd piece Val Lace for 10c

Black Silk Mitts.

10 doz 25c Silk Mitts 12c pair
10 doz 39c Silk Mitts 19c pair

Great Drives in Fans.

300 Fans at ½ price
Good 50c Fans only 39c
Good 25c Fans only 19c
Good 50c Fans only 39c
Great Bargain in Ribbons Ties
500 Ribbon Ties 50c and 75c goods for this great sale

19c each.

RIBBONS.

All Silk, Double Faced Black Satin Ribbons at less than cost of manufacture
No 5 ½ inch in width, our regular 10c goods only 5c
No. 7, 1¾ inch in width our regular 18c goods only 10c
No 9 1½ inch in width our regular 20c goods only 12c
No. 12, 2 inch in width our regular 25c goods, only 15c
No 10½ ½ inch in width our regular 35c goods only 25c
Above is the Greatest Black Satin Ribbon Bargain we ever saw

YELLOW, PLAID AND STRIPED RIBBONS FOR TIES, ETC.

We closed out what the manufacturer had of these ribbons (about 200 pieces). We have sold them ourselves all the season at 18 and 20c Our regular stock goes in with the new lot at

10c per yd.

RED WHITE AND BLUE RIBBON, NEW GOODS at ½ what we have been asking.
No 1 inch only 8c
No 7 1¾ inch only 10c
No 9 1½ inch only 12c

200 New Pieces All Silk 25c Taffeta Ribbon and 100 pieces our regular stock of 50c Fancy Ribbons all in one big lot at

49c per yd.

500 Handkerchiefs slightly soiled and washed Great bargains at

6 for 25c.

Gents' Neckties.

Big lot 25 Ties for this sale 5c each

Men's Outside Shirts.

Odd 10 dozen Quality Shirts at 25c each

SHIRT WAISTS,

Great Bargains at 29c 39c 50c 75c and $1 00

Ladies' and Gents Linen Collars 10c dozen latest styles 15c quality

10c each.

OPEN EVERY EVENING
STRICTLY ONE PRICE

FREESE'S, 78 and 80 MAIN STREET. FREESE'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

Hosiery.

Most of the hosiery bargains not ready until after Monday.
33 doz Ladies Seamless, Fast Blk Hose, with white feet, 25c goods
10c per pair
10 doz pairs Ladies Fancy Hose,
10c per pair

Children's Hose.

Great Value.

40 doz Children's Hose, better quality than the usual 15c hose for this great sale,

10c per pair.

Great Value in Ladies' Fine Hose.

60 doz elegant quality 37c Fast Black Hose some outsizes, while they last,
25c 5 pairs for $1 00

Ladies' White Jersey Vests.

White Undervests only 4c each
25c White Undervests only 9c each

Children's Waists and Drawers.

25 doz Waists at 9c each
25 doz Drawers tucks and trimmed with torchon 9c

Ladies' Neckties.

20 doz Ascot or Puff Ties best light shades 25c and 50c silk and fique goods
5c each

A Great Necktie Value.

111 Satin Bows all colors 25c goods
9c each

Crockery Department.

$4 00 Hanging Lamps $2 98
$4 00 Toilet Sets $2 00
$4 00 Toilet Sets $1 95
Lace Lamps 15c
50c Lamps 39c
75c Lamps 49c
Pint Preserve Jars 5c
Quart Preserve Jars 8c
Quart Preserve Jars 7c
Bean Pots 12c 19c 25c 35c
Gold Trimmed Glass 10c and 15c
Best Lamp Chimneys, 8c
Best Lamp Chimneys large size 4c
Best Burners 5c and 8c
Great Tin and Agate Ware Bargains
100 bargains such as tin dippers 2c each 5c
Strictly one price

WE ARE LUCKY

We have secured six hundred pounds of fine 50c Formosa Oolong Tea of an importer who bought before the war tax went into effect He gave us the benefit to secure us a new customer we give it to you We let it last only 29c per pound worth more at wholesale today

10 lbs allowed with cash dollar of any kind of goods at
SUGAR 5c lb
Retailers every where at 6½c

Our Great Grocery List

Goods delivered free in Bangor and freight paid on any $4 00 order, not including sugar to any station of the M C R R or B & A R R

Order by mail or call circus day or the Fourth of July and get your sugar for 5c per pound delivered at your railroad station free If you buy $4 00 worth of other goods

Castoria Pitchers (usual price 35c) 25c
Best 50c Tea 39c
Best 70c Tea 48c
Best $1 Tea 60c
Best 38c Coffee 29c
Best Rio Coffee 10c
Fine Peaches per can 10c
Fine Pears per can 10c
Fine Plums per can 10c
Fine Pineapple per can 10c
Fine Tomatoes per can 10c
All other fruits at lowest prices
Finest Evaporated Apples 5 lbs for 25c
Dried Peaches 5 lbs for 25c
Prunes 3 4 or 5 lbs for 25c
Raisins 3 lbs for 25c
Canned Asparagus (very fine) 15c
Royal or Cleveland Baking Powder ½ 13c
Royal or Cleveland Baking Powder ¼ 25c
Royal or Cleveland Baking Powder 1 lb 75c
3 kegs Checkerbut 1 lb 18c
Bakers Chocolate ½ lb 18c
Best Spices 6 for 25c
Codfish 3 packages for 25c
Best Sardines 3c
Canned California Cherries 19c
Canned Dandelions 10c
Lt Extract Vanilla Inclosed 10c
Burnetts Best Extracts 19c
Burnetts Vanilla 10c
Genuine Climaxers Best 3 pack goods for 25c
Horse Radish 1 lb 9c
Jelly per glass 10c
Ketchup best steak best in the market 10c
Ketchup O K 14c
Ketchup Mrs Wells 9c
Lobster per can 25c
Minced Meat best 4 pkgs for 25c
Macaroni best 2 pkgs for 25c
Mustard French per jar 10c
Mustard Silkney & Poole ¼ 10c
Mustard Stickney & Poors ½ lb 10c
Best California Walnuts lb 10c
Olives 15 size 13c
Olives large bottle 35c
Oats rolled 7 pkgs for 25c
Rice 4 lbs for 25c
Starch best 4 lbs for 25c
Starch best 40 lbs for 25c
Soda Arm and Hammer lb 5c
Shoolio 5c
Soap on 3 cans 25c
Salmon Steak 2 cans 25c
Soap 13 bars for 25c
Soap Pearl 8 for 25c
Soap Fairy 6 for 25c
Salad Dressing 35c
Tapioca Pearl 6 lbs for 25c
Worcestershire Sauce 9c
Deviled Ham Lunch Ham Canned Beef etc at cut prices
Gold Dust Washing Powder 10c
Bon Ami 10c
Corbin's Milk 10c 3 for 25c

GRAND OPENING AT THE WIBEN CLUB.

The boat house carriage sheds and grading of the grounds of the Wiben Club at Pushaw lake having been completed the directors have decided to have opening at the club house on Wednesday July 13

There will be out door athletic sports boat and bicycle races and tennis tournaments the numbers will be specially attractive

The election of directors has been left to the members at the annual meeting in August or vacancies occasionally by getting permission of some officer of the club but it is understood that the gentleman will have to become a member of the club to obtain social privileges

Any member who does not reside in Bangor or vicinity to visit the club with the exception of occasionally by getting permission of some officer of the club but it is understood that the gentleman will have to become a member of the club to obtain social privileges

Any member who does not reside in Bangor permits may be issued to ladies to accompany him to the club house to be certificated at the club house

STAMPS ON CHECKS, ETC.

How The War Revenue Laws Are to be Complied With

On Saturday a supply of stamps was received by several of the banks but stamps were not here in sufficient quantity two cent postage stamps with U S internal revenue stamps upon them will be issued when the new revenue stamps will be used when the new

The following paragraphs of the War Revenue Laws of 1898 relating to stamps on checks drafts etc take effect on July 1st

Bank check draft or other certificate of deposit not drawing interest or order for the payment of any sum of money drawn upon or issued by any bank, trust company or any persons or firm or other company or corporation at sight or on demand two cents

Bill of exchange and draft certificate of deposit drawn but not payable within two years and order for the payment of any sum of money otherwise than at sight or on demand and promissory note except bank notes issued for circulation and foreign exchange and letter of credit for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars two cents

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars two cents and for each additional one hundred dollars or fractional part thereof in excess of one hundred dollars two cents

Bill of exchange (foreign) or letter of credit (including orders by telegraph or otherwise for the payment of money issued by express or other companies or any person or persons) drawn in but payable out of the United States or drawn in any other place than in the United States shall pay for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars four cents and for each one hundred dollars or fractional part thereof in excess of one hundred dollars four cents

If drawn in sets of two or more For every bill of each set where the sum made payable shall not exceed one hundred dollars, or the equivalent thereof in any foreign currency in which such bill may be expressed according to the standard of value fixed by the United States two cents and for each one hundred dollars or fractional part thereof in excess of one hundred dollars two cents

METHOD OF CANCELLATION

Sec 9 That in any and all cases where an adhesive stamp shall be used for denoting any tax imposed by this act, except as hereinafter provided the person using, or affixing the same shall write or stamp thereon the initials of his name and the date upon which the same shall be attached or used so that the same may not be again used And if any person shall fraudulently make use of an adhesive stamp to denote any tax imposed by this Act without effectually cancelling or obliterating such stamp except as before mentioned he shall or they shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not more than six months, or both, at the discretion of the court.

FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Collections Taken in the Churches on Sunday for Comforts and Delicacies

Yesterday was Hospital Sunday, and advantage was taken by the churches of Bangor with which to lighten the burdens of the brave boys from Maine who are at the front the funds to be expended for such comforts and delicacies not supplied by the government as may be necessary for the sick and wounded members of the regiment. The collections in the inspiring and the cool refreshing rains and the luxurious homes of Maine the privations of army life under the southern suns are very great, and sympathy is tendered in the distress of the sick and wounded

Those who were not reached by the collections in the churches can remit directly to Rev C S Cummings chaplain First Infantry National Guard Auburn Me any amounts they may desire to contribute Any amount, however small will be gratefully received and all receipts will be duly acknowledged

The money received will be forwarded to or expended under the direction of Major Bradbury surgeon of the First Maine volunteer infantry, who first suggested the raising of this fund and who awaits the response All collections and subscriptions will be forwarded to Rev Mr Cummings

THE TEMPERATURE

The following table gives the weather conditions as shown by the thermometer and barometer at Miller's pharmacy

		Barometer	Thermometer
July 2	6 A M	30	74
	12 M	30	84
	6 P M	30	71
July 3	6 A M	29.9	64
	12 M	29.7	68
	6 P M	29.7	60

The monument to Pasteur which is to be erected in Paris, in the space in front of the Pantheon is now almost completed In the original design Pasteur was simply represented as overcoming Death which was in the act of flight Now a group of a mother with her child thanking Pasteur has been added on the right, while behind the central figure Fame is shown crowning him with laurels

DIED.

In Bangor, Mrs. Margaret, Sullivan wife of Patrick Sullivan, aged 60 years 10 months (10 days.

Funeral to be announced later.

In Lynn Mass, June 30, 1898, Alice Addeldy, George A. Fuller, of Lynn aged 33 years.

Maine and New Hampshire papers please copy.

CAPT. HORACE ATWOOD HAS PUT Squaw Point Grove, Hampden in condition for picnickers There will be a man in attendance who will keep things in order and an admission fee of five cents will be charged Entrance by Cantilever Atwood's dwelling Special rates will be made for parties. Enquire at the grounds for special rates.

PITTSFIELD NEWS.

Successful Balloon Ascension, Base Ball and Races

[Special to Whig and Courier]

Pittsfield, July 2 Pittsfield has been thronged with people today attracted here by the first races of the season and the balloon ascension. Many came on the trains both from the east and west and a special train was run over the S & M R road returning after the races.

A game of baseball was played on the grounds during the afternoon between the Newport and Pittsfield teams which resulted in a victory to the home team of 14 to 6 scores

The balloon ascension by Prof C C Bonney took place about half past four and was a grand success A light southwest breeze was blowing which carried the balloon across the river a short distance below the railroad crossing The parachute drop was made from a great height, the aeronaut alightings in the Hinckley field so called and the balloon coasted down in the woods just south of the Maine Central railroad on the east side of the river

The races began about 30 and some very close heats were trotted The Pittsfield silver band dispensed music between the races This is the first time the boys have appeared in town in their new uniforms

Lillian McAloon of Bangor acted as starter and John Stewart Frank R. Thatcher and Lyman Crosby were timers L O Haskell was clerk

Nearly three-fourths of an hour was consumed in scoring for the first heat of the three minute class and the second heat was delayed by the bursting of a tire on A Palmer's sulkey The first heat was not very exciting, Ruby taking it very easily, but the last four heats were very close and exciting Bud Wilkes led the horses under the wire in the fourth and fifth heats, but was set back in each for running, the race was consequently taken by Maggie Horsford

The 2.21 class though very exciting, was won in three straight heats by Madras

The bicycle race was won by Frank Leslie Parkman of Hartland

Following is the report

3 MINUTE CLASS PURSE $150

Net Mabel hm, by Scott Joseph Jewell 1 1 1
Ruby, b m, by Johnson 2 2 2
Wilkes, J M Ridley 3 3 3 0 4
Maggie Horsford, b m, by Brown Holder A Richardson, Jr 3 3 1 1 1
Frank D, b g, by Hardison W S Reynolds 5 7 7 5
A portrait, ch g Colby Horn 0 4 0 0
Lady, b Greenfield, br m, by Greenfield Royal Spencer 4 1 5 4 8
Ivory P by Dictator Chief, Wallace Jewell 2 2 2 2 2
Bud Wilkes br s, by Col Osgood F A Palmer 8 5 4 8 5
Time—2 20¼ 2 20¼ 2 23¼ 2 26¼ 2.30.

2 2 CLASS, PURSE $250

Gloxey Love, b g, by Charlie Wilkes, A R Libbey 1 4 4
Linnie G Silk m, by Louis Inman Clark 3 3 2
Harry Fish g, by Nelson, Fred Pollard 2 2 3
Tom Drew, b g, by Young Dirigo, Chas Cayford 2 2 3
Madras, b g, by Madrid, C A M Phillips 1 1 1
Time—2 22¼ 2 24¼ 2.20.

BICYCLE RACE

Frank P Hunter 1
Charles S Haycock 2
Frank Leslie Parkman 3
Allie J. Thomas 4
O W Tilton 5
Ora Grant 6
B. M. Harding 7
Time—2.28¼ 2.30¼ 2.38.

Chickamauga National Military Park

Chickamauga July 3 Today was another quiet Sunday at the park The sun poured down intensely hot but a good breeze was a source of great relief from the heat The regiments all spent the day quietly in camp except that some of the troops by permission went upon the mountain to spend the day

Later in the afternoon an order was received from the war department to Gen Brooke to designate about 20 000 men for immediate departure for the South and at once there was great excitement and bustle in the camp Gen Brooke declined to make public the order but it is understood that he has selected the first division of the First corps and two brigades of the Second division to be moved at once The first division is composed of the following regiments First brigade 1st Kentucky, 3d Wisconsin 5th Illinois

Second brigade, 4th Ohio 3d Illinois 4th Pennsylvania

Third brigade, 10th Pennsylvania, 2d Wisconsin, 3d Kentucky

Second division First brigade, 31st Michigan 160th Indiana 1st Georgia

Second brigade 6th Ohio 158th Indiana 1st West Virginia

The regiments of the 1st division were inspected this evening and are ready to move They have been kept busy since the order to prepare for the field, some a week ago getting rid of their excess of equipment and clothing and it will require very little time to break camp In anticipation of this order the railroads have been accumulating cars at this point for a week The sidings and switch yards of the southern and southwestern Atlantic railroads are crowded with Pullman cars It is stated tonight that there are 30 trains of 20 cars each on the tracks here ready to transport troops The regiments will embark at Rossville and Ringgold to insure speedy transportation as was done when the regulars were moved southward it is thought by the railroad authorities that 15 000 men can be moved in two days It is understood at this hour that three regiments will move tomorrow morning

RELIEF FOR THE WOUNDED.

Newport News Va, July 3. The hospital ship left Old Point at 8 o'clock for Santiago, having on board a corps of surgeons. Surgeon General Sternberg inspected the Relief this afternoon as soon as she arrived from New York Dr. Chamberlain, surgeon at Fort Monroe, accompanied the expedition. The cities Buffalo arrived here tonight from New York. She will be equipped with guns at the ship yard

A CHILD ENJOYS

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if there be fever or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

[illegible]

(Copyright by the Associated Press)

Sidney Cuba Saturday July 2 7 30 P M by the Associated Press despatch boat Dauntless via Port Antonio Jamaica and Kingston, Sunday July 3 2 50 P M The fighting on the right of our line this afternoon developed unexpectedly and for some hours almost as severe a battle as yesterday (Friday) when Gen Lawton was assaulting El Caney

The Spanish made an attack in force upon our position pouring in volley after volley in quick succession and with remarkable regularity Our return fire was certainly effective and continued strong after the Spanish volleys had become rarer and less heavy

Meanwhile the batteries on Grimes hill kept booming away at the middle of the enemy's line materially aiding the flanking movement The shelling from the Spanish fort was less active and apparently with but little concern

At this hour a report has just reached here that Gen Lawton (died) by other regiments, sent him early in the afternoon has returned the enemy's left and has troops already in the city where almost a hand to hand encounter is going on in the streets

The situation when the Associated Press correspondent left the front, as shown in an earlier despatch was such that the capture of the city tonight (Saturday) would not be surprising although Gen Shafter himself when the correspondent left him three hours ago, did not expect it.

Gen Shafter, however sent word this afternoon to Gen Calixto Garcia that the surrender of the city would not long be delayed

A FAMOUS STEEPLEJACK.

Mr E H Baron the carpenter and builder whose name is famous as a steeplejack has completed the work of replacing the spire on the Fairmount Street church steeple When he took it down recently he put in its place a flag which has attracted much attention Mr Barton is possessed of cool nerve and cool daring and has performed many feats high up in the air which would give ordinary men a shaking of the heart to merely contemplate. He has had some intensely exciting and trying experiences also In one fire he saved two men's lives by his quick thought and cool action He is scorched that the hook holding one end of the staging was bending out straight and in a moment the staging would probably fall. He coolly spoke to the other men telling them to get down quietly and by cautious movements they succeeded in saving themselves from a possibly terrible fate Mr Barton has made a specialty of most of the city church steeples and has thus far met with no serious accident

Mrs George Webster and Miss Mary L Webster went to Islesboro, Saturday home for the season.

Mrs. Daniel Hinckley went to Bar Harbor, Saturday to open her summer home for the season.

Miss Bitz and Miss Lucy Burr went to Islesboro Saturday.

Mr and Mrs. Milton S. Clifford and child, went to Castine Saturday

[illegible]

A river tragedy was discovered on Saturday by John Wilkey and D S Higgins of Hampden at Hampden Corner and the news aroused much discussion there

The victim was Miss Kate Akers a Northampton, presumably of Cuttybellow N B

She settled from Hampden Saturday about noon in the small school house in Dart Nothing more seems to be known about his movements or the accident which befell him until Sunday when she was found wrecked and capsized in the river by the two men Wilkey started to tow her in when they found the body of a man entangled in the wreck

Coroner Littlefield of this town was notified Letters were found in her pocketbook from a friend in South Brooksville addressed to Cuttybellow Andrews is a massive structure built of stone

The river was dragged to no avail It is expected the interment will be in Brooksville will be buried in Hampden today

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

First General District Convention in Bangor This Week

The following is the program for the first district convention to be held in Bangor this week

TUESDAY AFTERNOON

Meeting at First Methodist Church 2 00 Devotional exercises led by Rev D G Bailey Welcome by Mayor Response by President Cobb

TUESDAY EVENING

Meeting at Young Men's Christian Association Hall 7 00 Devotional exercises led by Rev L H Bonton President Bangor District Greetings Congressman Littlefield the State Rev L W Rich President the Conference Rev H H Jones for the City Responses President Barr 8 00 Annual address of the President Rev Junior League in Grace M E church Rev O W Scott Campello Mass Brief papers or addresses by Rev C L Banghart superintendent of Junior work in Maine, Mrs John Tinling Brewer Miss Sadie Lowell Dexter Miss Edith A Chapman Somerville Miss Mrs C D Wood Orono; Miss Lois O Lander Gardiner Rev A W Kingsley Fitchburg, Mass and others. Bible Study Junior Music Junior Pocket Book Object Teaching Order, Devotional Meetings Juniors at Christian Workers etc will be considered during the conference

10 30 A M Y M C A hall Six minute reports from the department conferences 11 15 address Miss Mary A Dickforth of Japan subject The Epworth League and the Missionary Work of Our Church

FRIDAY AFTERNOON

National hour Y M C A hall 2 devotions conducted by Mr L S Robinson of Rockland Me, president of the Maine State league Address Hon. A S Roe, Worcester Mass subject Union 2 45 address Rev Andrew Giles, Montpelier Vt 3 30 mass meetings, meeting for men Grace church speakers, Rev. Geo S Butters Somerville Mass and Rev C A Crane D D East Boston, Mass.

Meeting for women Y M C A hall speakers, Prof. Harriet T Cooke, Ph D, Boston, Mass., and Miss Mary Lunn, Boston Mass

Party of Juniors in the Hammond Congregational church Rev O W Scott leader assisted by Mrs C D Woods of Bangor Rev C H Bangham of Oldtown Rev. A W Kingsley of Fitchburg Mass and others All Juniors and other young folks cordially invited.

FRIDAY EVENING

Y M C A hall 7 30 an evening to fall in love with Jesus Christ The choirs of First and Grace church will lead the worship in inspiring song Sermon by Rev. T W Perrin, D D of Boston

Mr John F. Crosby passed Sunday at Sorrento with Chief Justice Fuller.

Miss Alice Dole, of Brooklyn, Mass, is visiting friends in this city

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ORIENTAL LODGE, O. 60, I. O. O. F.

Regular meeting every MONDAY evening Esoteric degree and exercises at each meeting The attendance of every member is earnestly desired W C RAINES N G

TO WHICH CLASS DO YOU BELONG?

[illegible]

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co
H N FAIRBANKS GEN AGENT
4 MAIN STREET BANGOR ME

City of Bangor.

WATER RATES

[illegible] 20 PER CENT [illegible] unpaid [illegible] and 9 [illegible] WALTER E BROWN Collector

[illegible]

Most people buy their toilet paper for use but we wish every purchaser for a customer and offer for an indefinite time a neat package with wire loop for 10 cents 3 for 25 cents

THE EAST SIDE PHARMACY CO.
Cor State and Harlow Sts.

BOARD OF REGISTRATION.

The Board of Registration will be in session every day during the remainder of this month and Saturday evenings at their rooms, 20 City Hall Parties who owe poll taxes and personal property taxes and who have been notified by letter, will have an opportunity to pay the same there

Per Order.

To Richardson Hill & Co [illegible] persons [illegible] Notice is hereby given that complaint has been made to the municipal officers of Bangor Me that a certain building situate [illegible] street in said Bangor owned by Richardson Hill & Co [illegible] and occupied as a [illegible] Hall Society Hall dilapidated [illegible] condition and unfit for occupancy and it is therefore ordered that said parties remove the same [illegible] Adermen's room City Hall in said Bangor on Friday the twenty first day of August, 1898 at 7 30 o'clock P M at which time and place all persons interested may appear and show why said building should not be condemned and removed or repaired

By order of the Municipal Officers of Bangor

VICTOR BRIGHT City Clerk

$626,500

[illegible]

BONDS,

Mature July 1, 1898.

These can be exchanged with us at par and interest in payment for securities yielding from 3½ to 5 per cent income

Full particulars furnished on application to

Blake, Barrows & Brown,
9 Central St., Bangor, Me.

Personal Mention.

Mrs Sanborn of Manchester, N H, has been the guest of Mr and Mrs. W P Dickey on Broadway

Mrs Joseph Snow returned on Saturday afternoon from a five months' visit in California

Miss Lillian McConville has arrived home having finished her course of study at Radcliffe College

Mrs H N Fairbanks and Miss Fairbanks are at Islesboro for a few days

Mr and Mrs. A. D Jones and family went to Islesboro Saturday, for a few days

Mr and Mrs. F B Cutler, of Boston are visiting Hon and Mrs. John L Cutler, accompanied by Mr Homer Albers, a prominent Boston lawyer, and wife

Mr R. Perley Smith, Mrs. Smith and child, of Brooklyn, are the guests of Mr Ruel Smith the former's father, in this city. Mr Smith has a fine position on the New York Journal

Mr C M Crane, of New York, arrived in the city on Saturday to join Mrs. Crane for a visit to their daughters, Mrs G T. Thatcher, and Mrs. Alden P Webster.

Mrs. Watters of Fairhaven, Vt, is visiting her brother Dr. G. M. Woodcock

D. D. Stewart Esq of St. Albans, was in Bangor, Saturday.

Dr. Augustus Hussey, of New York city, a native of Houlton, was in Bangor on Saturday on his way to that latter town.

Miss Minty Evans who was called to Bangor by the death of her sister, Mrs. W. S. Wilson, returned to Portland on Saturday noon.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier

BY WHIG AND COURIER PUBLISHING CO.

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Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter.

MONDAY, JULY 4, 1898.

FOR GOVERNOR:
LLEWELLYN POWERS, of Houlton.

FOR CONGRESS:
First District, ———
Second District, Nelson Dingley.
Third District, Edwin C. Burleigh.
Fourth District, Charles A. Boutelle.

FOR SENATORS:
James Adams;
Stanley Plummer,
Nathaniel M. Jones.

FOR SHERIFF:
Charles R. Brown.

CLERK OF COURTS:
Charles F. Sweet.

COUNTY ATTORNEY:
Bertram L. Smith.

COUNTY TREASURER:
Henry L. Stubbs.

REGISTER OF DEEDS:
John L. Bowler.

REGISTER of PROBATE:
Amos E. Hardy.

County Commissioner:
Charles L. Hathaway.

Republican Caucus.

The Republican voters of the City of Bangor are requested to meet at City Hall, on Friday, July 8, at 7.30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating three candidates for Representatives to the Legislature to be voted for at the September election.

A petition signed by B. B. Thatcher, A. W. Emery, Waldo P. Lowell, C. [illegible] Wadley, Stover W. Thaxter, E. R. Burpee, H. H. Fogg, John L. Crosby, James H. Burgess, J. F. Gerrity, C. [illegible] Collamore, W. S. Higgins, and [illegible] others requesting the use of the check list at this caucus having been presented by I. K. Stetson a check list will be used. In order that there may be no unnecessary inconvenience to the voters the three candidates will be voted for upon one ticket.

No one who will be entitled to vote at the September election will be deprived of a vote even if their names do not appear upon the check list.

Per order Republican City Committee of Bangor.

Chairman, Fred A. Potter.
Secretary, Frank T. Mason.

Bangor, July 1, 1898.

A Terrific Battle.

Saturday and Sunday were anxious days all over the country and especially in Washington. It was known Saturday night that terrific fighting had taken place during the day, but details were lacking.

The latest news received at this writing is contained in a bulletin from Washington saying that General Shafter reports that he has Santiago well invested on the north and east, but his lines are so thin and the defences so strong that it will be impossible to carry the city by storm with his present force. His losses are reported at a thousand.

It is difficult to judge the situation accurately at this distance with the meagre information at hand, but it certainly looks as though the obstacles to be overcome in the capture of Santiago had been under-estimated. It was announced a day or two ago that General Shafter said he could take the city in forty-eight hours, but such an attack would involve a severe loss of men. Under these conditions it was supposed that he would delay until his heavy guns were in a position to reduce the defences. What has led to the determination to take the city by storm is not known at this writing, but it appears from Gen. Shafter's despatch that his present force is not adequate for the completion of the work so gallantly pushed forward under the galling fire of the heavily entrenched Spanish soldiers.

It would now seem that it will be necessary to send forward reinforcements, move up the siege guns and destroy the defences of the city before it will be possible for the American forces to occupy. The Spanish losses were very heavy in killed and wounded and in addition to these losses our forces captured a good many prisoners.

Our Gallant Army.

While people have been sweltering here at home their thoughts have constantly been with the gallant army engaging a desperate enemy under the tropical skies of Cuba. While with us the mere idea of exertion has been intolerable the army of invasion has been in the midst of the hardest kind of fighting. General Shafter reports that the action of the men composing his command has been admirable. The heat of the sun and the heat of battle have proved insufficient to weaken the superb spirit of the American soldiers. The country will mourn the brave men whose lives have been sacrificed in this war, but as Secretary Alger wired the commanding General their names have been added to the immortal list of heroes. Nothing but the strongest kind of defences has prevented our forces from occupying Santiago. Since the army landed it has steadily progressed toward the city, driving the enemy before it notwithstanding their stubborn resistance. Entrenched behind these defences the Spaniards have simply succeeded in delaying the downfall of the city for a few days.

A Healthy Army.

The news from Gen. Shafter as to the health of the American soldiers in Cuba is in cheerful contrast to hostile Spanish reports of the outbreak of smallpox, yellow fever, black plague and what not which Madrid and Havana pretend to believe afflict our camps. These Spanish reports are to be expected. The Spanish write according to their light, aside from the fact of the wish being father to the bogus news. Grossly ignorant and indifferent to the simplest hygienic and sanitary precautions, the Spanish authorities naturally think of an American army in terms of their own. With [illegible] superstition and Oriental fatalism they allow their soldiers to fall a victim to all the infections going. But that is not the way Uncle Sam's sanitary experts in the army, navy and marine hospital service conduct affairs in war or peace.

Climate and local conditions allowing, it is certain that disease will be kept at a minimum in the army of invasion, and that Spanish hopes that fevers will fight for them will come to naught. Knowing the prevalence of diseases among Spanish soldiers has been largely due to Spanish criminal indifference to health regulations, no part of the Cuban campaign has been given such attention as that of warding off the diseases incident to a campaign in Cuba and in Cuban waters. So far, therefore, as the equipped medical experts of the United States can do it, diseases will be fought all along the line.

OUR REPRESENTATIVE.

Pen Portrait by Murat Halstead.

We reproduce by request from the columns of Harper's Weekly the following pen portrait of the Representative of the Fourth District written by the distinguished journalist, Murat Halstead:

Conspicuously, one of the public men who have for many years in national affairs conferred attractive distinction upon the State of Maine is Charles A. Boutelle. His wholesome personality is engaging, and in the breezy dash and steady glow of his energies appear his inheritance of seamanship, and the characteristics of his ocean education, that laid the foundation for his varied, arduous and brilliant career. He has served in and for the navy in war and peace, fighting the battles of his country as a naval officer, promoted to a lieutenancy—as far as a volunteer could go—for gallant conduct in handling the United States steamer Sassacus in the engagement with the rebel ram Albemarle; and as a member of Congress, foremost in the creation of the new navy, bringing to the task a rare practical intelligence that was invaluable.

Charles A. Boutelle, son of a New England sea-captain, was born at Damariscotta, Maine, February 9, 1839. He attended public school and Yarmouth Academy, and then followed the sea, as his father had done, instead of going to college. He was a volunteer in the naval service in 1862, and assigned to the Paul Jones, of the South Atlantic Squadron, taking part in the blockade of Charleston, and commanding a howitzer battery at St. John's Bluff. He was navigator and ordnance officer of the Sassacus in the desperate engagement with the Albemarle—an incident of celebrity in coast operations. Lieutenant-Commander Roe recommended him for the promotion he got, saying he was "as cool and fearless in battle as in general exercise." The advance to the highest grade open to volunteers was made three weeks after the engagement. In 1865, at the age of twenty-six, Lieutenant Boutelle was placed in command of a division of vessels occupying Mississippi Sound. He had volunteered from the Louisiana service for what turned out to be the famous attack on Mobile, and his vessel was first to break through the obstructions in the channel. When the war was over he commanded a steamer running between Wilmington and New York and was engaged for a time with a shipping commission-house in New York city. In 1863, while on brief furlough, he met and afterwards became affianced to one of Maine's loveliest daughters, whose father, Adjutant General John L. Hodsdon, organized the military forces of the State throughout the war, and she waited for him until he had completed his service to his country when they were married in May, 1866. He has always regarded the union as the greatest blessing of his life, the chief enjoyments of which have been found in the domestic circle, and the one overwhelming sorrow came with the sudden death of his beautiful and devoted wife in 1892, after twenty-six years of ideal companionship. The death of Mrs. Boutelle occurred suddenly, June 28, at their home in Bangor, where he continues to reside with his three daughters, Grace, Elizabeth and Anne. Having a strong inclination toward political journalism, it was by Mr. Blaine's advice that he made, without previous newspaper experience, the venture of assuming, in 1870, the editorship of a daily paper the Bangor Whig and Courier. This paper steadily assumed more and more positive leadership in Republican politics in that section, and became widely known. Mr. Boutelle's intimacy with, and ardent friendship and admiration for Mr. Blaine were never interrupted until the death of the great leader. His first nomination for Congress just ten years after he assumed editorship of the Whig, was due to his prominence in exposing and defeating what was known as the Garcelon countout conspiracy of 1879-80 and while there was nearly 7000 adverse majority in the district at the previous election, he lacked only 855 of election.

He has had the singular fortune of having been nominated for Congress seven times in the largest and most populous district in Maine without ever having a vote cast against him in convention. Mr. Boutelle was a district delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1876; was president of the Maine Blaine Club at the National Convention in 1880; represented Maine on the Republican National Committee at the National Convention of 1884, that nominated Blaine and Logan, was delegate at large and chairman of the Maine delegation in the Republican National Convention in 1888, to which he read the cablegram from Mr. Blaine refusing the use of his name as a candidate, and was a member of the Republican State Committee of Maine from 1875 to 1882. Throughout his career as a Congressman and national politician he has continued his connection with the Bangor paper, and is in general sense in control of its columns. In the Congresses from the Forty-eighth to the present he has been the leading Republican member of the Committee on Naval Affairs, and was its chairman during the Fifty-first Congress, in which he drafted and secured the passage of the law providing for the first three modern battleships of the new navy, and for the commerce destroyers Columbia and Minneapolis, designed to be the fastest on the seas. He has also been the active champion of the policy that has resulted in the establishment of the great steel armor and gun-forging plants at Bethlehem, Midvale, and Homestead, the development of the unequalled gun factory at Washington, D. C., and the development of the ship-building works at Philadelphia, San Francisco, Bath and Newport News, where modern war-ships, unexcelled in power, speed and armament are constructed upon American designs and materials produced in our own country. Mr. Boutelle's service on the Naval Committee of the House covers the whole period of construction of the new navy.

When he became a member of Congress, in December, 1883, we had no modern steel war-ships afloat. Secretary Chandler had contracted with John Roach for the construction of the Chicago, Atlanta, Boston and Dolphin, aggregating 11,363 tons, and they were begun in July of that year.

We have already in commission about 70,000 tons of modern war-ships of the finest type, and when the vessels now under construction are completed, in the fall of 1898, we shall have a modern navy of more than 160,000 tons, embracing four first-class and two second-class battleships believed to be the most powerful in the world, six armored coast-defence ships of the Monitor type, one ram, and twenty-seven cruisers, including two of the most powerful armored cruisers afloat, and the two fastest cruisers. Our navy will be seventh in size, and first class in fighting qualities. This accomplishment within the period of a dozen years is remarkable in view of the fact that when we began we had to buy armor, gun metal, shafting, and other material abroad, while now every ounce of it is produced and fashioned on our soil. In 1886 it was seriously proposed to buy naval engines abroad, on the ground that we could not produce them at home. Today our naval engineers have set the pace for the world. The evolution in marine engineering has been a marvel.

The Powhatan, deemed a fine war-steamer in her day, was built in 1850, and was in commission when the new navy was begun. Her speed was less than twelve knots. The Columbia, which has made 22.80 knots, carries more than ten times the boiler pressure of the Powhatan, with engines turning more than eight times as fast, driving three screws instead of paddle-wheels, developing eighteen times as much power, and driving a ship more than twice the size at twice the speed, and does it with machinery of little more than one-fourth as much weight and space per indicated horse-power. The ordnance development is equally striking, from the cast-iron nine and eleven inch and fifteen-inch smooth-bore guns of the war period to the high-power steel rifles weighing more than sixty tons and throwing enormous projectiles more than [illegible] miles.

Protesting on the floor of the House against the proposal to buy naval engines abroad Mr. Boutelle said:

"I believe that the bureaux of our Navy Department are capable today of furnishing as fine models and excellent designs for the hulls, engines and armament of modern war ships as can be produced anywhere under the sun."

In less than seven years he had the satisfaction of seeing this declaration vindicated by the finest and fastest warships at sea, and Bethlehem, Midvale and the Washington gun-factories rank with the best. Insisting upon the use of American production in war-ship building, Mr. Boutelle, in July, 1880, said:

"I regard as one of the primarily important features the re-establishment in this country of the machinery and plant and the hammers that are necessary to furnish the material out of which the navy can be constructed. The establishment of a navy for a nation like ours is not accomplished when we have simply obtained ships. We want to have the ability here to construct ships. That is of infinitely more importance than the question of whether we shall have a few ships at this time."

It is estimated that the new navy now completed and authorized will have cost when work now in hand is completed in 1898 about $80,000,000 for the twelve or thirteen years' period of construction, of which almost $27,000,000 was applied in the two years of the Fifty-first Congress, which also authorized the three first-class battle-ships and the two fastest cruisers. The use of the nickel and Harveying process of hardening armor was introduced by Commodore Folger while Boutelle headed the Naval Committee, and a remarkable incident was that the chairman, Boutelle, obtained, after the passage of the regular appropriation of over $30,000,000 for the navy, the unanimous passage of a joint resolution giving the Secretary $1,000,000 to secure a supply of nickel ore—this on his simple word that the committee agreed on its importance.

"In the history of the Confederate States Navy, Lieutenant-Commander John W. Maffit reports of the Sassacus and Albemarle fight:

"Next sunset, Commander Roe, of the Sassacus, selected his opportunity, and with open throttles and a speed of about eleven knots (about ten knots) struck the Albemarle squarely, just abaft her starboard beam, causing every timber in the vicinity of the impact to creak and complain, but not give way. The pressure from her—the Sassacus—revolving wheels was so powerful as to force the deck of the ironclad several feet below the surface of the water, and create a momentary impression that she was sinking. The crew became alarmed, and were becoming panic-stricken, when the stern voice of the undismayed Cook checked disorder."

There was a desperate struggle between the two vessels. A boiler of the Sassacus was penetrated with deadly results. The Albemarle's tiller broke when she was rammed, the smoke-stack riddled so that bacon and lard were burned to raise steam, and the vessel leaked so that she could hardly be saved at the landing. This was a fight by a wooden boat, the Sassacus, against an ironclad, Albemarle. Lieutenant-Commander Roe said in his official report:

"It gives me special pleasure to speak of the gallantry and devoted bearing of the officers and men. The maintenance of the fight with the guns after the frightful disaster to the boiler was worthy the proudest day of our naval history."

OFFICIALS HURRY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE TO SHAFTER.

Immediately upon receiving Gen. Shafter's telegram concerning his killed and wounded at Santiago, Surgeon General Sternberg, of the army, called on Gen. Van Reypen, the surgeon of the navy, and the two held a long conference. Fortunately the ambulance ship Solace is now in the vicinity of Santiago, and she will be utilized. While the Solace is designed primarily for the use of the fleet, she will be put at the disposition of the army whenever that may be necessary. The navy and army ships will be used interchangeably.

Hurried preparations are being made to send Gen. Shafter the medical assistance asked for. The hospital ship Relief which has been undergoing a thorough overhauling at New York, is about ready to start for Santiago. She will leave today.

Secretary Alger is authority for the statement that no additional troops will be sent from Camp Alger to Santiago before the 8th or 9th of the month. The reason for this is that the auxiliary cruisers Yale and Harvard, which were selected for the purpose of transporting the troops to Cuba, will not be ready to start on the next trip for the island before that date. The change was necessitated by reason of the fact that instead of returning direct to Newport News, it was found expedient to have the Yale go to New York. The reason for the belief in the change in the program was done in order to allow the Yale to take a number of sick and wounded soldiers from Santiago for treatment in the more northern cities. The authorities of the war department have deemed it best to have the troops of Gen. Henry's division which have been ordered to Santiago remain at Camp Alger until the steamer is at Newport News ready to take them to Santiago without subjecting them to any unnecessary delay at Newport News.

BASE BALL NOTES.

Cooley, Lajoie and Lauder made ten of the twelve hits made by Philadelphia against Cincinnati on Wednesday.

The report that Doyle's sickness is a cover for trouble between him and Earl Wagner is probably without reason. Doyle looked the sick man when he was in Boston.

What unrelenting batsmen those "Phillies" are when they get started! The Cincinnatis must have thought they were facing some rapid-fire guns Thursday. "Billy" Shettsline must have a rabbit's foot for the "Phillies" have made a glorious record since he took charge.

President Young has appointed John H. Gaffney to his staff of league umpires. It is said Presidents Soden and Brush recommended a trial for the veteran, in consideration of his work in the college games. Gaffney will report today and may replace Heydler.

The Philadelphia club offered "Ned" Hanlon half of the gross receipts if he would transfer the Fourth of July games to Philadelphia. He says he declined the offer for the good of the game and trusts that Baltimore patrons will show their appreciation. Chicago also wants its Baltimore games transferred to the Windy City. A Saturday and Sunday game would thus be played and as the Chicagos are drawing large crowds the Baltimore club would make big money by the change.

Again the story comes from Cleveland that President Robison is ready to sell his club to the highest bidder. He says that the only way to make baseball profitable in Cleveland is to have Sunday games. And as such games are out of the question he proposes to give up baseball and attend to his street railway interests in Cleveland. The Clevelands, it is said, will finish the season and then Robison will sell the team outright, or the individuals will be sold to the clubs which will pay the best prices.

Jimmie Collins has failed to hit safely in 11 of 60 games. Up to Thursday he had 73 hits, with a total of 103 bases.

Bobby Lowe has not made an error in 14 games. He has played 43 errorless games this season.

Boston has played seven games with New York and has won three.

When Hanlon let Jack Doyle go he evidently knew his business. Doyle has not been taking proper care of himself of late and his ball playing has caused Mr. Wagner several deep thoughts. Now he is anxious to trade his man for a player and cash, principally cash.

Including Wednesday's game, Boston had lost three of four games to Cleveland. In none of these three games did the Indians make more than eight hits off the Boston pitchers, the aggregate being 19. Cleveland made only two fielding errors in the four games.

N. E. Young has accepted an invitation from A. H. Soden to visit the Maine lakes next week. While waiting for a nibble, the two old baseball diplomats incidentally can swap opinions about the present staff of umpires. Mr. Young is a good listener and might be impressed with the idea of trying out eyesight before giving them berths on his official staff.

Fred Doe is still at New Bedford flashing that diamond ring, while the backers of the old club sigh at the thought of what might have been.

It looked at one time as though Brockton had a walkover for the championship, but now both Fall River and Pawtucket have a good show.

Stouch, the Pawtucket second baseman, is a copy of Delehanty of the Philadelphia team, and plays second base in about the same style as Del used to.

Fine manipulating of the schedule and other moves in baseball science have allowed Cincinnati, a good team, to hold the lead almost from the start. Only luck, however, will give the Brush boys the prize unless at least two new men, and good sticks at that, are added to the bunch.

Aron ben Khassof of Bokhara, known as "the Rothschild of Central Asia," is probably the wealthiest Jew in the Trans-Caspian possessions of Russia. He is an importer of silverware, and he aims now to establish an agency of his business in Hamburg. He is the leader of his coreligionists in Bokhara, where the Jews are numerous and well treated, though, like the so-called Multans or British Indian subjects in the Khanate, they have to pay double taxes. They appear to thrive and make money and are on the best of terms with the Emir's Kush-Begi, who certainly appears desirous of maintaining friendly relations with them, and does not hesitate to invite them to his table on festive and other occasions. Even at the religious initiation of his two sons this high functionary thought the ceremony incomplete without the presence of twenty representatives of the Jews, headed by "the Rothschild of Central Asia."

A correspondent of "The Chicago Record" the other day met a cadet who is still a student at the Naval Academy, and asked if he knew Constructor Hobson. "Yes, he has been my teacher for two years. I know him well." "What sort of a fellow is he?" "Wheels in his head," was the laconic reply. "Triple-expansion crank." "Know his business?" "You bet he does! Nobody knows it any better than he."

It is still an undecided question whether King Menelek of Abyssinia will attend the Paris Exposition of 1900, but it is said to be certain that he will make a trip to Jerusalem in that year, in order to find, if possible, the spot where the Queen of Sheba had her interview with Solomon. He claims direct descent from the Queen of Sheba.

Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews, president of Brown university, was asked if there was any truth in a report that the superintendency of Chicago's public schools has been tendered him. He refused to say that he had ever heard the report, and positively declined to admit that he had been considering such an offer. It is known, however, that he has been considering an offer for the past month, and it is stated on high authority that he will probably accept the position, affairs at Brown not being entirely satisfactory to him. The position carries with it a salary of $6000.

Hanover College of Madison, Wis., has conferred on Governor Mount the degree of LL. D.

W. J. Arkell of "Judge," once offered to bet Clark Howell all his publications against the Atlanta "Constitution" that McKinley would be elected.

On the sixty-first anniversary of Victoria's coronation the committees having the project in charge will endow a free bed in one of Boston's hospitals.

Sir Walter Grindlay Simpson, who died in Scotland a week or so ago, was Robert Louis Stevenson's companion on the famous "Inland Voyage," and was the "dear cigarette" on the dedication page.

The double entry system of bookkeeping now in common use, was first practiced in Italy in the latter part of the 15th century.

The first vessel to carry the American flag around the world was the ship Columbia, which sailed from the port of Boston, Sept. 30, 1787.

It was 300 years ago in Florence that the first grand opera was produced.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

At the recent celebration in Paris on the work of Michelet, the Minister of Public Instruction had selections made from the works of the historian and [illegible] suitable for schools and presented a hundred thousand copies to the lycees and colleges of the country.

"THE RIDDLE OF THINGS THAT ARE."

We walk in a world where no man reads
The riddle of things that are,
From a tiny fern in the valley's heart
To the light of the largest star,
Yet we know that the pressure of life is hard
And the silence of death is deep,
As we fall and rise on the tangled way
That leads to the gate of Sleep.

We know that the problems of sin and pain
And the passions that lead to crime
Are the mysteries locked from age to age
In the awful vault of Time,
Yet we lift our weary feet and strive
Through the mire and mist to grope
And find a ledge on the mount of Faith
In the morning land of Hope.
—Harper's Weekly.

RICHES IN TRIFLES.

Some Big Fortunes That Have Come From Little Inventions.

It has become almost an axiom with the majority that larger fortunes are to be raised from some simple invention than from difficult and expensive inventions that involve a great outlay of money to manufacture. This is to a certain extent true. A certain American patent for fastening kid gloves has yielded a fortune of several hundred thousand dollars for its fortunate owner, and the inventor of a collar clasp enjoys $20,000 royalty a year as the reward for his endeavor. A new kind of sleeve button has made $50,000 in five years for its patentee, and the simple twisting of safety pins in such a way that there is no possible danger of the point sticking in the child promises to enrich its owner beyond any of his early dreams of wealth. A man one day turned a piece of wire so as to hold a cork more securely in a bottle and forthwith somebody saw a brilliant idea and patented the modern wire stopper holder, which is now used annually on several million bottles. The accidental bending of a hairpin by a woman to prevent it from sliding out of her hair so easily produced a fortune for her husband, who immediately saw the possibilities of a crinkled hairpin for women.

Instances could be multiplied indefinitely of large fortunes being made from small inventions, but fortunately for those inventors who make a life study of intricate problems of mechanics and disdain to waste their talents upon trivial, popular articles of the day there is often also ample reward held in store for the products that take years to produce and which revolutionize existing methods of industry and mechanics.

Edison has reaped honors and riches of a princely character from his discoveries; McCormick has realized in his reaper the fortunes of a millionaire; the Corliss engine brought honors and decorations to its inventor and enabled him to amass a great fortune in a few years; Professor Bell found in his telephone not only the consummation of his early hopes and ambitions, but a substantial pecuniary reward; harveyized steel armor has become synonymous with the inventor's name, and it brings an annual income of huge proportions to its discoverer; Elias Howe, the inventor of the sewing machine, realized over $2,000,000 from his inventions, and Nikola Tesla, though still young and rich in promises, finds an abundance of money in his work.—George Ethelbert Walsh in Cassier's Magazine.

Saved by a Cat.

Sir Edward Osborne, lord mayor of London in his time, bought an ancient house in Yorkshire, and sent his children thither. There were two boys. The elder dutifully obeyed when summoned to his lessons one morning in a turret, but the younger, loitering, "happed to light upon a cat which he delighted to play with and crept after her to catch her under a table in the room, which was covered over with a carpet hanging down to the floor." Thus he disappeared, and next instant a terrible rush of wind overthrew the turret, in which his brother and the tutor sat at work, crushing them to death. Supposing that both her sons were there, the mother fell into convulsions, and we imagine the scene. One of the maids, running in a distracted manner from room to room, caught sight of the small boy peeping from under the table, with the cat in his arms, snatched him up and bore him in ecstasy to his mother, he only crying, "I pray thee, I pray thee, do not whip me!" So it may be said that the Duke of Leeds now owes his existence to a cat.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Mystification.

His weakness was prevarication. His wife detested lying and constantly urged him to mend his ways. One morning she said: "Will, see if you can't be perfectly truthful today. Don't tell a lie. Now, promise!" He promised and went away to work. When he came home to dinner, she said:

"Dear, did you keep your promise?"

"I did," he replied soberly.

Then he caught her in his arms.

"Darling," he cried, "I will not lie to you. When I said I had kept my promise to you, I did not tell the truth; but, believe me, that was the only lie I told all day."

For 20 seconds she was lost in perplexity. Then she gave it up; the problem was too deep for her.—New York World.

Knew It All.

"By the way, Tom," said Mr. Manning to his son, fresh from academic groves, "I have been thinking the matter over, and I have come to the conclusion that I had better go to school somewhere and that you had better take the business and run it. It cannot help improving under the eye of one so gifted as yourself."—Boston Transcript.

Small Tommy's Wish.

Small Tommy was very fond of candy, and asked, "Mamma, can God make anything he wants to?"

"Of course he can," was the reply.

"Well," exclaimed the little fellow, "I'd just like to see him make a big stick of candy with only one end to it!"—Memphis Scimitar.

One Field Uninvaded.

"I see that glass bricks are coming into general use," said the popular science boarder.

"They won't invade the gold brick field," said the cheerful idiot. "They are too easily seen through."—Indianapolis Journal.

Papa's Watch.

"By their works ye shall know them," as the curious small boy said when his father gave him his watch to play with.—Boston Courier.

STEAMBOATS.

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

Bucksport and Camden STEAMBOAT LINE.

On and after June 10, 1898, steamer M. and M., W. D. Bennett, captain, will leave Bucksport at 7.45 A. M., or on arrival of morning train from Bangor; Sandy Point 8.15; Fort Point 8.20; Belfast (Lewis wharf), 10.05; Northport, 10.20; Temple Heights 11.00. Ar. Camden (Whitmore's wharf), 12.15 p. m.

Returning leave Camden (Whitmore's wharf), 12.30 p. m.; Temple Heights, 1.45; Northport, 2.00; Belfast (Lewis wharf) 2.30; Fort Point, 4.05; Sandy Point, 4.30. Arrive Bucksport, 5.00, connecting with 6.15 train for Bangor.

Connections: At Belfast with 10.05 train from Burnham and with 3.45 train for Burnham; at Camden with Electric road for Rockport, Rockland and Thomaston; at Rockland with steamer Gov. Bodwell for Vinalhaven, Hurricane Isle and Stonington, and with steamer Vinalhaven for Vinalhaven, Stonington and Swan's Island, and steamer Silvia for North Haven. Connections made at Belfast with steamer Silver Star for Castine, Islesboro and West Brooksville. When half-hour electric car is run from Camden connections are made with 1.15 M. C. train from Rockland. Tickets sold on steamer M. and M. over M. C. R. R. to Bangor.

During the ten days of meetings at Temple Heights there will be a reduction in fares from all landings.

Commencing Saturday, July 9, steamer M and M will make an extra trip to Northport, leaving Bucksport on arrival of 6 p. m. train from Bangor, and Monday morning leave Northport at 5 a. m., connecting at Bucksport with train for Bangor. During campmeeting week at Northport, the usual low rate of fare from all landings.

THE NEW LINE.

Portland & Bangor

Commencing Tuesday, June 28, the fast and commodious steamer Salacia will begin running between Portland and Bangor.

Going east—Leave Portland (Franklin wharf) Tuesdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M.; Squirrel Island 9 A. M.; Rockland 12.30 P. M., Camden 1.45; Belfast 3.30; Bucksport 5.00; Winterport 5.30, arriving in Bangor about 7 P. M. Going west—Leave Bangor, Dole & Fogg's wharf, Mondays and Thursdays at 5 A. M.; Winterport 6.00; Bucksport 6.30; Belfast 8.00; Camden 10.00; Rockland 11.00; Squirrel Island 2.30 P. M.; arriving in Portland at about 4 P. M.

Connections with the Maine Steamship Co.'s steamers for New York, also connections at Squirrel Island for Boothbay Harbor, Heron Island, Christmas Cove and Pemaquid.

Fares—From Bangor to Portland $2.50, return $4.50, Bangor to New York $7.50, return $12.50.

Freight rates low, to and from all points.

Bangor agent, Harry W. Lunt.

Boston & Bangor Steamship Co.

SUMMER SERVICE, 1898.

Early Arrivals and Late Departures.

Commencing Friday, June 10th, 1898, steamers of the line will leave Bangor alternately

For Boston, via Winterport, Bucksport, Belfast, Northport, Camden and Rockland, daily (except Sunday), Mondays at 12.00 noon, other days at 2.00 P. M.

For Hampden and Searsport, Mondays at 12.00 noon, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12.00 M.

RETURNING

From Boston, daily except Sunday at 5.00 P. M.

From Rockland at 5.00 A. M., daily except Monday, via Camden, Northport, Belfast, Bucksport and Winterport, and due to arrive at Bangor at 10.30 A. M.

From Searsport at 8.30 A. M., and Hampden Tuesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

HENRY T. SANBORN, Agent, Bangor.
CALVIN AUSTIN, Gen. Supt., Boston.
WILLIAM H. HILL, General Manager, Boston.

Bangor & Bar Harbor STEAMBOAT CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1898, IN EFFECT MAY 3.

Three Trips per Week.

STEAMER CIMBRIA

Will leave Bangor at 7.00 a. m. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, for Bar Harbor and way landings.

RETURNING,

Will leave Bar Harbor at 7 A. M. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

MEALS SERVED.

GEO. H. BARBOUR, Pres.
H. W. BARBOUR, Manager.

HUGHES' POINT, ISLESBORO, CASTINE and BANGOR DAILY ROUTE.

New Steamboat Route.

Beginning Saturday July 2, 1898,

STEAMER TREMONT will leave Bangor every Saturday at 3 P. M., and every other week day at 2.30 for all river landings and Castine, Islesboro and Hughes' Point. Returning leave Hughes' Point every Monday at 5 A. M., and every other week day at 6 A. M., touching at Ryder's Cove, 6.15 A. M.; Castine, 6.45 A. M.; Fort Point, 7.30 A. M.; Sandy Point, 7.45 A. M.; arriving at Bangor 10 A. M.

Special reduced fares and excursion tickets for this steamer.

Geo. H. Barbour, Pres.
H. W. Barbour, Gen. Mgr.

PIERCE'S PARK,
B. H. & W. R. R.
Week Commencing Monday, July 4.
HAYES' NOVELTY STARS.
3 HELSTON SISTERS 3
2 THE DEVINES 2
—AND—
WOODARD, Tambourine Juggler.
Two Performances Daily, at 3 and 8.15 P. M.

CLASS CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of the Representative Class composed of the towns of Alton, Argyle, Edinburg, Greenbush, Howland, LaGrange, Mattamiscontis, Maxfield, Passadumkeag, and Seboeis Plantation, are notified to meet by delegates in convention at Weymouth's Hall, in Howland, on the [illegible] day of July, 1898, at 1.30 o'clock P. M., to nominate a candidate for Representative to the Legislature, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said convention. Basis of representation: Each town and plantation is entitled to one delegate, and for every twenty votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1896 one additional delegate, and for votes in excess of [illegible] an additional delegate.

J. H. McGREGOR, Chairman.
Enfield, Me., July 4th, 1898.

RAILROADS.

Maine Central Railroad.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.
In Effect June 27, 1898.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

GOING EAST.

4.30 A. M.—For Vanceboro, St. Stephen, Aroostook County, St. John, the Provinces. Pullman Car to St. John.

6.00 A. M.—For all B. & A. R. R. points.

7.00 A. M.—For Oldtown and Mattawamkeag.

3.20 P. M.—Express for Oldtown, Lincoln, Mattawamkeag, Danforth, Vanceboro, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton and Woodstock, St. John and Halifax.

3.25 P. M.—For all Aroostook points.

4.50 P. M.—For Oldtown and [illegible]ville.

6.30 P. M.—For Oldtown and Mattawamkeag.

Additional locals to Oldtown [illegible] stations leave Bangor, 5.30, [illegible] 1.10, 2.15, 7.30, 9.30 (daily) [illegible] 9.00 A. M. Sundays only.

GOING WEST.

7.00 A. M.—For all points West connecting at Newport for Dover, Foxcroft, Burnham for Belfast, [illegible]ville for Oakland, Winthrop, [illegible] Farmington, Rangeley, Rumford Falls, Bemis.

9.40 A. M.—Express to Waterville, Augusta, Brunswick, Portland and [illegible] White Mountains and Quebec, [illegible] car for Boston.

12.10 P. M.—Mixed, Waterville, Belfast.

1.30 P. M.—Flying Yankee, [illegible] Dover and Foxcroft, [illegible] Lake, Belfast, Waterville, Portland, Boston, White Mountains, Montreal and Chicago. [illegible] Quebec. Parlor car to Boston.

4.35 P. M.—For Dover and [illegible] and Greenville. Waterville.

8.00 P. M.—Every night for Portland and Boston. [illegible] Sleeping cars to Boston.

12.50 A. M.—Express for Portland, Boston, with sleeping cars [illegible]

Night trains between Bangor and Boston run every night including Sundays.

Additional locals to Bangor stations leave Oldtown 6.25 A. M., 1.30, 2.45, 5.55, 7.00 (daily); 12.02 night and on Sundays [illegible]

BUCKSPORT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for [illegible] 6.55 A. M., 11.50 A. M., 4.40 P. M.; 6.45 P. M., Saturdays only. Bucksport 7.25 A. M., 1.05 P. M., and 7.45 P. M., Saturdays. Leave Bucksport for Bangor [illegible] Mondays only. Arrive in Bangor [illegible] A. M., 4.30 and 7.15 P. M., Sundays at 6.54 A. M.

MT. DESERT BRANCH.

Trains leave Bangor for Bar Harbor, Sullivan, Sorrento at 7.05 and [illegible] M., 3.15 and 4.45 P. M. for [illegible] Ferry, 7.05 A. M. (mixed), [illegible] worth, 6.00 and 11.24 A. M., 5.50 P. M. (daily).

Leave Bar Harbor 4.7.00 [illegible] M., 3.50, 8.45 P. M. (daily). Desert Ferry at 7.50 11.20 A. M. [illegible] Leave Ellsworth at 8.50, [illegible] 1.32 P. M. [illegible] M. (daily). Arrive Bangor [illegible] 1.10 P. M. 3.45 [illegible] P. M.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

7.05 A. M.—Bar Harbor, Sullivan, Sorrento.

8.15 A. M.—For Bar Harbor and Sorrento.

8.25 A. M.—For Portland [illegible] 11.35 A. M.—For Bar Harbor. 4.15 P. M.—Bar Harbor, Sorrento.

8.00 P. M.—Portland, Boston, [illegible] for Bath and Lewiston. Sleeping car attached.

12.50 A. M.—Express, Portland, Boston.

ARRIVALS.

Through trains from the East at 12.30 A. M., 1.00 P. M., [illegible] From Mattawamkeag 9.25 A. M., 4.25, 11.30 P. M., [illegible] ville 9.25 A. M., B. & A. R. R. [illegible] P. M.

From the West—Arrive [illegible] and Portland 4.15, 4.55 A. M. and 3.00, 4.30, 6.20 P. M., Waterville and from Dover [illegible] croft via Dexter 8.50 and 11.[illegible] Sunday paper train 11.30 A. M.

GEO. F. EVANS,
Vice Pres. and General Manager.
F. E. BOOTHBY,
General Pass. and Ticket Agent.
June 23, 1898.

Bangor & Aroostook RAILROAD.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect Monday, June 27, 1898.

Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars between Caribou and Bangor on train leaving Caribou at 6.40 A. M., and Bangor at 3.25 P. M.

Until further notice trains will leave Bangor as follows:

6.30 A. M.—For and arriving at LaGrange at 7.43 A. M., Milo 8.03 A. M., Brownville 8.15 A. M., Katahdin Iron Works 9.25 A. M., Norcross 9.07 A. M., Sherman 10.07 A. M., Island Falls 10.[illegible] A. M., Smyrna Mills 11.00 A. M., Weeksboro 11.25 A. M., Masardis 12.[illegible] P. M., Ashland 12.25 P. M., Houlton 11.25 A. M., Presque Isle 1.02 P. M., Caribou 1.30 P. M., Fort Fairfield [illegible] P. M., Dover 8.35 A. M., Guilford 8.[illegible] A. M., Monson Junction 9.35 A. M., Greenville 10.00 A. M.

3.25 P. M.—For and arriving at Brownville 4.54 P. M., Norcross 5.40 P. M., Sherman 6.30 P. M., Island Falls 6.[illegible] P. M., Houlton 7.45 P. M., Presque Isle 9.15 P. M., Caribou 9.40 P. M., Fort Fairfield 9.35 P. M.

4.50 P. M.—For and arriving at LaGrange 5.58 P. M., Milo 6.25 P. M., Brownville 6.35 P. M., Katahdin Iron Works 7.10 P. M., Dover 6.40 P. M., Guilford 7.03 P. M., Monson Junction 7.20 P. M., Blanchard 7.35 P. M., Greenville 8.10 P. M.

ARRIVALS.

9.25 A. M.—Leaving Greenville at 6.[illegible] A. M., Monson Junction 6.55 A. M., Guilford 7.12 A. M., Dover 7.25 A. M., Katahdin Iron Works 6.25 A. M., Brownville 7.25 A. M., Milo 7.40 A. M., Lagrange 8.15 A. M.

1.07 P. M.—Leave Caribou 6.40 A. M., Presque Isle 7.05 A. M., Fort Fairfield 6.45 A. M., Houlton 8.35 A. M., Ashland 7.35 A. M., Masardis 7.55 A. M., Weeksboro 8.33 A. M., Smyrna Mills 8.58 A. M., Island Falls 9.27 A. M., Sherman 9.48 A. M., Norcross 10.45 A. M., Brownville 11.37 A. M.

7.20 P. M.—Leaving Greenville 3.5[illegible] P. M., Monson Junction 4.43 P. M., Guilford 5.02 P. M., Dover 5.20 P. M., Caribou 12.10 P. M., Presque Isle 12.38 P. M., Fort Fairfield 12.15 P. M., Houlton 2.15 P. M., Island Falls 3.12 P. M., Sherman 3.40 P. M., Norcross 4.10 P. M., Katahdin Iron Works 3.40 P. M., Brownville 5.40 P. M., Milo 5.48 P. M., Lagrange 6.10 P. M.

GEO. M. HOUGHTON,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent.
F. W. CRAM, Vice Pres't and Gen'l Mgr.
Bangor, Me., June 21, 1898.

MRS. A. G. BLAISDELL,
Chiropodist, Manicure and Shampooing.
NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
Mrs. A. G. Blaisdell wishes to announce to her patrons that she has removed to No. 11 Clark street, just above Y. M. C. A. building. All orders will be promptly attended to. Office hours 11 to 1 o'clock and from 5 to 7 o'clock.

4th of July Goods
Fire Works, Cuba[illegible] American Flags, Japanese La[illegible] Candles, Picnic [illegible] of all kinds.
(5c and 10c & 99c Store) 123 & 125 Main St., Ba[illegible]

Boston STAR Co[illegible]
10 BRILLIANT STAR ENTERTAINMENTS

CLEARANCE SALE
BICYCLES
BANGOR BICYCLE [illegible]
17 EXCHANGE ST. 230 HAMMO[illegible]

State of Maine

Administratrix Notice

YOU WANT IT
ORDER FOR
Uncle Sam's Na[illegible] Art Portfolio
Bring this order together with 10 cents in cash for each Portfolio.
"THE WHIG"
PORTFOLIO DEPARTMENT
BANGOR, MAINE.
TUESDAY, JUNE 28th

BOSTON UNIVERSITY Law School.

HAVE YOUR . . .
Painting, Papering, Grain[illegible]
—DONE BY—
ROBERT C. C. GILL,
102 Exchange Street, Ba[illegible]

UNITED STATES WAR LOAN
$200,000,000
3 per cent. Bonds.
Tyler, Fogg & Co.

St. Croix Exchange Ho[illegible]
The largest and leading Hotel in city, with all modern improvements. The most centrally located, accessible to all parts of the city. All lines of electric cars pass its doors.
CLARENCE CHAPMAN, Pro[illegible]
CALAIS, MAINE.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Have You Seen ?

The New Spring Style Hats at

& M'G'S,

One of the largest and finest lines in the city to select from.
Our new line of NECKTIES, they are beauties, just look at them
New line of HOSIERY, GOLF AND BICYCLE STOCKINGS
for Ladies and Gentlemen. The latest in Collars and Cuffs.
The best line of Gents' Driving Gloves. We are headquarters for
GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
Cor. State and Exchange Streets

Fire Works, Cuban and American Flags, Horns, Japanese Lanterns, Candles, Picnic Baskets of all kinds.

& S,
(Equal 10c & 99 Store combined.)
23 & 125 Main St., Bangor Me.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY.
And reduce your insurance rate by using Chemical Fire Extinguishers. See the "FIRE KING" before purchasing. second to none, and approved by the Insurance Exchange.
C. J. WORTH, Eastern Agent, 78 Exchange St., Bangor.

Picture Framing, Art Supplies, Painters' Supplies,
60 STATE ST.

Opens in this city next October
Boston STAR Course
Not only the cheapest but the best
BRILLIANT * STAR ENTERTAINMENTS
Only $1.00 for all seats in all low priced seats, 10, 15 and 25 cents extra each evening.
Send us your address and you will receive a beautifully illustrated prospectus with full particulars. Boston Star Course Entertainment Co., 36 Bromfield St., Boston.
Wanted: Representative, Mr. WALTER I. BROWN Bangor Headquarters, Room 7, City Hall.

CLEARANCE SALE OF BICYCLES
Victors $27.75; W. $50.00 Whoels $25.00; Second Hand Wheels $10.00 to $20.00.
We have the largest stock of Bicycles and Sundries in the city, and will sell at reduced prices till our present stock is exhausted. Cash or installments.
Repairing and repairing a specialty.
BANGOR BICYCLE CO.,
EXCHANGE ST. 230 HAMMOND ST.

State of Maine.

Penobscot ss.
Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, Bangor, June 28th, 1898.
Notice is hereby given that Terence Bernard Towle of Bangor, in the County and State aforesaid, has filed in his office notice of his intention to apply for admission to Penobscot Bar, at the August term, 1898, of said Court.
CHARLES F. SWEET, Clerk.

Administratrix Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed administratrix of the estate of George W. Getchell late of Bangor in the County of Penobscot, deceased who was a member of the late partnership of Getchell & Co., doing business at Bangor in the County of Penobscot, which partnership consisted of said deceased and Joseph E. Chamberlin, and authorized to retain and administer the property of said partnership and close up its affairs and give bond as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said partnership are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.
Louisa M. Getchell, Administratrix.
Bangor, June 20, 1898.

YOU WANT IT.
ORDER FOR
Uncle Sam's Navy Art Portfolio
Bring this order together with 10 cents in cash for each Portfolio.
"THE WHIG"
PORTFOLIO DEPARTMENT,
BANGOR, MAINE.
TUESDAY, JUNE 28th.
Parts No 13 inclusive now ready for distribution. All orders promptly attended to.

Boston, 9 Ashburton Place.
BOSTON UNIVERSITY Law School.
Fall term opens Wednesday, Oct. 5. For circulars address the acting Dean, Samuel C. Bennett.

HAVE YOUR
Painting Papering, Graining
DONE BY
ROBERT C. C. GILL,
102 Exchange Street Bangor
Drop a card, it will bring me to your house at once. My prices are very low.

UNITED STATES
W. R. LOAN.
Blanks and information furnished and subscriptions received for the new
$200,000,000
3 per cent. bonds.
Tyler, Foss & Co.,
Nichols Building, Bangor, Me.

St. Croix Exchange Hotel.
The largest and leading hotel in the city, with all modern improvements. The most centrally located, accessible to all parts of the city. All lines of city electric cars pass its doors.
CLARENCE L. CHAPMAN, Prop.,
CALAIS, MAINE.

CAMDEN NEWS.

A Summer Visitor Now With Friends On Santiago—Notes of Interest to All.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Camden, July 2. Alfred M. Judson, Jr., of New York, a son of Alfred M. Judson, Esq., a stock broker in New York, has recently distinguished himself at Guiquir by diving into the shark-infested water for guns, bagles etc. that had been cast from the landing boats. Young Judson is well known in Camden, where he has spent several summers at "Storyhurst" cottage. He is a crack shot, a skilful fencer, an expert swimmer and diver, and his many friends in town are pleased to hear of his courage. He was a member of Squadron A. of the New York Volunteer Cavalry, but was not chosen as one of the 562 to go South. He joined Roosevelt's Rough Riders M. and Mrs. A. M. Judson, Miss Josephine Judson and Miss Carrie Crawford arrived at "Storyhurst" Saturday morning.

On Sunday morning at the Congregational church Rev. L. D. Evans will preach a Fourth of July sermon when a collection will be taken for the benefit of the Maine soldiers, who are in hospitals. Collections will be taken in all the churches on next Sunday and every citizen should give liberally.

Rev. W. C. Gaucher visited town for a short visit last week. Mr. Gaucher was rector of the Baptist church here ten years ago. Since then he has been in St. Stephen, New Brunswick. He is now on his regular vacation trip which he will spend traveling in Europe.

The steamer Merryconeag, Capt. Archibald, has advertised for two excursions to Bangor, July 3, and Portland, July 4. The Bangor excursion will leave Camden at 7.45 and return, leaving Bangor at 4 P. M. Fare for the round trip fifty cents. Cars will leave Thomaston at 6 A. M. to connect with boat.

The Camden boys have organized a ball team. The first game will be played with the Thomastons Saturday at 2.30 P. M. at Knowlton grounds.

The son of Putnam Young met with an accident Thursday, playing with a toy cannon, which exploded. He received a bad cut in the forehead and will probably lose the sight of one eye.

The Bangor Whig and Courier will arrive in Camden at 12.30 and be delivered at the subscriber's residence or place of business. Mr. Fred Lewis will have charge of the papers, where they will be on sale.

Mr. V. V. Thompson, head master of the High school at Ashland, Maine, is spending his summer vacation in Knox county, his former home. He will teach at Ashland another year at an increased salary and in 1899 resume his studies at Harvard Medical School.

Hon. Sidney M. Bird of Rockland and his son Alan Bird, a student of the University of Maine, sailed on steamer Umbria of the Cunard line Saturday for Liverpool and will make a tour of several weeks in Great Britain and a visit to some of the capitals and leading points of interest in Continental Europe.

The U. S. fish commission schooner Grampus, Capt. E. E. Hall, has spent most of the summer on the Maine coast, getting seed lobsters and distributing the fry. Capt. Hall reports that he has collected 1700 seed lobsters this year, paying the fishermen 15 cents each. The fry are small, about the size of a small house fly of whitish color, but fully developed in the form of lobsters their claws very prominent. To keep them alive, the water is constantly changed by an ingenious device on board the Grampus. With little effort, the government might establish hatcheries at some point on the coast by which our waters might be well stocked not only with lobsters but codfish.

Col. Baker and Mrs. Baker are at J. F. Thomas' home.

Mrs. H. W. Page and Mrs. Edwin Jenks sailed for Europe June 18, and have arrived safely. Dr. Bartstein W. Page will sail the middle of July to join them.

Mrs. Loyd Chamberlain and son of Brookline, Mass., are in Camden for the summer. Senator Chamberlain will arrive in Camden soon.

Rev. Henry Jones, rector of St. Thomas (Episcopal) church, has been at Waterville this week, attending commencement exercises.

Mrs. S. E. Coombs, who has been spending the winter in California, arrived in town for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Mero of Augusta are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Mero, Chestnut street. Their son, Eldon Mero, was one of the victims of the Maine. He was a master mechanic on the battleship.

Major Dunbar left Friday for Northfield, Mass., to attend the Y. M. C. A. convention. He is president of the Y. M. C. A. of Hebron.

One of the most effective songs at the patriotic concert last Tuesday evening was the "Red, White and Blue," sung by Miss Adeline Adams, daughter of Benjamin C. Adams of Camden. Miss Adams has a beautiful voice, of pure, sweet tones, and she is always received with enthusiasm.

Hon. Edward Freeman and family of Providence, R. I., have arrived at their summer home at Lake City.

Mr. E. L. Dillingham of New York is at "Arequippa." Mrs. Sally Oliver Dillingham and Miss Julia Dillingham of Bangor, are at "Arequippa" for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Simonton and daughter Helen arrived in town today from Winter Harbor, and will make their future home in Camden.

Mrs. Geo. O. Bailey, Mrs. Fletcher, Miss Fletcher and Mr. George Bailey, of Belfast, were in town yesterday.

Mr. F. D. Stanford, superintendent of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., of Portland, was in town yesterday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Patterson, of Vinalhaven, and Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Fifield, are guests of Mayor and Mrs. W. V. Lane.

Miss Clara Palmer of Lawrence, Mass., is at "Cedarcrest," on the Hill, for the summer.

Rev. J. P. Pudden has gone to West Newton, where he will preach on Sunday.

Mr. J. H. Montgomery has rented his residence at the foot of Parker's lane to J. A. Brewster to be used as an annex to his dry goods factory. Mr. Brewster's business has so increased that he has now employed 75 employes for his new factory.

Mr. W. B. Kendall, of Boston, is still at the Bay View House working on the new Camden-Rockport directory for 1898-99, to succeed to A. B. Sparrow & Co., of Boston.

Mrs. Charlotte Gilbert has returned from a visit at Boothbay.

Schooner C. Taylor, Capt. Libby, of Bangor, is discharging lumber for M. C. Whitmore.

Fred McIntyre, son of Capt. McIntyre, is on the U. S. cruiser Brooklyn. Mr. Bert McIntyre is on the Minneapolis.

Mr. J. A. Lyons, proprietor of the Carleton House, took the first degree in the Knights of Pythias Wednesday night.

Guests at the Carleton House are C. Mason, Auburn; Edward Marvin and Mrs. Marvin, John Lang, Boston; S. C. Haven, New Haven; L. C. Morgan, Baltimore.

At the Bay View are H. E. McCoy, New York; W. R. Austin, John D. Short, Worcester; W. P. Sawyer, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Seymar, Boston; E. H. Gilbert, Colin on; Miss Elizabeth Fagwell, Miss E. Burpee, Miss M. W. Farwell, W. H. Bird, A. P. St Clair, R. E. Easton, Rockland; H. B. Farwell, New Orleans; R. M. Carter, Belfast; E. J. Smith, Chas. C. McLain, Portland; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Maccin, of Boston, are at the Carleton House.

BUCKSPORT NEWS

Exodus of the Fair Sex From Town on Saturday.

Streets Being Kept in Good Condition—Bicycle Tax Used for Purpose—Death of Capt. Patten, of Orland—Life at Fort Knox.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Bucksport, July 2. Quite a party of young ladies from town will go to Verona Park this morning to remain over Sunday and the Fourth. They will return in time for the parade on the afternoon of the Fourth.

Selectman S. E. Hall is keeping the streets of the village in excellent condition. The roadway is kept free from stones and little and refuse is cleared each morning. The $90 bicycle tax collected this year for the first time has been appropriated by Mr. Hall for the above purpose.

Word has been received here of the death of Capt. Gavin E. Patten, of Orland. Capt. Patten was mate of the American ship F. B. Thomas, Capt. Blanchard. While the vessel was in Hong Kong Capt. Patten was taken with cramps in the stomach. He was removed to the hospital where he died April 28, after an illness of two days. Capt. Patten was 42 years old and has followed the sea for many years. For four years he was mate on the Daniel Barnes. Capt. Joseph Stover, of this place, is in Hong Kong. It is a strange coincidence that single Capt. Patten started on his last voyage the Daniel Barnes was lost near Hong Kong. The ship masters in Hong Kong started a subscription and defrayed the expense of burial, erected a monument, enclosed the spot with an iron railing, sent a good purse, through the American consul, to Mrs. Patten. Capt. Patten was buried in the European cemetery, Happy Valley. He leaves a wife, three children and a mother. The youngest child, now 7 months old, was born since he sailed. He was a member of Bucksport Lodge, No. 141, A. O. U. W. It is likely that funeral services will be held in Orland.

Mrs. Geo. London and son visited Mrs. A. S. Harrington at the seminary Friday.

Mrs. Josiah Partridge left today to spend a few days with friends in Bangor.

The room of the Bucksport fire department have been painted and thoroughly repaired. Selectman Hall believes in having all departments of the town government kept in "apple pie" order.

Mrs. Hattie Simmons and daughter arrived Friday to spend the summer with Mrs. John Atwood on Franklin street.

Misses Lena Closey and Gertrude Closey left Friday for Northeast Harbor, where they will do table work for the summer.

Miss Elizabeth Snowman and Miss Elizabeth Emery left Saturday for Lynn, Mass.

Thomas E. Shea, the actor, will arrive here about the middle of the month to locate, has a summer cottage on the Shore road.

Mr. Charles Shute, who left for Boston Saturday to spend the Fourth, will return next week and spend the month of July in town.

Our Fourth of July celebration opened Friday evening with a grand display of fireworks under the supervision of Mr. Frank Pierce. For several years Mr. Pierce has been in the habit of celebrating by an display of fireworks. As the City of Bangor will spend the Fourth in Boston it was necessary to take time by the "forelock." Everyone who witnessed the display of fireworks Friday evening will pronounce it a success.

All the good boys in town will undoubtedly be on hand Monday morning to attend Expression of Leslie C. Homer's annual distribution of firecrackers. Once a year all debts are to be reckoned with the good boys called for by Mr. Homer's files. The regimental band, under Band Master Kenney, is preparing for a first class concert for Monday evening.

The life at Fort Knox is very pleasant these summer days. Everyone is busy and the most of the men are interested in the work. The signal corps is fast becoming proficient in sign talking. The practice with heavy guns is kept up every day. Some of the smaller guns have been brought out of the fort and placed in position on the earthworks. The recruits are fast acquiring the manner of veterans and the most of the men are anxious to see field service and are doing their utmost to be prepared when the call comes.

Miss Nancy Nichols arrived home from Elm Hampton, Conn., today, accompanied by Miss Bertha Sears of Portland, Conn.

Mr. Lester Gilman is at present clerking at Grindall's ice cream parlors.

HORRIBLE SPANISH TORTURE TO CUBAN OFFICERS.

Washington, July 2. Capt. Nicholas Peter Stable, aide-de-camp of the secretary of war in Cuba, Col. Forsterling has arrived at Washington and has been in conference with Major Gen. Miles and the officers of his staff. Capt. Stable comes directly from the seat of the Cuban government, now at La Esperanza, where President Masso and his cabinet are located. He brings much information as to the situation throughout the island and his visit is toward securing further co-operation between the entire Cuban forces and the United States troops.

Capt. Stable says President Masso and his cabinet are strongly located at El Esperanza, in the province of Puerto Principe. They have temporary quarters and have fortified themselves successfully against the frequent attacks by Spanish troops. Capt. Stable reports for the first time the details of a hot engagement, continuing through June 3, 4 and 5. The Spaniards numbered 4000, while the Cuban defense was maintained by only 800. Notwithstanding the discrepancy, the Cuban loss was only 47 killed and wounded, while the Spanish left thirty killed on the field, indicating that their entire loss of killed and wounded was much greater. The Spaniards captured two Cuban officers, a first and second lieutenant. Capt. Stable says the officers were subjected to the most inhuman indignities. One of them was placed by the Spanish commander in front of a cannon and at a given signal was blown to atoms. The Spanish commander then called for a volunteer to "de gollado" the remaining officer. This consists of thrusting a bayonet through the neck of the prisoner from one side to the other, penetrating the windpipe. A Spanish volunteer stepped forward and the Cuban officer was thus subjected to the torture of a slow death following the infliction of the "de gollado."

Except for these brutal atrocities the Spanish raid on El Esperanza was futile and the Spanish force finally retreated. Capt. Stable was recommended in his visit to the war department by Senor Quesada, secretary of the Cuban legation. It is probable that these conferences will result in a fuller co-operation when the American army begins to make its way westward to the central part of the island.

A BRITISH PAPER SNARLS.

The unanimity with which the British newspapers have been praising the United States lately, those like the Saturday Review, which in the beginning was so hostile, having either changed their tone or been silent, is again disturbed by the snarling editorial of the Morning Post, which, in addition, prints a letter protesting against Great Britain's "help to America," declaring that it should be known that at the critical turning point of the struggle between Spain and the United States, it is Great Britain which is influencing and determining the issue. John Hay, the United States ambassador, had a long interview with the premier, the Marquis of Salisbury, Mr. John D. Long, the American secretary of the navy, boasted that Admiral Camara's fleet would not be allowed to pass through the Suez canal.

"If," the letter continues, the position of the American forces in the Pacific is considered of importance, this decision will at once become manifest. Four armored cruisers lie in Manila bay after two months of inactivity in tropical waters and short of ammunition and coal. In the meanwhile three small military expeditions which left San Francisco are struggling across. An active commander with a force such as Admiral Camara has would, of course, have the whole American position in the Pacific at its mercy. The American government was aware of this, and when it found that threats of an immediate attack on the Spanish coast was unsuccessful, it appealed to the British government to stop Admiral Camara's fleet."

The special correspondent of the Times in Berlin says that the angry protests of the Cologne Gazette and the Lokalanzeiger against "Americans returning to dictate to Admiral Von Diedrichs (the German naval commander at Manila) as to how he should act, were called out by the statement made by the Evening Post of New York, that an agreement in regard to Admiral Von Diedrichs's attitude had been reached at a conference between Secretary Day and Ambassador Von Holleben, the German ambassador at Washington.

WERE SPANIARDS CALLED BACK?

(Copyright 1898 by Associated Press.)

Montijo Bay, Island of Jamaica, Friday, July 1 (10.30 P. M.)—Delayed in transmission) A Cuban messenger from the insurgents near Manzanillo, province of Santiago de Cuba, who landed near here today from a sail boat, brought the intelligence that the Spanish troops, numbering about 8,000 men, which left Manzanillo on June 23 to march to Santiago de Cuba, were called back by Gen. Pando. It appears that when this army reached the vicinity of Bakamo, Gen. Pando was not with his troops, as had been reported. He was said to be at Havana.

The relieving army, the Cuban says, was ill supplied with food and the roads were almost impassable, so the artillery could not be dragged along. Thus, getting to Santiago in time to succor the garrison there appeared to be impossible, hence the recall of the troops.

OUR RELATIONS WITH CANADA.

An indication of the feeling of cordiality existing between the United States and Canada has been furnished by the application of a battalion of Canadian troops to enter the United States with arms to assist in the celebration of the Fourth of July. The application came from the Forty-third battalion of the troops stationed at Ottawa, consisting of the Royal Scots and the Carleton Rifles. Their desire was to go from Ottawa to Portland, Me., to participate in the celebration.

When the application was submitted to President McKinley he granted it promptly.

Ornithologists tell us that when feeding the stretch of the ostrich is from 20 to 22 inches when walking, but not feeding, 20 inches, and when terrified, 11½ feet to 14 feet, or at the rate of about 25 miles an hour.

In India elephants over 12 and up to 45 years of age are deemed in best condition for purchase, and will generally work well until they are 80 years old.

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Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest,
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkg. only.

NEW YORK LANDLORDS.

Let Their Houses Remain Vacant While Demanding High Rentals.

A newcomer who has been looking for a home not large enough to accommodate one of town furniture remarked today: "What's the matter with rents in this town anyway? I see thousands of flats and offices tenantless, but as most of them are beyond my means I'm curious to know why the landlords don't come down a peg or two and give a poor fellow a chance to locate within reasonable reach of his "restless." And so are others. A friend of mine up in Harlem is one of three occupants of a flat house built for ten. The seven apartments have been empty a year, but the agent refuses to lower the rent when any one of the three threatens to change his address, nor will he scale down the monthly figure in order to fill the vacant and profitless rooms. And this isn't a solitary case of this sort, by any means. Another real estate agent has been holding a row of fine flats for nearly three years because nobody feels like squandering $1,000 on any one of them. If he had knocked off $600, he could have rented every one of them. Just why the metropolitan landlord prefers loss to gain is one of the secrets of the real estate business that outsiders can only juggle with mentally.

Another peculiar feature of the business is the way in which the tenants who can put up a good bluff manage to enjoy all the comforts of an up to date home without paying scarcely anything for the privilege. I know one man here who doesn't pay over $200 a year for a $600 flat. He got behind in his rent, and then he jollied the janitor, who did the collecting. The janitor, in turn, smoothed down the landlord, and as a result the tenant got in deeper and deeper. Now he pays a month's rent once in a while and puts up such a bold front that he gets a receipt on his premises. In the same house is another tenant who pays $65 a month, but he shuts up his apartments for two months every summer and goes seaward. He flatly refuses to pay rent while doing the grand, and the landlord hasn't as yet done a thing to him. Still another high flier puts up $75 a month for the pick of the premises. He's in about four months now, but as yet care hasn't carved any wrinkles on his broad brow. All of which leads to the conclusion that rents are high here in order to cover losses of the sort cited.—New York Letter in Pittsburg Dispatch.

SARCASM BY WHISTLER.

Word Sketch Which Scored a Member of the Hogarth Club.

There is in London an institution called the Hogarth club, the membership of which is restricted to artists and literateurs. It is something on the lines of the old Bohemian club, and both business men and American millionaires are strictly interdicted. Whistler is a member; and, of course, shines by his witticisms. The lines being strictly drawn there is always an effort being made by some outsider to force an entrance, and in the case of Baron Grant it met with success. Grant was a trade millionaire who had made his fortune in Turkish contracts and had invested in an Italian title on his way back to London. He was a particularly notorious person and quite the last man whom the Hogarths should have admitted. However, by dint of buying pictures he got in and proceeded to make his friends happy.

One night a big dinner was organized in his honor and Whistler invited. Though the great artist had refused, he happened into the club on the important evening and a deputation of his friends finally persuaded him into the supper room. He appeared, was wildly cheered and was at once asked to make a speech.

"Gentlemen," he said, "it is on the subject of titles I should like to speak. There are several kinds of titles. Some men are born into them—those are inherited titles; others are conferred by the sovereign and have been earned by distinguished service; a few are attributes of the government, of the law or of the church. All this you know, most of you. But a title which is not inherited, nor yet bestowed for merit, nor even the sign of a position, is but a barren grant."—San Francisco Wave.

A Thrifty Scotchman.

"Well, Jamie, how are you feeling today?" said the minister to one of his parishioners, an old man suffering from chronic rheumatism. "You are not looking as brisk as usual."

"Na, sir," replied the old fellow sadly, "I've been poor wi' unfortunit the day."

"How, Jamie?"

"Weel, sir, I got a letter fra a Glasgo lawyer body this morning, tellin me tha man cousin Jock was dead, an that he had left me twa hunner poun'."

"Two hundred pounds!" repeated the minister. "And you call that hard luck! Why, it is quite a fortune for you, Jamie."

"Ay," said the old man sorrowfully, "but the stipid lawyer body dinna put enough stamps on his letter, an I had a hale saxpence to pay for extra postage."—Lewiston Journal.

From His Point of View.

"But you confess, father," protested the beautiful girl, when the father showed indications of a desire to withhold his consent, "that you do not know of a single solitary thing that is in the least derogatory to his reputation."

"That's just it," replied the old gentleman. "I don't like the idea of bringing any one into my family who is so infernally sly as all that."—Chicago Post.

Many of the fruits and vegetables now eaten in England were almost unknown to our forefathers. Not until Henry VIII's time were either raspberries or strawberries or cherries grown in England, and we do not read of the turnip, cauliflower and quince being cultivated before the sixteenth century or the carrot before the seventeenth century.

Not to Be Thought of.

"Have you selected your topic for a graduation essay?" asked the dear girl's mother.

"Yes, it is 'The Injurious Restraints of Superstition, Ancient and Modern.'"

"That's very interesting. You must get right to work on it."

"Oh, dear, no! You wouldn't have me begin it on Friday, would you?"—Washington Star.

"Yoh kain't git rumpin for nuffin," said Uncle Eben. "Some men is willin an anxious to git away dah opinions

OLDTOWN NEWS.

Sketch of the Life of Recently Deceased Citizen.

Funeral Services on Sunday—A Milford Boy Goes to Philippines to Join Dewey's Forces—News Notes of General Interest.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Oldtown, July 3. In the death of Daniel Sawyer, which occurred Friday at 6 P. M. at his residence on Fourth street, Oldtown, losses another of the old business men and his family a kind and indulgent parent. His death was due to a kidney complaint from which he had suffered for years. Mr. Sawyer was born in Saco in 1820 consequently at the time of his death was 78 years of age. He is survived by three brothers and one sister. The brothers are all over 80 years of age. They are Luther Sawyer, of Bangor; Dr. Freeman W. Sawyer, of Brownville, Indiana, and Arthur Sawyer, of Greenville. The sister is Mrs. Charles Sinnett, of Bangor. He was married in Rockland at the age of 23 to Miss Elonia H. Raymond, of Vinal Haven. After living in Rockland a number of years the couple moved to Bangor where they lived eighteen years. It was there their three children were born. Mr. Sawyer came to Oldtown in 1879 and had been in the store business here continuously to within four years when he retired from active business. His widow and one daughter, Amelia, the wife of Ethan A. Allen, survive him. W. W. Sawyer, Esq., of Milford, is a nephew. The funeral services were held at his late residence Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M. Rev. A. E. Davis, of the Baptist church, and Rev. C. L. Baughan, of the M. E. church, officiating. The bearers were Wilbur Gray, E. R. Alford, James Weymouth, E. A. Pond. Undertaker Rackliff had charge of the funeral services, and the interment was at Forest Hill cemetery. The floral tributes were many and profuse.

Overseer of the Poor John H. Morrison removed Chas. Kelley from the city poor farm to the city hospital where he could receive better treatment.

Mrs. Hilliard is visiting friends and relatives at Westbrook.

Mrs. Stella Lashey and child, who have been visiting in Lee, have returned home.

Mr. J. A. Remage, agent for the Singer sewing machines, has moved his family to this city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Bean have been entertaining Mrs. Wyman and daughter, of Brockton, Mass.

Mrs. Hurley, of Frankfort, accompanied by her three children, are visiting at the house of P. C. Jordan.

F. W. Davis, who was called to this city by the sudden death of his father, Gilman Davis, leaves for Minneapolis Monday.

Mrs. Isaac Terrill, accompanied by her daughter Gertrude, are passing a few weeks at Norcross prior to opening their cottage at Northport.

Mrs. Gerlach, of Milford, goes to Bangor Monday for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Franklin Farnham.

Rev. Donald Fraser preached to a large congregation in Milford town hall Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. John Jackson will entertain Mr. and Mrs. Fred Heald, of Waterville, at her home in Milford July 4th.

Mrs. Mattie Leavitt and son Homer, and Mrs. Eugene Madden passed last week at the Madden cottage in Greenfield, and while there picked a large quantity of field strawberries.

Edward A. Hunt, who resided in Milford until he went to Los Angeles, Cal., a few years ago, has gone to the Philippines to join Dewey's men.

Miss Katharine Rise, of Auburn, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. C. Spencer, in Bradley.

Mrs. George Reed, of Bradley, and daughter Bessie, are visiting in Kendiskeag.

Mrs. George Brown, of Stillwater, is visiting relatives in Hampden.

Miss Annie Reed, who has been visiting in Boston, has returned to Stillwater.

Miss Webster, of Chelsea, Mass., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Cossley.

Miss Sweetser, of Orono, passed part of last week with Mrs. Wesley Trask in Stillwater.

Mrs. Griffin and daughter June, who visited friends in Bangor last week, have returned home.

The public library received a donation last week of Scribner's magazines from A. G. Woodman.

A party composed of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Scott, Mrs. Minnie Gray and Dana Emery made a bicycling excursion of several days to Glamon last week.

The newly circle connected with the Congregational church meets Tuesday with Mrs. C. O. Stevens on Middle street.

The Junior League of the Methodist Society have formed a prayer meeting choir with Adelphia Crawford, Jr., as organist. The choir proposes to attend the Wednesday evening meetings and furnish music.

Mr. Carl Merrill has gone to his home in Lee to pass the Fourth with his parents.

Mr. George Marks, of Lewiston, has joined his wife who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Goodwin.

Mr. Ward Erler has returned from Lawrence, Mass., where he has been visiting his brother. His family will return this week.

Mr. William T. Hamilton, who was so severely injured a few weeks ago while coupling cars at Jordan's mill in Milford, is reported as gaining rapidly.

Mr. Lewis Brimsdell passed away at his home on Stillwater avenue Thursday at the age of 43 years. He is survived by a widow and four children. The funeral services were held at his late residence Saturday at 2 P. M., Rev. E. A. Davis, of the Baptist church, officiating.

Henry Barker, of Milford, is having a bath room put into his new house in addition to other plumbing. E. A. Blanchard is doing the work.

Mrs. E. A. Blanchard has gone to Brownville for a short visit.

C. E. Lunt is confined to the house by the nervous shock occasioned by the extraction of a tooth.

Mrs. Bertha J. Pierce, widow of Ephriam B. Pierce, formerly of this city, for many years a resident of Massachusetts, died on Friday and the remains arrived in Bangor Friday night. The burial was at Mt. Hope cemetery on Sunday, the funeral being from the residence of her brother, Mr. George H. Oakes. Her age was 65 years. She is survived by Mrs. Burr, of Brewer; Mrs. H. O. Richardson, of this city; Mrs. Milliken, of Boston, formerly of Bangor. Mrs. Pierce was an aunt of Mrs. George H. Bond.

Miss Kingsbury, of Bradford, who has just finished teaching a term of school at Bailey, was in town Saturday on her way to her home to pass her vacation.

Miss Cora Wilson went to her home in Bradford Saturday to pass Sunday. On her return she will be accompanied by Miss Nellie Plummer, who will pass a week here.

BELLS NORTH NEWS.

Appointment of Collector of Customs a Satisfactory One.

People Leaving for Cool Nooks—Personal and Other Notes of Interest.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Bellsworth, July 2. Webster H. Fenley, of Boston, gave an instructive smoker talk on photography at the Camera Club last evening, which the members of the club appreciated highly.

Wellington Faulkin's horse ran away Saturday morning, dashing over School street at a rapid rate and giving Miss Haslam and a woman friend a bad scare from the fast ride. The horse cut a leg badly and a hemorrhage also resulted from this trial of speed. Dr. G. T. Caldwell gave the horse proper treatment.

Miss Clio M. Chilcott has returned from Waterville, where she has been in a tendance on the Colby commencement exercises.

Miss Ethel B. Jellison has entered the office of A. W. Cushman & Son, to act as bookkeeper for the firm. Miss Lillie E. Davis is studying stenography in the Postal office in this city. Both the young ladies are members of the High school class of '98.

A party of ten young people have engaged Hoskins's cottage for a week's outing at Shady Nook, and have already migrated from the heated town. Mrs. S. K. Whitney, 2d, will be the chaperon.

Horace Newenham, of Cherryfield, who has been a distinguished member of the Colby base ball team this season, is visiting Ernest L. Moore, in this city. Mr. Newenham is a member of the Senator Hale hose running team.

Fred Flynn, of Bangor, is in town, after an absence of a month or two, during which time he has been employed in Gardiner. He will run with the Dirigo hose company in Bangor on July 4.

A chimney burned out at R. D. Holmes' residence on the Berry road on Saturday and about 3 o'clock in the afternoon the roof of the main part of the house caught from some big sparks and the shingles began to blaze. An alarm was rung in and the hose teams had a lively race for the scene. But a few pails of water extinguished the flames without the aid of the department.

The appointment of Henry Whiting as collector of customs of the port of Frenchman's bay, to succeed John B. Redman of this city, is entirely a satisfactory one. Mr. Whiting has been in business for 25 years in the store formerly occupied by his father, the late Henry Whiting, in B'ah, and now occupied by the firm of Whiting Bros. He has served as alderman from Ward 1, and is known as an honest and able man. He is a college graduate.

President James B. Angell, who has resigned the ambassadorship to Turkey, is expected to resume the discharge of his duties at the University of Michigan in October next.

Mr. Charles G. Stifel, of St. Louis, is to present to the city a bronze statue of the German poet Schiller, now being cast at Stuttgart. It will be set up in St. Louis place, near the home of the donor.

Canon Silvan Evans, who has been granted the annual civil list pension of $300 in England, has done probably more for Welsh literature than any man living. He has for years devoted himself to the completion of an exhaustive Welsh dictionary.

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Lowest Prices.
Best Line in City.
F. E. ALLEN,
OLD TOWN, - MAINE

ICE
We have the only ice that is frozen from pure water. We have a few more of those hard wood refrigerators for sale cheap or to let for the season.
McCarsland & Co.,
SHIRLEY STREET.

Going Fishing?
Get your tackle of us. Entire outfits of the best.
SPLIT BAMBOO ROD 99 CTS
Take a Camera.
Agents for Eastman Kodak Co., and all leading makes. Photographers' supplies.
H. L. BURNHAM, Old Town.

Reopened for Business.
COUSINS' HOTEL
Ready to serve the public. Enlarged and room newly furnished. Table service the best. Rates right.
GEO. O. COUSINS, Prop., Oldtown.

CROCKERS' HOTEL,
Opp. M. C. R. R. & Ai Station, Oldtown, Maine
Light, airy rooms, electric light and bells, modern sanitary arrangements. Cafe connected, where lunches can be obtained at all hours.

NEW BOOKS
Helbeck of Bannisdale, by Mrs Humphry Ward; Meeting with Gomez, by Grover Flint; Cuba in War Time, by Richard Harding Davis; General Manager's Story, by Herbert N. Casson; Love and Rocks, by Laura E. Richards.
—On sale by—
D. BUGBEE & CO.

EVERYBODY IN BANGOR
Knows that at LYNCH'S can be found everything in his line. It is not necessary to enumerate the many choice things he has to offer today for a Sunday dinner. Only call or order, and what you want and at Lynch's can't be found at a market in Bangor. Remember also that Lynch keeps only the very best the market affords. For the quality of his goods his prices are always reasonable. Don't fail to order your dinner there today.
LYNCH'S Leading Cash Market Exchange Street.

ATHLETICS IN SPORTS.

John Teemer, the ex-champion professional oarsman, takes this view of the respective methods of rowing: "As to strokes, English and American I do not think that the stroke is of supreme importance. I hold that it is always second to watermanship. Every waterman knows how to stroke, although some of them do not look pretty at their work. They all know, however, how to propel a boat speedily through the water. My idea of a stroke is one which comes most naturally to a man or set of men." I am not an admirer of the much advocated English stroke, and do not think that it is suitable for American boys. I much prefer that taught by Courtney at Cornell. Now here is the difference between the English and American strokes briefly in a nutshell: Our English cousins believe in using the whole body for all it is worth in rowing, and when they have gone forward on the sliding seat to the limit and fairly gripped the water with the oar they straighten out the arms and keep them straight as long as possible, pulling the oar meanwhile through the water vigorously, but steadily with the weight of the entire body on the sweep, the legs pressing evenly but not over strongly upon the footboard. When they are obliged to crook the arms and have drawn the oar to the breast at the finish of the stroke a tremendous pressure has apparently been brought to bear upon the oar. The greater part of that pressure is sustained by the back. The oar has been kept as long as possible in the water and to relieve the strain upon the oarsman a much narrower blade is used by the Englishman than our boys have been accustomed to handle. Undeniably this English stroke makes the boat travel through the water with great speed, but the strain upon the body is such that but few can stand it for a long journey. Englishmen can stand it better than our lads who have tried it, because they are naturally thicker about the waist—barrel-bodied fellows, more like fighters than oarsmen—and because they have been accustomed to that style of rowing from childhood. Now, as to the American stroke it differs from the English in these points: After going forward on the reach the oarsman slightly hunches his back as he grasps the water, pushes vigorously at the footboard with his feet and makes the shoulders and arms as well as the body and legs do the work. There is more even distribution of power and the back is spared the great strain that the English stroke calls for. The recovery is quicker and the oar is not left in the water so long, but the Yankee argues that he makes up for this in motor power by the broader blade he uses. I believe that the stroke can be improved upon by a bit longer stay in the water for instance, but even as it is I prefer it for the American oarsmen to the English stroke."

Regarding the statements that Bernard Wefers or any other man can run himself to death by steady training, says Piper Donovan, the professional sprinter, "I know from experience that the more a man trains the healthier he becomes; that is, if he will take a rest of a week or so after he has trained for a couple of months. I have trained, as much in my life and as hard as any man in the world, and yet there is no evidence that my heart is abnormally enlarged from so doing. It is alleged that the faster a man runs the greater the evil effects. Now, when I started running some thirteen or fourteen years ago, I weighed about 124 pounds and I greatly increased my weight until I scaled at 180 pounds. And I trained harm from the time I started up to today. When I trained for the world's champion sweepstakes I weighed 168 pounds but I reduced to 147 pounds in eight weeks, and at that time I could have broken the 200 and 220 yard records as easily as I reduced the 100 yard figures to 9 9-5. At the rate I was going when we reached the tape in that race I would surely have established new figures for the long distances. I am sorry I did not do it at that time but I feel certain I will do so this fall, if anybody cares to make a match with me at either of the distances named. As to the claim that it is a man's heart to train hard I know several who ran for years and do not show that they have heart trouble. As notable illustrations let me recall Hutchin, who would think it no work to set Wefers out five yards, so Englishmen say, in 100 yards, and he has been running for a long time and continues in the game. Billy Mills, Steve Farrell, 'Pooch' Donovan, Jack Gibson and myself have been running for years, and I think that any doctor would pass all of us in the army, except perhaps, Mills, who has not yet got his growth. I know of no doctor's heart that I would swap for my own."

The resignation of Keene Fitzpatrick as Yale's athletic trainer was received with surprise by athletes generally but by Yale men in particular. Fitzpatrick's work at New Haven is understood, to have been very satisfactory and the defeat by Pennsylvania at the late collegiate championships was in no way traceable to Fitzpatrick. Yale's poor showing was due entirely to the war, which caused the loss of some of the Blue's best athletes, who retired temporarily from the athletic field to enlist. Fitzpatrick's work has always been of a high order, and it is understood that he has decided to accept an offer to return to the University of Wisconsin. It will be recalled that when Mike Murphy resigned from the Yale A. A.'s service to go to Pennsylvania, Fitzpatrick, who was then with Wisconsin, was invited to come East. Rumor has it that Mike Murphy has been considering the advisability of leaving the University of Pennsylvania to become the manager of a league club. If that is so both Yale and Pennsylvania will have to do some great skirmishing to fill the vacant places. One man available in this city and a very competent fellow is Al Copland, whose long experience and acknowledged ability would make him a valuable man for Yale.

The all-round championship meet of the A. A. U., to be held this year at Bergen Point on July 4, promises to be an interesting contest. Among the entries is that of E. C. White, of Cornell, who performed meritoriously last year. His best performances for each of the ten events are as follows: 100 yards, 0.11; shot, 37 feet 8½ inches; high jump, 5 feet 5½ inches; walk, 4.00 1-5; hammer, 114 feet 6 inches; pole vault, 8 feet 11½ inches; hurdles, 0.17 2-5; 56-pound weight, 24 feet 10 inches; broad jump, 19 feet 6½ inches and mile run, 5.35. The athletic committee has decided to leave the entries open until tomorrow. ... cap; 440-yard run, handicap; novice team race, one mile, open to clubs, schools and association of Hudson county; mile run, handicap; 880-yard run, novice; 220-yard run, handicap; one-mile novice cycle, open to New Jersey riders, and a two-mile bicycle handicap, open to all amateurs.

A movement has been started among alumni of the University of Wisconsin for the abolition of intercollegiate athletics. They allege that such contests increase the expenses of college life and are more or less demoralizing to the participants, and the constant charges of fraud and foul play between what should be friendly institutions of learning furnish a sufficient reason for their discontinuance. The matter has been referred to a committee.

In the recent 130-yard sprint race at Sheffield, England, for £100 a side, between Harper and Bannister, the former won. Bannister led for three-quarters of the distance, when Harper passed him and, holding his lead, dashed home a half yard ahead, covering the distance in 0.12 4-5.

"Had Barrow" Weeks managed the Chicago Athletic Association team," said a New Yorker yesterday, "I think that the New York Athletic Club would have lost instead of won, the late dual meet. The victory was largely the result of good management, for the Western men had a fine string of athletes."

It seems to be the prevailing impression in the West that New York sporting men lost in the aggregate a large sum of money on Hawkins, who was knocked out by Sullivan. That is not so. Hawkins was made a favor to in the betting by California and Western money in the hands of a few bookmakers.

A record breaking number of Canadian entries have been promised for the national rowing championships to be decided on the Schuylkill on July 22 and 23. Although the entries for the national do not close until about the middle of July enough have already been received to make the regatta a success.

Amateur rowing is not so dull in Canada, when the Argonaut Rowing Club of Toronto could muster twenty-six four-oared shell crews for its spring regatta.

Kraenzlein, the famous hurdler and broad jumper of the University of Pennsylvania, has entered a swimming race to be held at Philadelphia on July 4.

McDuffee's pacemakers and the National Cycle Track Association do not seem to agree on questions involving the payment of salaries.

George Godfrey, the 43-year-old pugilist boxer of Boston wants to re-enter the ring and expresses his willingness to box any heavyweight.

Clapp, the Yale wonder in pole vaulting, is a Y. M. C. A. man who is preparing himself for gymnastic teaching.

MILO'S FOURTH OF JULY.

How Independence Day Will Be Celebrated in That Wide Awake Town—Large Preparations for Visitors and Elaborate Exercises Prepared.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Milo, July 2. Milo has determined not to be left behind this year and will give such a celebration on the anniversary of our country's freedom as is seldom seen in this county. The committee on arrangements, consisting of C. H. Perkins, chairman, Dr. H. A. Snow, A. F. Spearing, A. L. Ward, F. D. Monroe, C. Stanchfield, F. M. Durgin, Elwood Brawcott and P. H. Peakes have been hard at work for a long time making preparations for this glorious day and have left nothing undone that will aid to make this one of Milo's most successful celebrations. The houses and stores are being decorated with bunting and the national colors are making their appearance everywhere. Barrett's full uniformed band will be in attendance and furnish music throughout the day. The baseball game at the park between the Milo's and Guilford's is likely to prove interesting and exciting and will add much to the attractions of the day. The running horse race under Fred Spearing's management is sure to prove attractive, and the outcome will be watched with interest, as there are many entries and a purse of $45 is offered to the winner. This race is open to any horse in the state. The bicycle race will give the amateurs an opportunity and good to be figured, to demonstrate the rapidity with which they can split the bracing air of southern Piscataquis, and the goal is worth striving for as the winner will be awarded a Christy saddle, and the second in the race will be a cyclometer. Three prizes of $1.50 and 75 cents will be given to the winner of the potato race which will doubtless furnish much fun for the industrious participants in the proceedings. Four hundred and forty yards is the distance in which the fast runners of this county will be given an opportunity to demonstrate who can run fastest and incidentally to secure the prizes of $2 and $1 which are offered. There will be more amusement than money in the sack race as only 50 cents has been offered as a prize, but this will not in any way detract from the interest that always centers in this game. The wheelbarrow will be run by those skilled in the work and 50 cents will be awarded to the winner of this race. Last but not least is the three-legged race for the prizes of 75 cents, 50 cents and 25 cents. That is sure to prove an attraction and there will doubtless be many competitors. The races will be under the management of Paul Peakes which insures fair play and just awards.

The dinner at the park given by the boys of the band should be patronized by the people as it will help the boys and the people are sure of a good square meal. Supper can be had at the Oriental House.

The address will be delivered by A. F. Palmer, A. B., and those who listen will be sure of a patriotic address delivered in a manner that will hold the close attention of the audience.

The parade will be a large one and every effort has been made to make this one of the most interesting parts of the day's proceedings. The parade will form on Park street in the following order:

Platoon of Police, B. E. Kimball, Chief.
Marshal H. A. Snow, M. D.
Marshal's Aids.
Barrett's Band.
Odd Fellows.
G. A. R. Post.
Women's Relief Corps.
Foresters.
Good Templars.
Woman's Christian Temperance Union.
Old Citizens in Carriages.
Engine Co. Albert Murray, Chief.
13 Original States Represented by 13 Young Ladies.
Stars and Stripes by 18 Girls and 13 Boys.
Ship of State, 50 Young Ladies.
Trades.
Schools.
Drum Corps.
American Navy, 40 Boys.
Ambulance Wagon.
Doctors and Nurses.
Spanish Army and Navy.
Bicyclists.

The line of march will be from Park street, through Main, crossing bridge to Mill, turning at Gould's, back to Main, down Elm to Church, to Pine, thence back to Main and down to Park, disbanding at corner of Park and School. The band will then lead the people to the park where the ball game and races will take place.

In the evening there will be a grand display of fireworks and a band concert in front of Chase's Hall, in which the day's entertainment will be concluded by a grand ball. C. H. Perkins will be floor director, aids: ... P. Peakes, Milo; J. Hudson, Guilford; Willis Gray, Sangerville; C. H. Bowden, Dover; H. J. Anderson, Hudson; John Foulkes, Brownville; John Doble, Lagrange; Lewis Livermore, Sebec and O. Huntington, Bradford.

EASTPORT NEWS.

The Sardine Syndicate—New Electric Plant—A Big Fill.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Eastport, July 1. The air is rife with rumors regarding the number of options on factories that have been accepted by the syndicate people. The options expired at twelve o'clock last night but as this meeting nothing has been given out, as the lawyers are still busy making their final examinations. It is asserted by some who may have some way of obtaining inside information that two of the largest packers will not be included in the list. If this is so, then the opposition in the trust will be strengthened by several hundred thousand dollars of capital. Within a few days the result will be known and the American Sardine Co. will probably have control of about seventy per cent. of the factories.

Work is well advanced on the Dennysville Lumber Co.'s wharf, which, when completed will be one of the best docks on the city front.

The Methodist society held an ice cream sale at the church on High street last evening and realized a neat sum.

A. H. Cole, manager of the Burnham & Morrill lobster factory, is in town today on his way to Portland, the season's business being over. The output at his shop has been light compared with the last season's.

Miss Lena Smith, principal of the North End school, leaves today for a few weeks' visit in Boston.

The Viking carried a large excursion to the races at St. Stephen today.

The delegates to the District and State convention returned today well satisfied.

The school board held a meeting behind closed doors last evening and it has leaked out today that they re-elected all the present teachers in the employ of the city save two of the principals.

Capt. Geo. H. Oakes of this city, late in command of the Pentagoet, for several seasons plying between this city and New York has gone to the latter city, it is rumored there, it is said, by the company who will, about the 20th of this month open a new line, touching here and terminating at St. John.

George Hume, of this city, who recently graduated at the Institute of Technology of Boston, will shortly go to Lubec to do some surveying for the Klondike people and later install a large electric plant for them.

The steamer State of Maine brought a quantity of 20-inch iron pipe for the W. C. R. R. The pipe was in ten pieces 12 feet long, each weighing two tons, and were taken from the steamer and hauled to the fill near the Redoubts by C. B. Dow. The pipe will be used for drainage purposes in the fill, which is forty feet deep and 120 feet wide, said to be the deepest on the line, and will require 15,000 cubic yards of earth to fill.

Miss May Clark returned to Boston by today's steamer.

An accident happened at the corner of Washington and High streets this noon, whereby a young man named Newcomb driving F. J. Ramsdall's ice cart received severe bruises. In turning a corner too near the gutter the cart went into the ditch and threw the man off in such a way that the hind wheel passed over his shoulders and he also received a severe cut in the head. He was picked up unconscious and will be confined to the house for some days.

A horse driven by two men was standing near the boiler on the railroad line last evening when the engine was started and the puffing frightened the animal, which started to run, overthrowing the carriage and breaking it in several places. Nobody was hurt.

Beginning Monday H. N. Boyd & Co. will run a team on the route about the city, delivering ice cream and fruit of all kinds to their customers and all others who choose to patronize them.

Jerry Sullivan, the popular old boatsman, has his large sloop in trim for the summer business, and every fine day sees him off in the bay with a party. Everybody knows Uncle Jerry and he is always in demand with the people who summer here.

AT 90 HE WALKS 917 MILES.

People who were on Crockett street yesterday may have noticed an aged man wending his way toward the post-office, a stout stick being his support.

He was an odd-looking character. White hair denoted extreme age, and his step was somewhat unsteady but his figure was upright with indications of vigor and though drawn, there was a rugged look on his face and his eyes were lustrous.

Across the traveler's shoulders were strapped two large canvas packages which hung in front; a large water canteen hung by straps to his back.

His name is Buckingham, a shoemaker by trade, and he is now nearly 91 years old. He came from El Paso to Beaumont and walked every foot of the way, carrying water and provisions while traveling through the deserted country along the Mexican border.

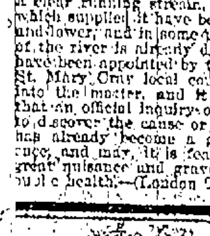
From Mr. Buckingham no details of his journey could be obtained, except that he left El Paso on Feb. 10 of this year and made the trip in easy stages arriving at 7 o'clock yesterday morning.

The distance from Beaumont to El Paso is 917 miles. Buckingham was 112 days in walking the distance and covered an average of eight and one-fifth miles per day of 24 hours, which is pretty fair walking for a man of less than 90 years of age.

Buckingham may not be aware of the fact but in walking from El Paso to Beaumont he has established a pedestrian record for the 91-year-old class that has not heretofore been equaled and probably will never be excelled.—(Beaumont, Tex., Journal.

A DISAPPEARING ENGLISH RIVER.

Much interest is taken in the St. Mary Cray and Darenth districts in a discussion of the causes which have led to the gradual drying up during the last ten years of the river Cray. This was once a clear running stream, but the springs which supplied it have been falling lower and lower, and in some places the course of the river is already dry. Committees have been appointed by the Bromley and St. Mary Cray local councils to inquire into the matter, and it is being urged that an official inquiry ought to be held to discover the cause or causes of what has already become a great inconvenience, and may, it is feared, result in a great nuisance and grave danger to the public health.—(London Times.



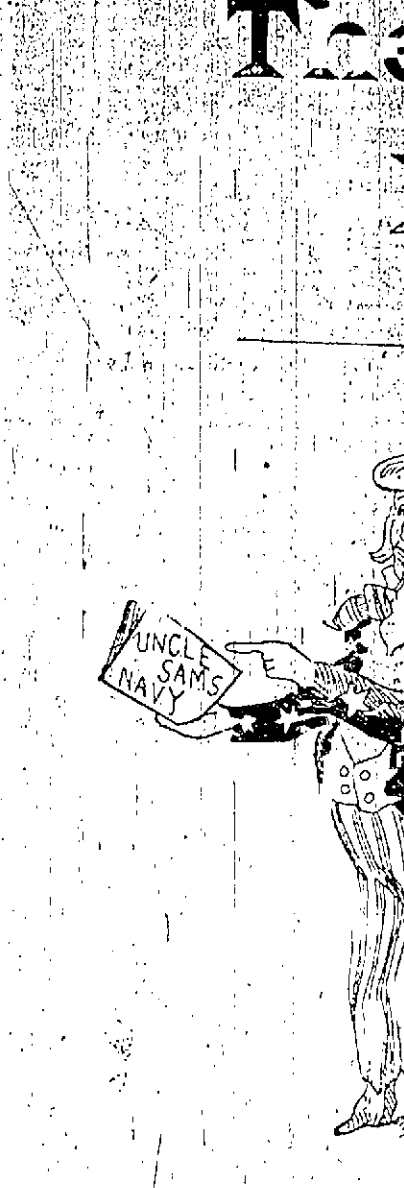
Napoleon, at St. Helena, said to Antommarchi, His physician, "Believe me, we had better leave off all these remedies; life is a fortress which neither you nor I know anything about. Why throw obstacles in the way of its defence? Its own means are superior to all the apparatus of your laboratories. Medicine is a collection of uncertain prescriptions, the results of which, taken collectively, have been harmful to mankind. Water, air and cleanliness are my chief medicines."

At the time when Napoleon said this he was largely right. Physicians in those days dealt out obnoxious and drastic drugs that did violence to every fiber in the body. Since that date medical science has made wonderful strides. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a medicine composed of native medicinal roots that do no violence to nature. Its action is gentle and natural. It simply promotes the natural processes of secretion and excretion. It restores the lost appetite, corrects all disorders of the digestion, makes the assimilation of the food perfect, invigorates the liver, purifies and enriches the blood, builds new and healthy flesh tissue, tones the nerves and gives sweet and refreshing sleep. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of all diseases of the air passages that lead up to consumption. It is a wonderful medicine for all diseases due to insufficient or improper nourishment of body or nerves. Do not deal with unscrupulous dealers who urge you to take worthless substitutes for the sake of a few pennies added profit.

"I have been using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets' for the last three years and they have saved my life," thus writes Mrs. Sophia Fraser, of Oakdale, Rockbridge Co., Va. "I now keep the 'Pellets' in my house all the time and use them every time I feel the need of a laxative. I am fifty-three years old and was troubled with liver complaint until I used your medicine. Now I am ..."

Every sick man or woman should send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., to pay the cost of mailing only for a free copy of Dr. Pierce's great 1008 page Common Sense Medical Adviser; ...

While They Last.



UNCLE SAM'S NAVY.

The Complete Set

of these fine photographic views of Ships, Officers, Crews, Guns, Places of Interest and other pictures illustrating nearly every phase of the present war, may now be obtained at this office.

They Are Going Fast.

The unprecedented sales of each succeeding number have compelled several repetitions of our order in each case. The present supply is rapidly diminishing and

No More Will Be Ordered.

THIS IS THE BEST AND ONLY COMPLETE

WAR PORTFOLIO.

Send Whig Coupon and Ten Cents to

TIMELY TOPICS SUGGESTED BY THE WAR.

ACTIVITY OF CUBAN SPIES.

"There is one branch of the insurgent army," said a Cuban who is visiting in New York city, "of whose accomplishments the Cuban nation has every reason to feel proud. I refer to the spy system, which is so thoroughly established throughout the island that it is impossible for the Spanish to make a move, or even minor importance without the fact becoming known immediately to the insurgent bands near the scene of the proposed operation.

"Gen. Garcia is kept constantly informed of the movements within the palace of the Captain-General in Havana and he is frequently aware of the proposed movements of Spanish troops before any but the highest and most trusted officers of Gen. Blanco's staff have been informed of his intentions.

"It is also surprising that considering the boldness with which Cuban spies proceed with their investigations so few of them are caught. When I was with the Cuban army about a year and a half ago, much of our most valuable information came from an officer in the volunteer army, who, though of Spanish family, was an ardent sympathiser with the Cuban cause. This officer was stationed in the palace in Havana and he was so skillful in transmitting his reports to the Cuban headquarters that he retained his place for six or eight months. He would have been there now but for the cowardice of his brother, a Cuban, who betrayed the volunteer to save his own life. As it was the informer, whom we will call Miguel, although that is not his name, received warning in time and escaped to our army, where he now holds an important position.

"Miguel at first sent his information to us by means of a trusted servant who took the despatches at night to a point outside the city limits, where his messages were concealed in a box underneath a flat rock until a member of our army could get them. The Spaniards became aware after a time that important information was being furnished to the insurgents by some one in authority in the Spanish ranks, and began an investigation. Miguel was consulted among others as to whether it could possibly be any one connected with the volunteer army.

"One of the Spanish sentries on the city wall reported that they had on several occasions seen what they thought at the time might possibly have been a man creeping through a hole in the wall a few hundred feet beyond his regular beat. Instructions were issued to the guards to keep a vigilant watch on the spot and arrest the first suspicious person seen in the vicinity of the outpost after dark. The very next morning after the promulgation of the order a lieutenant with a score of soldiers, appeared in the office of the commandant, bringing, securely bound, an unfortunate American newspaper correspondent, who, unaware of the new edict, calling on the guards for extra vigilance, had taken this means of eluding the sentries.

"The reporter's release was obtained soon afterward, as he was able to prove to the satisfaction of the Spaniards that his mission had nothing whatever to do with either the Spanish or Cuban cause but was eminently peaceful. The fact that the suspicions of the Spaniards had been aroused, however, caused Miguel to look about for safer means of communicating with our forces. He finally enlisted the services of a daughter of a produce merchant who had a stall in the market at Havana.

"The old merchant was a pacifico and it was, therefore, not at all difficult for a young Cuban, also supposed to be a pacifico, to gain access to his house in the country. To make love to the old man's daughter was a harder task but it was finally accomplished and she agreed to receive letters for him from a friend in Havana, which were to be sent to her for convenience sake through her brother, who drove the supply wagon which made frequent trips between the merchant's place of business and his house in the country.

"Miguel bought his supplies of the same merchant and the scheme worked successfully for a long time or up to the time the volunteer was forced to fly from Havana.

"An officer in Blanco's bodyguard was informed by some one of the means that Miguel had taken to send his information and the boy who drove the mule team was intercepted on his way from the city by Spanish soldiers. By a fortunate chance Miguel had not sent any word to the Cubans that day but under the fear of punishment threatened by the Spaniards the boy confessed that he had been in the habit of receiving letters from some one in Havana. The boy himself did not know from whom they came, as Miguel sent them by the same trusted servant whom he had employed on former occasions, and he represented himself to be merely a poor pacifico, who took the means of communicating with his friend in the country.

"Miguel learned that the boy had been intercepted and knowing that all would be discovered as soon as the Spaniards made an investigation, mounted his horse and after taking all the equipment he could pack on his horse rode out into the brush and joined our forces."

PROFANITY TABOOED.

The regulations of both the army and navy forbid profanity and any soldier or sailor who objects to being sworn at by his superior officer may make complaint, thereby subjecting the offending officer to trial by court martial. Yet we have reason to believe that such men as Washington, Farragut, and Grant could swear and did swear upon occasion, and history furnishes no record of their having been court martialed on that account.

Sir Charles Steward Scott, who is to succeed Sir Nicholas O'Conor as British Ambassador to St. Petersburg, has had the widest experience of any man in the diplomatic service, having served in Paris, Dresden, Copenhagen, Madrid, Berne, Mexico, Lisbon, Munich, Vienna and St. Petersburg.

Prior to the Duke of Connaught giving up the command of Aldershot her Majesty will review the troops at that station. It is something since the Queen reviewed the troops at Aldershot and the intention of doing so is regarded on all sides with appreciation by officers and men quartered in the district.

John Boyd Thatcher, of Albany, well known as a collector of American historical matters, has somehow acquired four wampum belts of the Onondagas, Senecas and other York State Indians, and wishes to give them up, though it would scarcely be put them without the knowledge of the chiefs. One of the belts is of the time of Hiawatha, the famous Iroquois chief.

Lord Wolseley was recently presented the freedom of the City of York and the casket containing the warrant was decorated with a picture of York Minster, the arms and crest of York and the armorial bearings of Lord Wolseley.

HAS A GOOD NAME.

Indianola, Mo., July 27, 1897. The well-known medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, has good name in this state because it is accomplishing many remarkable cures and giving vigor and vitality to weak and tired people. Mrs. Susan Ingalls of this place says she has received much benefit from its use. ... used ... rheumatism and ... heart trouble and has found it excellent as a blood purifier and tonic ...

Scrofulous diseases, salt rheum, dyspepsia and other diseases due to impure blood are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

State of Maine.

Penobscot ss.

Treasurer's Office, Bangor, Me., June 29, 1898.

Statement of costs in criminal prosecutions allowed by the County Commissioners at their April Term, 1898.

Originated before Bangor Municipal Court. Amt. Costs.

State vs. John Gregory.
James Connors.
Geo. Mayme.
Thomas Burke.
William Haynes.
Martin Golden.
John Nolan.
Edward Cole.
William Hennes.
Roberts Smyth.
Eugene Cornell.
James Doherty.
William Moneman.
Chas. D. Kiggs.
Joseph Mathews.
Orrin Bailey.
James O'Henley.
John McNeal.
Joseph Zeggar.
Melvin Lyons.
James McCann.
James O'Haley.
Fr. E. Ladlow.
Alvin McCorrison.
Ambrose O'Connor.
John Burke.
Timothy Conners.
Patrick May.
Dacey Mcanley.
William White.
Nellie Chambers.
John McDonald.
Edward Batchelder.
John Nolan.
Angus McLellan.
John McGuire.
Daniel Kelliher.
James O'Brien.
Frank Collins.
Frank McGuire.
Frank Lee.
Neal McEchren.
James Bundy.
John Collins.
John Lynch.
Daniel Doherty.
James McGlowe.
Michael Peter.
Chas. H. Fifield.
Mark Maden.
John Burke.
Richard Garrity.
Edward A. Hern.
John Cowaway.
Daniel McCarroll.
James H. Smith.
Josephine Holmes.
Ray Pembroke.
Richard Garrity.
J. D. Feeney.
Stephen Meagher.
Truman Snow.
John Maloney.
William Lee.
Robert Parks.
Frank Broderick.
Michael Farrell.
John Burns.
John Conners.
George Matthews.
William Welch.
John Jordan.
Mary Oakes.
George Harto.
Mary O'Ree.
Louise Francis.
Daniel Sullivan.
Randall McAuley.
Patrick Noy.
George Hayes.
John Welsh.
Patrick Laffey.
Walter Jamerson.
Daniel Kelliher.
Mark Gullen.
James Grace.
John Conley.
John Corson.
Patrick Anderson.
Michael Moran.
James Kelley.
William Riley.
Alfred Grant.
Emma Johnson.
Geo. Cosgrove.
Frank Cochran.
Edward J. Kelley.
Mercy Sawyer.
George Taylor.
Joseph White.
Joseph Newell.
John Hull.
John Welsh.
Jane McAulife.
David Shapira.
John Cox.
Joseph Korsan & al.
Mettie McFarland & al.
Geo E. Field.
John Stewart.
Malinda M. Jimmo.
Grace M. Shaw.
John Rowe.
James E. Ford.
House of Mary Smith.
Chest at M. C. R. R. Depot.
Barney Kelley.
David Snider.
Patrick Laffey & al.
John T. Welch.
Geo. W. Shattuck & al.
Mary Batchelder.
Leslie Inman.
Edna Stapleford.
Lizzie Girrard.
George C. Cousins.
Brad Goodwin.
Thomas Young.
John Daley.
Wm. J. Vayo.
Intoxicating Liquors.

Originated before Old Town Municipal Court.

Newell Loring.
Allen Collins.
Amos Terrio.
Arthur Grover.
Frank Obey.
Emma Ramon.
House of Wm. Obey.
Frank Collins.
John Barclay.
Will Clark & als.
B. H. Sites.
Boles & Daily.
R. J. McDonald.
John Heal.
Intoxicating Liquors.
John Wilson.

Originated before Dexter Municipal Court.

Delmont M. Cleveland.
Owen E. Blacklen.
Intoxicating Liquors.

Originated before Geo. Curtis, Esq., T. J., Brewer.

James Finey.
John Chisarn.
William Clark.
Jesse W. Thomas.
Patrick Fury.
James Lemmon.
Chas. Tardy.
John McDonald.
Intoxicating Liquors.

Originated before C. J. Dunn, Esq., T. J., Orono.

Patrick Keller. 4 8?
Nelson W. Shaw. 13 5?

Originated before W. C. Clark, Esq., T. J., Lincoln.

Thomas Hurlabe. 4 35
John McArthur. 6 10

Originated before D. Scribner, Esq., T. J., Patten.

J. L. Gray & Addie E. Bluean. 39 ?

Originated before T. O. Stevens, Esq., T. J., Newport.

Michael Glynn.
Joseph Masters.
Frank Powers.
Thomas Fason.
James Sullivan.

Investigation on death of Cordelia B. Clark.
Man killed at Orono.
L. W. Rowell.
Commitments.
David Goldsmith and 3 others. 33 08
Michael Glynn. 3 04
Louise Hurlabe. 8 17
Frank Powers & 2 others. 11 94
Jos. Solloman. 5 74
James Masters. 5 04
John McArthur. 9 17
Edward Prout & 4 others. 11 30

$873 42

H. L. STURGIS, County Treasurer.

Wednesday, July 6.

EXCURSION ROUND THE BAY,

Touching at Castine, Islesboro and Dark Harbor, steamer Sedgwick leaves the wharf at 8.30 under charge of the Woman's Exchange managers.

Tickets 75 cents.

HORSE F...

J. N...

...es and E...

...XTURES.

...ES

The People's Popular Grocery Store. 15

These Goods W... Please You.

Halford To...

PureStrain...

For a few d... Gris. Mill Malt a ve... Dewey spoon. This... 50 cents, $2 per doz...

SPECIAL...

Grand Opport...

We offer a ... Special sale ... Auction Sale.

200 Imperial ... in ...

50 Wilton ... $2.00. Our ...

75 Rugs ... $3.00 ...

200 pair ... worth from $2.00 to $3 ... this ... for $1.5... NO SUCH VALUES ... in Bangor. Some of the ... 2 or 3 pair. We bought ... sacrifice for spot cash.
100 pair Red Irish Point ... worth $7 to $8.50 your c...

PLEASE FA...

PRIVATE MAILING CA...

Rules to Govern Their U... Published by Postmaster Van...

Postmaster Van Cott has ... the rules ... form in order ... lege given ... which authorizes the transmission ... domestic mails of private cards ... written messages at the postage of 1 cent each. The law goes ... July 1.

Cards must not ... "H" postal card ... inches in dimensions. The ... must be substantially that of ... ernment postal cards and weigh ... six pounds three ounces to the ... Their color may be white, cream ... gray, or light tint.

The cards must bear on the ... side in print, the words "Private ... card—authorized by act of Co... May 19, 1898." When prep... sale they should also bear in ... right hand corner of the address ... diagram with the words "Place ... stamp here," and in the lo... hand corner the printed word ... side is exclusively for the address.

The message on the cards m... writing or print, and there ... appear on the message side ... ments, illustrations, or othe... printed either in black or colo... here must be attached to ev... mailed a 1-cent adhesive postag...

These cards cannot be maile... gn countries except at the le... of postage.—New York Tribune.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

MONUMENTS.

I still have a large stock of Monuments and Tablets. Everything warranted first-class. Call and see them and get prices, which are

LOWER THAN EVER.

J. N. V. LANE,

Gas and Electric Fixtures. Buildings Wired for Electric Lights and Piped for Gas. Telephone 112-2. 45 STATE ST.

JAMES ... & ...

The People's Popular Grocery Store. 15 & 17 W. Market Sq. Bangor's Pure Food Mart.

These Goods Will Please You.

Mrs. ...'s ... Sauce. A very delicate relish, pint bottles 25c bottle.

...'s ... Very Fine, Try a Bottle.

Halford Tomato Sauce,

Columbia Chili Sauce,

Pure Strained Honey in pound and half pound bottles.

For a few days we will give each purchaser of Old Grist Mill Malt a very handsome souvenir spoon called the Dewey spoon. This malt has no superior. Three bottles 50 cents, $2 per doz. Ask to see the spoons.

SPECIAL MIDSUMMER SALE.

Grand Opportunity For Bargain Seekers

We offer a line of Bargains never equalled in Bangor, bought for this special sale. Many of the offerings are from the recent New York Auction Sale.

100 Imperial Smyrna Rugs 30x72 in. Value $5.00. Our price.... $3.24

20 Wilton Rugs 27x50 inches. Value $2.00. Our price.... $1.39

15 Rugs always $5.00 for.... $1.89

200 pair Lace Curtains which are worth from $2.50 to $3.75 per pair, for this sale choice for $1.84 per Window. NO SUCH VALUES were ever sold in Bangor. Some of the styles have only 2 or 3 pair. We bought this lot at a big sacrifice for spot cash. 100 pair Real Irish Point Curtains worth $7 to $8.50, your choice for $4.00

Do You Want a Bargain in Carpets?

We were in New York when the War Scare was in its height. We took advantage of the situation CONSEQUENTLY we can give you not only the largest ASSORTMENT, but the best prices to be found in Bangor.

STRAW MATTING.

We buy and sell more mattings than any other dealer in Bangor. We buy direct from the importer. We buy for the retail trade and select the best grades. We have just received 100 rolls which ought to have been here in January—had it arrived in season price would have been 37½c. We offer it now for 24c or $8.50 for 40 yard roll. Its best quality China Matting, weighs 110 pounds to the roll and WILL WEAR.

PLEASE FAVOR US WITH A CALL.

C. ... & CO.

PRIVATE MAILING CARDS.

Rules to Govern Their Use Made Public by Postmaster Van Cott.

Postmaster Van Cott has announced the rules to which the public must conform in order to be entitled to the privilege given by a recent act of Congress which authorizes the transmission in the domestic mails of private cards bearing written messages at the postage charge of 1 cent each. The law goes into effect July 1.

Cards must not exceed the size of the "H" postal card, which is 3¼ by 5½ inches in dimensions. Their quality must be substantially that of the government postal card and weigh about six pounds three ounces to the thousand. Their color may be white, cream, light gray, or light buff.

The cards must bear on the addressed side in print, the words "Private mailing card—authorized by act of Congress of May 19, 1898." When prepared for sale they should also bear in the upper right hand corner of the address side a diagram with the words, "Place a 1-cent stamp here," and in the lower left hand corner the printed words, "This side is exclusively for the address."

The message on the cards may be in writing or print, and there may also appear on the message side advertisements, illustrations, or other matter, printed either in black or colors, and there must be attached to every card mailed a 1-cent adhesive postage stamp.

These cards cannot be mailed to foreign countries except at the letter rate of postage.—New York Tribune.

ISLAND FALLS.

Our correspondent writes: Rev. H. H. Noyes is soon to remove to New Gloucester.

Miss Ethel McCormick will go to Bangor Monday to remain two months.

Rev. H. H. Noyes, Geo. H. Donham and Geo. W. Kelley are the delegates to the Republican county convention to be held in Houlton the 8th inst. A Republican class convention will be held in Island Falls on Wednesday, July 6, to nominate a candidate for representative to legislature.

Several Masons and G. A. R. men went to Sherman Mills the 24th to attend the funeral of Geo. W. Webber, Esq., who was a member of W. ... Hancock Post of this town.

Mr. Absalom Dow was in town Wednesday and Thursday on his way from Fairfield to Fort Kent, where he will spend the summer with his son. Mr. Dow lived for many years in New Limerick, going to that place with his father's family, sixty-eight years ago. In this faith the family were seventeen children, ten boys and seven girls, and two neighbors of his father had ten boys each, making thirty boys in the three houses near each other. When he was about twenty-one years of age he came down the Mattawamkeag river to this place on a drive consisting of large pine logs. At that time there was not a house in Island Falls, where there is now a population of one thousand or more. Mr. Dow is now seventy-nine years old and nearly all the friends and relatives of his youth are dead.

A man never presents so pitiable a sight as when looking for a present for his wife.

THE WHEEL NEWS.

Before the season is over it is thought that the world's mile bicycle record will take another tumble. Last year it was cut down from 1.39 1-5, by W. W. Hamilton, to 1.38 2-5 by Ed McDuffee. J. W. Stocks of London then shaved it again, bringing the figures down to 1.37 2-5, and following up that performance with a mile in 1.35 2-5, time which was subsequently equaled in this country by McDuffee. When the outdoor season opened in England J. Platt-Betts cut the joint Stocks-McDuffee record to 1.35, which stands today as the world's time. Betts visited Australia, where he made a successful war on the records of that country. The time, 1.35, made in London, is believed to be correct. Platt Betts also reduced the intermediate records as follows: Quarter to 0.23; half mile to 0.46 3-5, and three-quarter mile to 1.10 3-5. The above fractional parts of a mile records are English times only, American riders having surpassed some of them.

William Morgan's experiment at Ambrose Park this year cost him $10,000. Talking of the cycle racing situation he said: "The outcome as shown to date was the results of events over which I had no control. I am not alone in experiencing bad business, and just now I know of one engaged in promoting sporting enterprise who is not feeling the effects of the unusually bad conditions. Even boxing, the greatest money maker in the list of professional sports, is away behind what its promoters hoped for. I have several plans for Ambrose Park and expect soon to have them in working order."

Elmer Kleinberg, of the Empire State Wheelmen has succeeded in riding 300 miles in 30 hours on the Coney Island cycle paths without being arrested. He started at 10 o'clock Monday morning and finished a few minutes before 2 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. He did not try to break the 300-mile record, which is 20 hours, 56 minutes, 8 seconds, but solely rode because he had bet his bicycle against a second hand watch that he could accomplish the feat.

At cycle club entertainments in England they have a feature that is called a "bending contest," in which riders show their expertness by riding in and out around a row of ninepins. The distance between the pins is lessened as the competition progresses and the one who succeeds in riding between them when they stand closest together is declared the victor. The work requires clever "Dutch roll" riding and such an exhibition should be attractive wherever introduced.

Nothing has put so much of a premium on thorough acquaintance with bicycles as the auction rooms, the "special sales" and the "bargains" of the jobbing stores. One of the chief sources of profit for cut-rate dealers is in "stripping" high grade tires, saddles, pedals and other accessories and replacing them with cheaper products, while holding the others for sale at cut prices. This is an evil that it is impossible to correct and no one who is ignorant of bicycle accessories can protect himself against it. When it is known that here is $5 or $8 difference between the cost of the best tires and inferior ones it can be readily appreciated how much "stripping" enables unscrupulous dealers to cut prices and yet make a respectable profit at both ends of the deal.

An accident that furnished a new argument in favor of the woman having a rear seat on the tandem occurred on the boulevard in New York. A triplet ridden by three fellow clubmen was rolling smoothly along at a lively clip when the front forks broke. The steersman on the front seat pitched forward and was so severely hurt that he has been abed ever since. The man on the second seat received a few scratches, while the third rider escaped without injury of any kind. The front position is undoubtedly the one of greatest danger in case of accident, and herein lies the strongest point of those who argue in favor of the woman riding behind and talking at the back of her companion as much as she can while keeping her skirts free from the clutch of the rear wheel.

At an uptown store in New York a few days ago a woman called to have her tires filled with fresh air. While the attendant was working the pump on one tire it suddenly exploded with a report like a pistol shot. The man very politely told the customer that the tire was defective and that he was sorry, but she would have to get a new one to replace it. The woman was enraged. She called the proprietor and demanded that he should furnish a new tire free of charge. When he refused she threatened to sue him. She finally left the place promising to take legal action. "Do you never make good for tires that burst while your men are pumping them up?" asked a reporter who happened to witness the episode. The dealer replied: "Why, bless your heart, how many tires do you suppose I could give away in a week if I did so? The cheap tires that are being largely used now are often so poor that they explode. If it happens to be a new tire that goes the customer who is paying 5 cents to have it pumped up always becomes furious. We have to get used to that, you know. The riders do not understand, but there is probably not a pump in the two cities that is capable of bursting any sound tire. Even with the big stationary pump that we use here, which pumps twenty-two cubic inches of air a minute, you or I could not break a perfectly sound tire. When they explode it is because they are defective. It is hard to make the uninformed riders understand this but it is so. No dealer could afford to pump up tires for five cents apiece and pay for all the poor tires that happen to give way during the process. Just think what a bunco game might be played with us if we did such a thing. If any one had a tire that was known to be near its end all he would have to do would be to go into any store, ask to have it pumped up hard and, when it burst, demand a new tire. Oh, no! Business is plenty poor enough as it is, thank you, without paying full prices for any broken-winded tires."

SANGERVILLE NEWS.

A Bold Case of Breaking and Entering.

Arrest of the Party Charged With the Crime—Golden Wedding Celebrated—Notes.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Sangerville, July 2. One of the boldest acts of breaking and entering was committed Friday night about half past ten in this place at the store of Saunders Bros. & Co., where some party forced an entrance at a window on the west side of the store by prying it up, their intention being robbery, no doubt. While the party doing the act was anticipating a big haul, he was discovered by some of the citizens, who gave the alarm and the desperado made a leap out of the window and took leg bail around the drug store and up over the hill towards Guilford, chased by his discoverers. While running with his pursuers close at his heels he fell in a place where his body was made known by the two electric lights on top of the hill. There is no question about the past, as it was only a short time ago that he was discovered in the same place. This time the case will be vigorously pushed with the evidence against him, and if the law has its course he will be doing a term in another part of the State. Sheriff Martin of Guilford arrested one Elmore Troy Saturday afternoon on the charge of breaking and entering the store and he was taken to Dover on the 5.00 train for a hearing before Judge Durgin in the Dover municipal court.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Atwater celebrated their golden wedding last Thursday afternoon and evening. A number of guests were present besides the family, and they were the recipients of many useful presents. Light refreshments were served during the evening, after which a short reception was held and a very pleasant time was enjoyed by all.

Mrs. Charles Morley of Lynn, Mass., has been visiting at Mrs. W. G. Dexter's for a few days.

Miss Mabel Richards has closed her millinery parlors at Greenville and returned home.

An exciting ball game was played this afternoon at Guilford between the Guilfords and Milos resulting in a victory of 14 to 6 in favor of the Guilfords. A return game will be played at Milo the Fourth by the same teams.

MACHIAS NEWS.

Improvements at a Hotel—Arrangements for the Fourth—Notes.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Machias, July 2. Mrs. Fred Beverly of Lubec is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Leighton. Her mother-in-law, Mrs. John Beverly, is keeping house for her in her absence.

Dr. E. E. Jordan is making a visit in Bangor for a few days.

Capt. James Smith left on yesterday's boat for Boston, where he will take charge of his vessel that is now in waiting for him.

The piazza and new clapboards that have been added to the Eastern Hotel seem to put the finishing touch on the building more than anything else, and when completed will be a modern hotel in every respect.

The Harry LaMarr company gave a street parade and a short band concert which seemed to enliven things somewhat. They play at the Phenix Opera House this evening.

A blackboard notice on the postoffice corner announces that on 4th of July evening the Juvenile Invincibles will give an exhibition of fireworks on Tarbo & Longfellow's corner.

Miss Maud Hoar and Mrs. Thos. Albee spent a very pleasant day at East Kennebec, visiting Mrs. Chas. Shoppy.

Miss Edith Foss has just closed a very successful term of school at Jonesboro and to show their appreciation the people have engaged her to teach the fall term.

We are glad to note the surprise exhibited at the great proportion of poultry in the State of Maine and also the revenue obtained from our feathered friends. The poultry industry is on the increase each year. Those who only have kept a dozen or two now keep 50 to 100, and raise twice as many chickens. A great deal of this increase is due to the poultry press, and each year this reading matter is being sifted and will prove a blessing rather than otherwise. Patience and work are what is needed to make poultry culture a success.

The Floral Tea given at the Congregational church vestry Thursday evening was a success in every respect, with about 100 present. Supper was served at 6.15, consisting of cold meats, strawberries and cream, cake and coffee and all for 25 cents. After supper was served, an entertainment was given that was enjoyed by all.

Mr. W. L. Phinney is passing a two weeks' vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Phinney, here.

DEXTER NEWS.

Hearing on Search and Seizure Cases on Saturday—News Notes of Interest.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Dexter, July 2. The hearing in the search and seizure case where the officer seized fifteen **bottles of beer and** was prevented from seizing two pint bottles of whiskey by their spilling same and smashing the bottles, came in for a hearing in the municipal court Saturday morning and occupied all the forenoon. Andrew J. Caswell, proprietor of the Penobscot House, and wife, Effie Caswell, were arrested and arraigned and tried. The search was made in the Penobscot House and the liquors were found and seized. Mrs. Shaw, who formerly owned the hotel, and who testified that she had conveyed it to Mrs. Caswell, her daughter, and taken back a mortgage for the purchase price, claimed the liquors were hers, that she bought them herself and had used them for medicinal purposes. The decision holds Mrs. Caswell, fining her $100, and discharged Mr. Caswell.

Miss Evelyn Small, who has been teacher of the kindergarten for several months, has returned to her home in Limington for the summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Hawkes of Oldtown are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. Fitzgerald.

Miss Edith Waterman of Boston is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Waterman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Fernald of Exeter were in town Saturday.

Mrs. C. E. Sawyer of Bangor was in town Saturday.

A monument to the artist Hans Makart was unveiled on June 18 in the City Park of Vienna. It is the work of the sculptor Tilgner, recently dead. The oration was made by Nikolaus Dumba.

Colonel J. W. Lake of Cincinnati who has been in Washington making arrangements for the acceptance of his colored volunteers, is a veteran of the Civil War, has fought in Europe and Africa, served with the Egyptian forces and then joined a British regiment.

Luther Benson, the temperance orator who died the other day, never mastered his appetite for liquor and, though it was well known that he was a drunkard, he was so pitied and loved that he was never accused of cant or insincerity.

While Congress was disputing over the President's war message Mrs. Davis, wife of the Senator, took a kodak into the Senate gallery, although it was against the rules, and secured the only photographs in existence of some highly exciting scenes.

Rev. A. D. Mayo, who has just returned to Washington from his eighteenth annual tour in the South in the interests of popular education, has traveled 8000 miles, visited the most important schools in six States and given seventy-five lectures.

David Hillhouse Buel, the only son of the late General David H. Buel, who fought with distinction during the civil war, was ordained to the Catholic priesthood Tuesday in Woodstock, Md., by Cardinal Gibbons. His father was a member of the class of '61 at West Point, which was graduated ahead of time, and his grandfather, Dr. Buel, was a well known Episcopal clergyman.

A little life may be sacrificed to an hour's delay. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

GOOD STORIES FOR OLD AND YOUNG.

GO NORTH, BALD HEAD.

The experience of Roderick Dhu Smith, who recently returned from the Klondike region with a big budget of experience, quite a little sum of money and a head of hair which almost qualifies him to take an engagement as a Circassian girl in a circus, is of especial interest to a large contingent of his fellow men and women.

For be it known that Roderick, before making his perilous way to the Arctic regions, though otherwise pleasing to look upon and still on the sunny side of 40, was the owner of a head which made theatre ushers, whenever there was a ballet on the program, escort him down to the front row, without even glancing at his seat check.

After a two years' residence in Alaska there has returned a modern Samson, as far as chevelure is concerned, and he declares that the transformation is entirely due to the rigors of the climate in that quarter of the globe.

"The intense cold kills all the germs and microbes," he asserts, "and stimulates the scalp, and nature does the rest," and he proudly exhibited his Klondike mane as proof of what nature can do when she takes a fancy, unassisted by washes or oils or unguents.

P. J. McLeod, who has spent 12 years in Alaska and the northwest, although he has not the pleasure of knowing Mr. Smith personally, and did not, therefore, see the sprouting and the harvesting of his especial crop of modified epidermic cells, still corroborates his story as to the virtues of that clime as a hair producer.

"My hair was always thick," he says, "so I cannot speak from personal experience, but I never saw a bald-headed fellow anywhere around there. To tell the truth, they all look, after they have got to work, as though a razor and a pair of scissors were far more needed than a hair restorer, and a missionary barber could do good work among them."—(San Francisco Call.

NEVER BEEN ON LAND.

Capt. Thomas Carson of Oregon, in order that his children shall never have consumption, has so arranged matters that all of his four children have been born at sea, nor has one of them since set foot on land, although 12 years have elapsed since his first child was born.

Capt. Carson has charge of a merchant ship which steams between Portland, Ore., and Asiatic ports. Although both he and his wife are perfectly healthy, one parent of each of them died an early death of consumption.

The sailor and his wife dreaded having the disease transmitted to their children, and thinking salt sea air a certain preventative, they resolved that all their children should live at sea until they had reached the age of 21.

The oldest child was a girl who lived only one week and was buried on a voyage between Portland and Hong Kong, but the other three children, Johnny, Teresa and Tommie, aged respectively 10, 8 and 6, are the pictures of health.

They play the common games of childhood in their father's cabin or on the deck, and they never complain about not being allowed to go ashore, because they don't know what fun it would be, never having tried it.—(New York World.

NO HATS AT DINNER.

The question of hats in theaters was settled a generation ago in London, but the whole West end is agitated by the edict of a pretentious restaurant which denies admission at dinner to any lady wearing anything more conspicuous than an egret or a coronet in her hair.

The manager of this Piccadilly establishment, which is not connected with a hotel, but pretends to be more swagger than any other eating place on earth, writes in defense of his aim to please "a distinguished clientele, many of whom would withdraw if they saw a lady with a hat on."

The squabble began in the terrible dilemma imposed upon London society over the question how to dress for the opera when the performance begins at 4 o'clock and lasting, with an hour and a quarter interval for dinner, till 11 P. M.—(New York Sun.

STARTED OFF WITH A BATH.

Hon. James Emory Byram, a close political chum of the mayor of Philadelphia, launched his boom for the mayoralty in a peculiar fashion. Mr. Byram is the Republican leader of the ward comprising the suburb of Frankford.

He appeared at a public bathhouse in Frankford today and dived head foremost into the pool, wearing a silk hat and a dress suit to the delight of a multitude of spectators.

Before taking his plunge Col. Byram read a speech from manuscript on what he will do for the city when he is chosen mayor and said he was about to take his baptism. He swam around in the pool for half and hour with his silk hat on, illustrating a variety of antics, to the delight of the youthful population.

Col. Byram is a member of select council and has been fighting for six years to secure a public bath in Frankford. With his plunge today into the pool and the mayoralty campaign, the new bathhouse was opened formally. The silk hat he wore will be hung up in the place as a memento.—(New York Sun.

DU MAURIER'S LAIRD IS DEAD.

Sandy, Laird of Cockpen, one of the three musketeers of the brush, endeared to the public by Du Maurier's "Trilby," is dead. That is to say, his original in real life is dead.

The original of Sandy was Mr. T. R. Lamont. He was an intimate friend of Du Maurier, like most of the characters in "Trilby." One can almost write his biography from the book.

Mr. Lamont was the son of a manager of a bank at Greenock, in Scotland. His parents intended that he should become a lawyer, but he displayed such an inextinguishable devotion to art that he was finally sent to Paris, where he entered the studio of M. Gleyre, a famous teacher.

Mr. Lamont was about the same age as Du Maurier. He attained considerable success as a water color artist and an illustrator.

Du Maurier gives this parting glimpse of Sandy's life after his Parisian days are over:

"The good Laird of Cockpen (who is now a famous Royal academician) is preparing for a honeymoon of his own. He has gone to Scotland to be married himself—to wed a fair and clever country woman of just a suitable age, for he has known her ever since she was a bright little lassie in short frocks and he a promising A. R. A. (the pride of his native Dundee)—a marriage of reason and well seasoned affection and mutual esteem, and therefore sure to turn out a happy one!

"So much for hero No. 3—D'Artagnan! Here's to you, Sandy McAllister, canniest, genialest and most humorous of Scots! Most delicate and dainty and fanciful of British painters! I drink your health and your family's—may you live long and prosper!"

Now Sandy has gone, following his friend Du Maurier to the grave after a brief delay.

SHAKESPEARE IN RUSSIA.

Though the Russian government is seeking to oust the British wherever it can, English influence with Russian society at large is apparently not only not diminishing, but even extending to the provincial public, as the following amusing advertisement reproduced in the "Orloveki Viestnik" will testify.

The theater in Krementchug, southern Russia, has done of late bad business. To overwhelm and attract the citizens the manager decided to give them no less a piece than "Hamlet," which novelty he announced on big boards in the following terms:

Today,
A Genuine English Tragedy Will Be
Given Entitled
"HAMLET,"
Composed by W. Shakspir,
The Favourite of the Local Public.
Important—This piece has had a great success in Kharkoff.

After the unqualified success which this "genuine English tragedy" had both in Kharkoff and Krementchug, we think English managers may well venture to give it also a London stage.—The Anglo-Russian.

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS IN MAINE FOR 1898.

Eastern Maine Fair Association, Bangor, Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, 2, E. L. Sterns, Sec., Bangor.

Maine State Agricultural, Lewiston, Sept. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, Geo. H. Clarke, Sec., North Anson.

Maine State Pomological, D. H. Knowlton, Sec., Farmington.

Androscoggin County, Livermore Falls, Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, J. L. Lowell, Sec., Auburn.

Durham Agricultural, Durham, Sept. 21, 22, F. H. Miller, Sec., W. Durham.

Aroostook County, Houlton, Ira J. Porter, Sec., Houlton.

North Aroostook, Presque Isle, Sept. 13, 14, 15, E. T. McGlaughlin, Sec., S. Presque Isle.

Southern Aroostook, Sherman Mills, Isaac Cushman, Sec., Sherman Mills.

Cumberland County, Gorham, Sept. 20, 21, 22, Chas. H. Leighton, Sec., Westbrook.

Northern Cumberland, So. Harrison, N. C. Pinkham, Sec., Bolster's Mills.

Cumberland Farmers' Club, West Cumberland, Sept. 27, 28, L. W. Hadlock, Sec., W. Falmouth.

Gray Park Association, Gray Corner, Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, J. W. Stevens, Sec., Gray.

Bridgton Farmers' Club, Bridgton, Sept. 6, 7, 8, F. C. Knight, Sec., Bridgton.

New Gloucester and Danville, Upper Gloucester, Sept. 28, 29, L. L. Whitman, Sec., Upper Gloucester.

Lake View Park, East Sebago, Sept. 20, 21, J. P. Fitch, Sec., E. Sebago.

Franklin County, Farmington, Sept. 20, 21, 22, Reuben Hatch, Sec., Farmington.

North Franklin, Phillips, Sept. 13, 14, 15, M. Sewall Kelley, Sec., Phillips.

Hancock County Agricultural, Bluehill, Nahum Hinckley, Sec., Bluehill.

Hancock County Fair Association, Ellsworth, H. F. Whitcomb, Sec., Ellsworth.

Northern Hancock, Amherst, A. W. Silsby, Sec., Amherst.

Eden Agricultural, Salisbury Cove, Sept. 21, 22, Frank A. Wood, Sec., Salisbury Cove.

Kennebec County, Readfield, Sept. 13, 14, 15, W. G. Hunton, Sec., Readfield.

South Kennebec, So. Windsor, Sept. 27, 28, 29, Arthur N. Douglass, Sec., Chelsea.

Pittston Ag'l & Trotting Park Asso., E. Pittston, G. B. Mansir, Sec., E. Pittston.

North Knox, Union, Sept. 20, 21, 22, Geo. C. Hawes, Sec., Union.

Lincoln County, Damariscotta, Sept. 27, 28, 29, A. L. Phelps, Sec., Damariscotta.

Oxford County, Norway, Sept. 20, 21, 22, A. C. T. King, Sec., S. Paris.

Wholesale Produce Market.

Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers' Association.

STATE LAW REGARDING WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 60 pounds, and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of potatoes, in good order and fit for shipping, is 60 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order and fit for shipping, is 62 pounds. Of wheat, beets, ruta baga turnips and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds; of carrots, English turnips, rye and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 32 pounds or even measure as by agreement.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BEANS—	
Improved Yellow Eye per bush	1.90@2.00
Pea, hand picked, per bush	1.60@1.70
BUTTER	14@17c
CHEESE—	
Best Factory per lb. (new)	10@11c
Best Dairy, per pound (new)	12c
DRIED APPLES—	
Choice strung, per pound	5@6c
Choice sliced	8@10c
EGGS—	
Fresh laid per dozen	12@15c
HAY—	
Best loose, per ton	0.00
PEAS—	
Improved, per bush	2.25
Best Canada, whole	1.10@1.25
POTATOES—	
New, per bush	1.25@1.35
POULTRY—	
Chickens, Spring, per lb	10@20c
ONIONS—	
Per Crate	2.75

BREADSTUFFS, GRAIN, ETC.

OATMEAL—	
Best Scotch, per lb	5c
Best Irish	6c
Best Canada	4c
RYE MEAL per lb	4c
GRAHAM FLOUR	4c
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR	5c
SUGAR—	
Granulated, per lb	6c
Extra	6c
PORK—	
Country, clear, per lb	9c
Western	9c
LARD—	
Bulk, from tierces, per lb	10c
Home in pails	12c

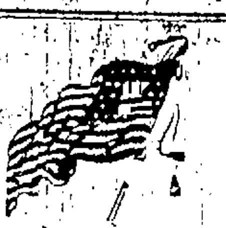
RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

SALT—	
Bangor, ground, in boxes, per box	20c
English Butter salt in 14lb bags, per bag	25c
In 50 lb bags	75c
Liverpool, per bush	30c
Turks Island	30c
HERRING—	
English, sea, ed, in boxes, per box	25c
RAISINS—	
Loose Muscatels, per lb	20@22c
London Layers	25@30c
Sultana	12@18c
CURRANTS—	
English, per lb	10@15c
KEROSENE OIL—	
150 test, per gallon	12c
VINEGAR—	
Pure cider, per gallon	25@30c
Pure W. W.	30c
OATS	42@42c
FLOUR—	
Best Spring Haxall	0.00@6.70
Best St. Louis	6.25@6.50
Good Family	0.00@6.25
CORN—	
Full weight	47@48c
CORN MEAL—	
50 pounds to bushel	46@46c
COTTON SEED MEAL—	
In sacks of 100 lbs	1.20
SHORTS—	
Mixed feed	95c
Spring wheat per hundred	90c
MIDDLINGS—	
Fine per hundred	1.05
Coarse	1.00
GLUTEN MEAL	1.10
Feed Flour	1.15
WHEAT	80c

The will of William Keinath of Philadelphia provides that upon the death of his wife, $50,000 be given to the Fuel Savings Society of Philadelphia, to constitute the William Keinath coal endowment, the income to be expended in the purchase of coal for free distribution to worthy persons in quantities of not over one-half ton to one person at a time.

A. T. Quiller-Couch, the Cornish novelist and essayist, has great difficulty in persuading people that his name is pronounced "Cooch," and says that though he never invented the pronunciation, he can only prevail on a few friends (outside of Cornwall) to believe in it. The poet Cowper, who called himself Cooper, had a similar difficulty. "Couch" (Cooch), by the way, has nothing to do with repose. It is a Celtic name and signifies "red."

Mr. William Burrowes Russell, Commissioner of Maritime Customs in China, who died recently, was the eldest son of Sir William Howard Russell, LL. D., the well known correspondent of the London Times.



ON THE FOURTH

You will of course want a FLAG at your home. We have made a number from best quality wool bunting which we offer for sale at reasonable prices. Special sizes made to order at a day's notice. FLAG POLES and BRACKETS for sale.

SNOW & NEALLEY CO., 98 to 108 Broad Street.

BANGOR SPORTS ON JULY 4th.

Batteau Race on River, Prizes, $35, $15, $10.

Log Race in Kenduskeag Stream.

Tub Race will be omitted and the amount of prizes added to log race.

Logs will be furnished by committee. No entrance fee. All entries must be made by 8 o'clock, Friday evening July 1st, to William Conners, Esq., chairman of committee on aquatic sports.

Per Order of Executive Com.

Fun-making Fireworks For the Fourth—Full assortment —AT— J. D. GLYNN'S, 62-66 STATE ST.

SUMMER RESORT,

Katahdin Iron Works, Me.

This popular hotel is open for the season of 1898, under new management. It has been thoroughly renovated and new furniture added. The Mineral Springs placed in the best condition. Fine drives with easy buckboards through the finest scenery of Maine. Boating, trout-fishing and hunting. Depot and telegraph near. Post office in house. For further particulars address, FRED H. EDDY, Prop.

Wall Papers and Window Shades

will be sold at very low prices for the month of June by CHAS. HIGHT.

Old Papers For Sale at This Office.

Dr. W. F. JOHNSON, DENTIST, BANGOR, 100 MAIN ST., MAINE.

Northport. Anyone wanting board and room or meals without room at Northport, will do well to call at 68 Cumberland street and confer with Mrs. W. H. Fogg any day, except Saturday.

FOR SALE. Backus Motor. 10 H. P. Inquire at this office.

Labiche's farcical plays are coming into favor again in Paris. The Comedie Francaise has taken up "Celimare le bien-aime," while the Varietes has revived "Le Chapeau de paille d'Italie," which in the English version is "The Wedding March."

Senator John P. Jones is said to have made from his Alaska mining investments a fortune equal to that he made out of the famous Comstock bonanza, and which he afterwards lost in various investments.

One-tenth of the world is still unexplored.

At least one-third of the earth is composed of oxygen.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

[illegible] & [illegible],

AUCTIONEERS,

[illegible] SALE

OF

BUSINESS [illegible]

On Thursday, July 7th, at 10.30 A. M., we shall sell at public auction on the premises, the entire brick business property formerly owned and occupied by the Bangor Foundry and Machine Company, and located on Central and Franklin streets. This comprises some of the most desirable brick store property in Bangor and offers an exceptional opportunity to investors.

The property will be divided and sold as follows:

Nos. 1 and 2. Two four story brick stores with flat graveled roof cellar under each, 12 inch brick walls, 40 feet frontage on Central street by 55 feet deep. These stores are particularly well timbered and suitable for any business and with frontage on one of the most prominent business streets. Stores will be sold separately.

No. 3. Three story brick Mansard roof building with slate roof, cellar under whole building. Lot 59 feet 4 inches on street by 41 feet deep, walls 12 inches thick, front of lower story iron, height of lower story 11 feet 8 1-2 inches in clear. Boiler house adjoining 28 feet 11 inches long by 7 feet 2 1-2 inches wide, covering about 2640 square feet of land and containing suitable boiler for heat and power for entire block.

No. 4. Three story brick building with slated pitch roof, 61 feet 1 1-2 in. street frontage by 41ft. deep, covering 2506 1-4 square feet of land, cellar under whole building, front and rear walls 15 inches thick in lower story, 12 inches above, separated from adjoining building by brick wall 12 inches thick. Height of lower story 12 feet clear.

No. 5. One story brick building 86 feet 3 inches frontage by 41 feet deep covering about 3536 square feet of land, slated pitch roof, walls 12 inches thick, height in clear 15 feet 2 1-2 inches.

No. 6. One story monitor roof building 80 feet 3 inches frontage by 41 feet deep with offset on back side 30 feet long, 8 feet wide; front wall brick, 12 inches thick, rear and lower end walls wood covered with slate. Height 8 feet 10 inches in clear, with basement underneath. Passageway from street on north side 7 feet wide. Whole area of lot about 3218 square feet.

No. 7. Two story frame storehouse with basement and shingled pitch roof, 58 feet frontage by 41 feet deep. Frontage north of building 31 feet 6 inches and triangular shaped lot in rear. Total area of lot about 5900 square feet.

No. 8. One story frame storehouse building with pitch roof, 78 ft. front by 60 ft. deep, Height 9 ft. in clear, total area of lot 10,080 square feet, 110 ft. frontage on Franklin street, leaving large extra lot in addition to that occupied by storehouse.

This will be the most important sale of store property in Bangor for years and offers an exceptional opportunity.

Advantageous terms of payment which will be duly set forth at date of sale, will be offered to all wishing to purchase on time.

Full plans, dimensions and particulars together with a plan by architect Mansur of the possibilities of the Franklin street blocks, may be seen at our office.

Long Distance Telephone 125-2.

Correspondence solicited.

[illegible] & [illegible],

Auctioneers,

17 STATE STREET.

[illegible] LOCAL NEWS.

THE WHIG TELEPHONES.

Editorial rooms—No. 224-2.
Counting room—No. 224-11.
Call the editorial rooms after 7 o'clock P. M.

People who were at a coolspot at the sea shore on Sunday were lucky, for they escaped the intense heat.

The June term of the law court for the eastern district was finally adjourned on Saturday noon.

The regular monthly meeting of the managers of the Home for Aged Women will be held on Tuesday, July 5, at 2.30 p. m. instead of today.

Haying has begun in the country in this section and a big crop will be secured. The quality will depend on the weather, but the grass grew finely, the growing conditions of moisture and warmth having been well adapted to an excellent crop.

The Penobscot Central Electric railway has been graded as far as Kenduskeag and this week the work of laying rails will begin. A vessel loaded with spikes, etc., for the track laying is expected to come in this [illegible] today. The company intends to have the road completed as far as Corinth by fair time.

F. Mutzow, a well known artist, has been engaged by the E. C. Nichols Cotty [illegible] give free exhibitions of painting at their store this week. The paintings are to be given away with every dollar's worth of goods purchased.

The steamer Silvia will make a sail down river by moonlight Wednesday evening, the Oldtown City band giving continuous concerts during the sail. Tickets will be placed on sale at Mountaine's, Bangor; Perry's, Oldtown; Wyman's, Brewer; Nichols', Orono; and at the boat at the very low price of 25 cents. This excursion is under the management of Messrs. Reed & Mountaine. The best of order is guaranteed. The steamer leaves Dole & Fogg's wharf at 8 o'clock p. m.

The Dean Boiler Co. is a new corporation the papers of which have been filed in the office of the register of deeds. The purposes of the company are to manufacture boilers for heating plants and other machinery. The capital stock is $25,000 with nothing paid. Par value of the shares $100. The officers are Mark Dean of Dexter, president; Norman H. Fay, treasurer; F. D. Dearth, clerk. The above named officers compose the board of directors. The offices and plant of the corporation are in Dexter.

The H. C. Snipes Clothing company has two of the most attractive windows in the city. The east window is draped in flags and bunting with a revolving counter piece handsomely decorated in bunting, displaying patriotic ties, suspenders, etc., with two wax forms in front holding up the drapery. The west window is decorated in like manner with lifesize portraits of Washington and Lincoln at the right marked "past heroes." McKinley and Dewey at the left marked "present heroes" and in the centre a mirror arranged back of a cylinder of bunting marked "future heroes."

RIVERSIDE PARK.

It has been found impossible to get the track horse, Forest Tempest, to Bangor in time for this week's performance, so it will not appear at the park until late in the season. For this week the Novelty Stars, an excellent combination of vaudeville artists, will be substituted. In the company are the three Holston sisters, English [illegible] dancers and vocalists; the two Devines, sketch artists, and Woodard, [illegible] spinner.

The performance will be given afternoon and evening, and tonight, (July 4th) extra attractions added.

At the park on Sunday at 2.30 and 7.30 o'clock there were concerts by the Bangor band, Harvey J. Woods, director. Excellent programs were presented for both events before large numbers of people. Besides the band concert in the evening there was a sacred concert in which the members of the Transoceanic company took part.

DEATH OF GEORGE A. FULLER.

Mr. George A. Fuller, who was associated with the firm of Meyer Bros., of Boston for over thirty years as travelling salesman for Maine and New Hampshire, died suddenly in Lynn on June 30 of hemorrhage of the lungs. Mr. Fuller's large circle of friends throughout the section in which he traveled will be pained to learn of his decease, and they will miss the genial, whole souled fellow, whom they have known for so many years.

He was a member of the Commonwealth Lodge of Odd Fellows of the Howard Council, Royal Arcanum, both of Boston, and an officer of the Lynn Light Infantry, and a member of the Oxford Club of Lynn.

Senator Mills, of Texas, who announced his withdrawal from the canvass for another term, and who was asked to reconsider, has written a letter to his son in which he says that he will remain firm to his original intention and withdraw from the contest.

No quarter will do as much good as the one that buys Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. This is what you get with them: An absolute and permanent cure for Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Attacks, Sick and Bilious Headaches, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Not just temporary relief, and then a worse condition afterward—but help that lasts.

[illegible] INDEPENDENCE

Preparations For a Big Time In Bangor To-day, the Anniversary of Independence.

An Immense Parade, Races, Band Concerts, Fireworks, Etc., on the Programme.

LET THE EAGLE SCREAM.

Today Bangor will celebrate the glorious Fourth in royal style.

Extensive preparations have been made for this occasion and the prospect is for one of the grandest celebrations which the city has ever seen. Thousands of people are coming to the city from other places and the committee has endeavored, with success, to arrange a program which will furnish entertainment of the most interesting character.

One of the special features of the day will be the great parade of military and civic bodies at 9.30 A. M. Over three hundred of the Connecticut troops stationed at Fort Knox, Co. G, Bangor, and Co. C, Dover; Bangor Cavalry Troop and Hampden Cavalry Co., and Bangor Artillery, the will represent the military. Fraternal bodies, firemen and the trades will also participate.

The following is

THE OFFICIAL PROGRAM:

The following is the official program for the celebration:

4.35 A. M.—Ringing bells and firing national salute.

6.30 A. M.—Parade of antiques (parade will form in West Market square).

7.30 A. M.—Band concerts in parks and squares.

9.30 A. M.—Grand military and civic parade.

12—2.30—Ringing bells and firing national salute.

12.30—Dinner to Connecticut volunteers and other visiting military organizations, by Women's Relief Corps in armory of Co. G.

1.00 P. M.—Log race in Kenduskeag stream.

2.00 P. M.—Bat can race on river.

2.00 P. M.—Band concerts in parks and squares.

2.30 P. M.—Horse races on Harlow street.

3.30 P. M.—Bicycle parade (will form at Broadway and Somerset street).

4.00 P. M.—Exhibition of fire department in East Market square.

5.00 P. M.—Bicycle road race. Race will start at junction of Cedar and Hammond streets.

6.30 P. M.—Ringing of bells and firing salute.

7.30 P. M.—Concerts in parks and squares.

8.30 P. M.—Fireworks in City Commons, Forest avenue.

8.30 P. M.—Illumination and display of fireworks at standpipe.

The route of procession will be as follows:

Across Kenduskeag bridge to Exchange, to Hancock, to Oak, to Broadway, to State, to Forest avenue, to Somerset, to Essex, to Garland, to Broadway, down Broadway on east side to State, up west side of Broadway to Somerset, to French, to State, to Hammond, to Court, to Ohio, to High, to Union, to Main, to Central to East Market square.

MAIN'S CIRCUS.

Two Exhibitions in Bangor on Saturday.

Walter L. Main's circus appeared in this city Saturday when two performances were given. That of the afternoon had a light attendance but the evening show was well attended.

A number of acts were very clever and interesting, others were very ordinary and some of the foolishness in front of the reserved seats might have been omitted without harming the show. It would be a good idea for Mr. Main to release several of his alleged clowns and get one good one.

The exhibition of trained animals, including lions, elephants, panthers, a boar hound, etc., while not new was good and showed the superiority of the human mind over savage beasts. Prof. Ferris puts the animals through a course of stunts which made one wonder how they could have been so trained.

The mid-air performance by the Bars was a fine exhibition of skill and daring. Albert Crandall gave about as amusing an exhibition of mule riding as the circus has ever presented and he not only drew the glad laugh but the glad hand as well.

A prominent feature of the show was the acrobatic act of the Eddys, two men and two women, in evening dress. Remarkable skill and suppleness were shown, the smaller one of the women showing especial acrobatic power.

The Zenos in aerial bar revolutions and the bareback riding of Tony Lowande were among the other features which took well with the spectators.

During the performance "gentlemanly" agents passed through the crowd with concert tickets on sale for "a dime, ten cents" and the usual concert was given at the close.

In the menagerie the little baby elephant attracted the attention of the people [illegible].

The voting contest for the four bicycles at Meyer M. Levy's took place on Saturday at 10 P. M. A big crowd congregated to see who were the lucky owners. The award was as follows: Lady's wheel, Miss Annie O'Brien, daughter of Alderman O'Brien, 1,976 votes; man's wheel, George Daley, 1,418 votes; boy's wheel, Andrew Vard, South Brewer, 1,720 votes; girl's wheel, Della LaCroix, South Brewer, 1,175 votes.

Caldwell Sweet, the widely known druggist, has gotten out a vest pocket edition of the official program for today, with an advertisement on the last page, which will be most convenient and will be appreciated by the many customers of the house. They may be had at the store.

THE FESTIVAL ARTISTS.

Announced by Messrs. W. R. Chapman and H. N. Chase.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Messrs. William R. Chapman and Homer N. Chase announce the following named artists as engaged for the Maine Music Festival, to be held in Bangor Oct. 6-7-8, and Portland Oct. 10-11-12, which constitute as a whole one of the best combinations of great artists ever offered at any music festival in this country:

Mme. Johanna Gadski, soprano, Berlin, Germany.

Mme. Charlotte Maconda, soprano, New York city.

Negotiations pending with leading contralto of London, England (Announcement later.)

Miss Katharine M. Ricker, contralto, Boston, Mass.

Mr. H. Evan Williams, tenor, New York city.

Mr. John M. Fulton, tenor, New York city.

Mr. D. Ffrangcon-Davies, baritone, London, England.

Mr. Gwilym Miles, baritone, New York city.

Miss Harriet A. Shaw, solo harpist, Boston, Mass.

Mr. Hans Kronold, solo cellist, New York city.

Dr. Oscar E. Wasgatt, concert master of Maine Symphony Orchestra, Bangor, Me.

Mr. Arthur Hyde, assistant choral conductor, Bath, Me.

The Maine Symphony Orchestra will be increased to seventy members, which will include the best players from New York city and Boston.

The following artists from Bangor will appear: Miss Emily Merrill, Mrs. E. H. Whittredge, Miss Flossie Curtis, Miss Margaret Walsh, Mrs. W. H. Gardner, Miss Lena Berry, Mrs. W. A. Nelson, Mrs E. T. Wasgatt, Mr. A. C. Morton, Mr. Walter Gordon, Mr. Harry Donnelly, Mr. Geo. S. Silsby, H. A. King, M. D., Mr. Geo. T. Moody, Mr. Harry W. Libbey, Mr. Byron Roberts, Mr. F. W. Rollins.

The following will be the artists from Portland: Mrs. Lou Duncan Barney, Mrs. Florence Knight Palmer, Mrs. O. H. Fellows, Miss Lizzie M. Brown, Miss Ida K. Tarbox, Mrs. Jennie King Morrison, Miss Henrietta D. Rice, Mrs. Chas. E. Baker, Mr. W. H. Stockbridge, Mr. H. B. Barnard, Dr. H. M. Nickerson, Mr. A. B. Hill, Mr. Harry P. Merrill, Mr. Frank H. Pierce, Mr. James F. Macy, Mr. Chas E. Baker.

The chorus will number one thousand voices, the whole under the direction of William R. Chapman, of New York city.

In addition to the above announcement many novelties are under negotiation, among which may be mentioned a mammoth military band of one hundred players selected from the best bands of Maine. Other features will be added as soon as negotiations pending are consummated of which due notice will be given.

FROM BAR HARBOR.

The Hot Weather is Driving the City Folks to this Fashionable Resort in Large Numbers—Season Opening Up in Fine Style.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Bar Harbor, July 2. The indications at this time point to a big season for Bar Harbor. For the last two weeks people have been coming as never before in the month of June. The travel to this place over the Maine Central railroad is 1600 larger than last year. The mail clerks say that their mails are larger than last season. The mail into Bar Harbor from the West Saturday was larger than any in one day during the season of 1897, excepting the days when the warships were here.

Five Pullman trains came to Mt. Desert Ferry Saturday morning, bringing about one hundred and fifty people to this resort, going to the hotels and cottages. The travel to the other resorts is also larger and the mails are heavier by far.

The Whitneys are expected here any day by special car over the Maine Central. The hot weather is driving the people to Bar Harbor, and the war is keeping nobody away, as was expected it would.

The social season, too, has opened sooner than ever before. Dinner parties are now in vogue, and Kebo is ready to entertain the great army of society people already here.

Prince Victor Emanuel of Italy and his military aide-de-camp, Count Carpenter, attended the garden party of Mr. and Mrs. Chapman on Mt. Desert street on Thursday afternoon and were entertained by Mrs. Wright of Philadelphia Friday evening. These foreign notables will prolong their stay in Bar Harbor.

Mrs. Condon gave a dinner Friday evening, which was attended by many society people.

Bar Harbor will probably have more people to entertain than for many seasons. The hotels are open and business is booming.

CALAIS NEWS.

St. Croix Club Prepare for a Grand 4th of July Celebration—Rev. B. M. Mitchel Dead.

[Special to Whig and Courier.]

Calais, July 2. For months the St. Croix Club has had a committee at work making preparations for the grandest Fourth of July celebration that we have ever had.

This general committee has appointed various sub-committees and the plan has enlarged, and broadened until it has gone beyond the bounds first planned.

Excursions on trains and boats from every direction are arranged and it is believed that a larger number of people will be in Calais than was ever seen on any similar occasion.

On June 10 occurred the marriage of Howard Eye and Edith Bartlett, both of Calais. All join in wishing them a happy life.

Mrs. Frank Black has been in the city for several days, visiting friends and relatives, and has just gone to Eastport for a short stay before returning to her home in New York.

About four o'clock last Tuesday the roof of the building occupied by Leonian Bros. as a paint shop was seen to be on fire. An alarm was sounded and the fire department reached the spot promptly. Very little damage was done.

Rev. B. M. Mitchell, a Methodist preacher for more than forty years, passed away after a long and painful illness. He was eighty-eight years old and had been retired for some years and lived with his daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Osgood, whose home is near the Brooks church. He was dearly beloved by a large circle of friends who will deeply mourn his loss.

All the saw mills have shut down for the want of logs, as the drive has not yet got in. It is thought that it may be two weeks or more before the drive arrives so the mills can start up.

Star Course.

A number of refined and intelligent ladies are required to assist in the local work connected with the Star Course. Apply to Mrs. L. A. Palmer, Room 61, Bangor House, after four P. M. daily.

UNION STREET KINDERGATEN.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 17th, 1898.

The fall term began Sept. 17th with eighteen children. Others kept coming until the whole number entered during the term was forty-eight, with a daily average of thirty-six. Owing to the limited amount of room, a small room on the first floor was offered, and by using that for class work we got along very comfortably. The epidemic of measles affected so many children, that although the winter term opened Jan. 3d, with twenty-five children yet the average being so small, only twelve, it was found best to close at the end of two weeks. Thus the school year was shortened to twenty-seven weeks instead of being thirty weeks long as was intended. The spring term opened April 11th, and forty-eight entered during the term, although many of the sick ones did not return until late. Sixty-eight children were enrolled during the year, a number coming from a great distance on the electric cars, who by the kindness of the conductors came and went with perfect safety. All of the children who entered during the year came without the solicitation of either the teachers or members of the association, and more could easily have been found had there been room to accommodate them. They are a remarkably bright class of children, quickly understanding every subject presented to them.

Miss Fairbanks, Miss Quimby and Miss Durgin served as assistants during the fall term, and Miss Fairbanks during the winter and spring terms, while the young ladies from the training class took charge of classes under supervision. All of the young ladies performed their duties in a capable manner showing their ability and interest for the work.

The programme for the year was based upon the lessons of Nature and the Mother-Play book, taking into consideration also the change of seasons and what it involves and the special days of the year. Through work and play, story, picture and song, the life of nature and of mankind was reflected. They saw their own family relations in animals, and how everything lives not for itself alone. The pressing and arranging of autumn leaves, the gathering and assorting of seeds, the examination of fruits and the beauties of frost and snow, the planting of seeds and care of plants, all brought the children in loving touch with and interest in nature.

As in nearly all kindergartens throughout the country, enlarged material has been used. And the aim has been more freedom, expression and individuality in both gift and occupation work, with the result that although the amount of work has not been so great, yet I feel it is more truly the children's own than ever before.

There were several occasions when the parents were especially invited by the children to attend their exercises. Thanksgiving, Christmas and the closing day in June were the great days of the year. At Thanksgiving time each child tried in some way to give expression of his thankfulness, besides having a jolly good time and treat in kindergarten. But at Christmas their good will had more opportunities for expression, for they not only made presents and had a tree for their friends at home, but remembered the sick ones, especially those at the Children's Home, so that a large box full of things were sent to be enjoyed by the little ones there who could not be with them. Even the mouse in the wood box had a Christmas tree with things suited to his taste.

After the Christmas tree was dismantled it still held much of interest. During the short winter term each child helped in sawing off the branches, making furniture for it and playing woodsmen, while the smaller branches were cut up to make a pillow for an aching head.

Patriotism reigned high during the spring term, Memorial day was observed and each child grew to honor and love our flag and to understand what it symbolizes.

Thus through the year they by learning to know and understand plants and animals, the work of grown-up, how to work for themselves and for others, came more in unity with nature, with mankind and with God, the fundamental idea of all kindergarten work.

In spite of the numerous changes in the assistant teacher during the fall term, I feel that the past year has been the most successful in many ways, especially during the last term, and I think it is owing a great deal to the hearty co-operation of the parents. Mothers and fathers, too, were frequent visitors, for hardly a day passed without one or more spending some time with us. It is very gratifying and encouraging to the teacher to have the parents express so much interest and appreciation for kindergarten as has been done this year.

Although we teachers as well as all others are rejoiced to think that at last the kindergarten is to become a part of the public school system, it is with regret that I sever my connection, as I suppose it is now necessary, with this association. So many of you ladies have been so ready and willing to do whatever was possible to make it pleasant both for the kindergarten and myself, that I can only give my sincerest thanks and hope that when your responsibility ends your interest for kindergarten will not.

Addie L. Mansur, Director.

Bangor, June 30, 1898.

To the Bangor Kindergarten Association:

There are so many things to tell you about this kindergarten that I shall make no report of the normal class work, except to say that at its close it numbered four, and that I have labored unceasingly throughout the year, to give the young ladies insight into Froebel's system of child culture, working upon the principle that "to know many things slightly is not of much avail; better have one clear, definite thought."

On September 13, 1800, forty-one children were received at the State street kindergarten, and forty-one little faces looked up into mine, bidding me welcome to the wonderfully sweet and sacred work which has been going on in that room ever since.

I feel like thanking you most heartily for the decision made last October to discontinue Saturday kindergarten. I believe that added success in my work has been the result; with nearly all the mothers, excepting those of the newest children, I feel in sympathy and every time I go into their homes I learn something new, which helps me in the understanding of their children, and consequently in a juster treatment of them. I understand better today than one year ago, why some come so late to kindergarten, and even though it is as hard as ever to be patient with it, I know that it does little good to reprove the children and possibly spoil the day for them. I wonder now that some come at all, or come as clean as they do and smile approvingly when a child says, "I asked Mamma to wash me." I have made over two hundred calls since last October, and every one of them has strengthened the sympathy between home and kindergarten.

One afternoon last March I invited all the mothers to our room for two hours; tea was served and a little entertainment in the way of music prepared. It was a strange afternoon, I assure you. Mothers of all classes were there; some spoke such broken English that it was difficult to talk with them; others would have graced any parlor. In spite of our efforts they would sit in a row around the room, and when there was no music, the sound of their own voices half frightened them, but we thought they had a pleasant time because it gave them a change, and something new to think about. It put them in touch with me and their children's work, if no more.

We had sixty-five different children during the spring term, and several were refused admittance; fifty-six were enrolled at the close of the term, one hundred and one since one year ago last spring when I was transferred to the Union street kindergarten. The oldest ones have been directed by the paid assistant in an exceptionally gratifying manner, and I am proud to send nine children into the city schools who can think and follow direction as they can, whose ears and eyes are open to the beauty around them, whose hearts yield ready and willing obedience.

On Tuesday morning, June 7th, we took the children on an open car ride to Orono, to hunt for flowers and listen to the song of the birds. Four dollars and fifty cents of the five dollars—the cost of the special car—were given by friends, the remaining fifty cents coming from the tuition paid in by the children. Grown people could have been no more dignified and self-controlled on the car than were our forty-nine little ones.

There have been two special festival days during the year which helped to develop a beautiful spirit of patriotism, and make of us one truly united family—Thanksgiving and Christmas. Through songs, pictures, games, handwork, in every way I could, I tried to bring the feel to tell the children the story of autumn days as the harvest time of all the year and finally help them sing from their hearts:

"Father in Heaven,
Thank Thee for all
Winter and spring time
Summer and fall.
All Thine own gifts
To Thee we bring,
Help us to thank Thee,
Our Heavenly King."

During Thanksgiving week nearly every child brought some little offering—token of love and gratitude; oranges, apples, potatoes, beets, many different vegetables were contributed till we had two bushel baskets filled with what would make several Thanksgiving dinners at the Children's Home. As Christmas was to be a day of giving and not one of receiving, I made Thanksgiving as attractive as possible for the children. The four tables covered with white cloths were arranged in the center of the room, the children came marching in with bright colored caps on their heads, each to his place at the table, and to us who love these children they seemed to make it complete.

Christmas, the giving time, was happier yet. Through the children's own experience, I tried to prepare them somewhat to comprehend that great truth of God's unselfish love, His great gift to the world. For four weeks we were planning for the Christmas celebration, preparing such gifts for loved ones as little hands can make, preparing shoes for less fortunate children, who but for us would probably have little Christmas "cheer." The children are so near the heart of the Father, that they love to put themselves unselfishly into preparation which will give others pleasure, rather of together talk with them heart and soul. The tall Christmas tree as it came from the forest was beautiful, but even the branches were covered with all the glitter of Christmas time, with the patience and love of the forty little children gathered about it, it was a wonderful, wonderful tree, and I wondered if it was not glad it had grown just here. Close by its side stood the little fir to be given away with bags of candy, strings of popcorn, and the presents for the less fortunate children. The forty-three of the brothers and sisters came to see us deck the trees. Friday, the very day before Christmas, over seventy people besides my children were crowded into our room. I do not wonder that people love to watch little children and listen to them. When those who were not the mothers asked me if they might come, could I say no? Certainly not. Many of them would not have understood my reasons—fear of making our glad Christmas a show, or possibly of awakening self-consciousness in the little child life. More than once that morning I heard an audible sound go around the room as some little one made a bright remark, or was exceptionally attractive in its actions. It sent a pain to my heart, perhaps at that moment self-consciousness had birth in some life, and I know of nothing so harmful to true development, intellectually or spiritually, as self-consciousness, or so hard to root out. May I never have a hand in showing off little people.

I wish you might have lived those days with us, for I am not really telling you about them; to me they were like some of those wonderfully beautiful days that deep sorrowfully come into a life, when heart beats with heart, and soul tells unto soul what life can never reveal. Seeds were sown those days which it may take years to bring to maturity, but they will ripen, every one I am sure some day, and love and generosity and self-denial will be exercised because of those days.

The birthday celebrations have been a new feature in the life of the kindergarten—a little added work, but a power for good because for the time being all minds are directed away from self, toward one little playmate. The unifying effect of such celebrations is not marked with the first or second celebration, but when they have been repeated 11 times during one year, when that many times, little hearts have experienced the joy which arises from unselfish giving of their work to the birthday child, or have even simply shared in his pleasure, I am sure that the thought begins to enter the little mind, that love which embraces more than self or the narrow circle of those living with them, is a love which will swallow up the endless variety of human life in unity, and strike the different notes of a great harmony of brotherly love in the world."

Last spring, one year ago, was the seed time, this year the flowering into actual sunlight, and I wish I might make you all understand the pleasure in the other's happiness, the love and sympathy, the good, willing obedience and the unity of feeling that was almost universally prevalent. Many a needle stick have these young souls received, for I am not yet wise enough to foster and guard a little child, but I know that the love toward others, the giving up of personal happiness and the harmony with surroundings that makes all beautiful, for which I have been working, will leave their impression also, and establish forever a bond of sympathy between the child and all mankind. It is not form and color. It is not number and reading, nor accumulation of facts, valuable as these are, that I aim to teach in kindergarten. The mind, in its infancy can not take these things in except in small amounts. Character building is the goal aim, and happiness first of all I want, for that is a key which to unlock the nature of the child, around it to mould, developing well doing, and build the formed lives, into strong and noble men and women, whose hearts shall know no one self will, whose souls shall know naught but love.

Nellie B. Brown,
Principal of the Bangor Kindergarten Normal School.

In order to get the "local color" for his novel "Hannibal's Daughter," Col. Rider Haggard, the novelist, visited all the principal battlefields of the ancient Carthaginians.

By common consent the richest girl in the world [illegible] figures. [illegible]

Mrs [illegible] women [illegible] gown [illegible]

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Bicycles Must be Closed Out New and Second-hand Wheels at Almost Cost. Don't fail to call if in want. Bicycle Sundries Very Low.

C. L. CHALMERS,

Removed to No. 68 foot of Exchange St.

MESSENGER'S NOTICE

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY, STATE OF MAINE.

Penobscot ss. July 1st, A. D. [illegible]

This is to give notice, That on the two [illegible] day of June, A. D. 1898 a Warrant in [illegible] was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot against the [illegible] this State of LLOYD B. CLARK, of [illegible], in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, WALTER D. SHAW, of Boston, [illegible] went to, individually and copartners [illegible] name and style of L. B. Clark & Co., [illegible] to be Insolvent Debtors, on petition of [illegible] National Bank of Bangor, Haynes & [illegible] Company, J. M. Arnold Shoe Company, [illegible] Bishop Company, Bacon & Robinson [illegible] all copartners duly established [illegible] by law and located at Bangor in said County, T. H. Savage & Company a partnership composed of Thomas H. Savage and [illegible] Savage, and Emerson & Adams, a partnership composed of Charles C. Emerson and [illegible] R. Adams, all of Bangor in said County, People's National Bank, [illegible] Columbia National Bank of Boston, [illegible] National Bank of Boston, Globe National Bank of Boston, Everett National Bank of [illegible] in the commonwealth of Massachusetts, which petition was filed on the [illegible] day of June A. D. 1898, to [illegible] last named date interest on claims is to be computed. That the payment of any debts and delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtor to him or for his use, and the delivery and transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said debtor to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be held at Probate Court room in Bangor, in said County, on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1898, at [illegible] o'clock in the forenoon.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

CHAS. R. BROWN, Sheriff,
As Messenger of said Court.

For Sale.

The most desirable residence property in the city. The Frank P. Wood estate, on Third and Cedar streets, is now for the first time offered in lots of residences.

The Third street front is divided in four lots, No. 1 being 57x80, No. 2 and 3, 55x80 and the lot corner Cedar street 100x78, a driveway of 15 feet being reserved in the rear for the same in common with the present house and back lots.

The house fronting on Cedar street will also be sold. For plans and prices call on the agents.

Ayer & Co.,

89 Main Street.

We have also a large number of other pieces of property to offer you. Also three good houses to rent. Call and see us. AYER & CO.

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of your valuable papers, etc., by renting a Deposit Box at a small cost in the burglar proof and fire proof Safe Deposit Vaults of

EASTERN TRUST & BANKING CO.

Many a man has proved his love for a woman by swearing off smoking. If a resumption of the practice doesn't mean that his love has waned; it shows he is normal again.

The engaged young woman is sure his heart is in the right place.

Many an old maid has made the mistake of having for years a "brother" who was not a blood relation.

Testimony in divorce cases rarely interests men or women until they have been married going on a year.

The most ardent patriot is not always the first to rise when the orchestra starts "The Star Spangled Banner."

While a woman will grow ecstatic over the gray hairs in a man's head only a base deceiver will wax poetic over a shining bald pate.

A successful man is one who happens to like work that brings in big returns.

When a man is bound to marry he usually gets an unsatisfactory binding.

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